

Anton  
**BRUCKNER**

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Messe d-Moll  
WAB 26

Bearbeitung für Soli (SATB), Chor (SATB), 2 Klaviere und Pauken ad lib. von  
Arrangement for soli (SATB), choir (SATB), 2 pianos and timpani ad lib. by  
Sebastian Bartmann



Partitur / Full score



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Carus 27.092/44

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Veröffentlichungen der Landesakademie für die musizierende Jugend in Baden-Württemberg, hrsg. von Klaus K. Weigle  
Reihe 2: Vokalmusik  
Band 32: Anton Bruckner: *Messe d-Moll – Bearbeitung für Soli, Chor, 2 Klaviere und Pauken ad lib.* von Sebastian Bartmann  
– Auftrag der Landesakademie Ochsenhausen anlässlich des 200. Geburtstages von Anton Bruckner im Jahr 2024

Zu diesem Werk liegt folgendes Aufführungsmaterial vor:

Partitur (Carus 27.092/44), Instrumentalstimmen (Carus 27.092/46).

Zu dieser Bearbeitung können Klavierauszug (Carus 27.092/03) und Chorpartitur (Carus 27.092/05) der Originalfassung verwendet werden.

Digitale Ausgaben sind erhältlich: [www.carus-verlag.com/2709244](http://www.carus-verlag.com/2709244)

The following performance material is available for this work:

full score (Carus 27.092/44), instrumental parts (Carus 27.092/46).

Vocal score (Carus 27.092/03) and choral score (Carus 27.092/05) from the original version can be used to perform this arrangement.

Digitale editions for this work are listed at [www.carus-verlag.com/2709244](http://www.carus-verlag.com/2709244)

## Vorwort

Bereits im 19. und frühen 20. Jahrhundert waren Fassungen von großen (chor-)sinfonischen Werken für zwei Klaviere überaus populär, boten sie doch in einer Zeit ohne Tonträger die Möglichkeit, Kompositionen einem großen Interessentenkreis bekannt zu machen. Sogar manche Uraufführung heute weltbekannter Werke fand zunächst in einer solchen Fassung statt – so auch die des Bruckner'schen *Te Deum*. Leider haben sich nur wenige Takte dieser Fassung erhalten.

Als die Landesakademie für die musizierende Jugend in Baden-Württemberg Ochsenhausen anfragte, ob ich Anton Bruckners *Te Deum* sowie die Messe d-Moll für Soli, Chor und zwei Klaviere bearbeiten würde, verspürte ich eine Mischung aus großer Freude und gleichzeitiger Vorsicht. Bei aller Euphorie angesichts der bevorstehenden Aufgabe keimte die Frage in mir auf: Können zwei Klaviere die Bruckner'sche sinfonische Größe vermitteln?

Jetzt, nach vier erfolgreichen Aufführungen mit rund 180 Sängerinnen und Sängern des Interregionalen Chorfestivals C.H.O.I.R. 2023, blicke ich erleichtert auf meine anfänglichen Fragestellungen zurück und entdecke in der neuen Fassung sogar einen weiteren Reiz, da sie manche sinfonisch-dichte Stelle quasi kammermusikalisch offenlegt. So soll diese Fassung auch keinen Ersatz oder eine Verknappung der originalen Orchesterfassung darstellen, sondern vielmehr eine andere Perspektive anbieten und zugleich Aufführungen mit geringerem Aufwand ermöglichen.

Meiner Fassung der Messe d-Moll liegt der Notentext der Carus-Urtextausgabe (Carus 27.092) zugrunde. Da die Vokalstimmen (Soli und Chor) unverändert übernommen wurden, sind die dazugehörigen Klavierauszüge und Chorpartituren voll nutzbar.

In diesem Werk zeigt Bruckner einen nahezu spielerischen Umgang mit Klangfarben. Die Messe ist viel kontrapunktischer angelegt, als es z. B. beim *Te Deum* der Fall ist. Persönlich bin ich kein Freund von Verdopplungen in gleichen Lagen an zwei Klavieren, was für mich immer schnell wie eine undefinierte Ansammlung von Tönen klingt. Ein Verschmelzen, wie das bei Streichern selbstverständlich der Fall ist, ist da eher schwierig. Stattdessen fokussiert sich diese Bearbeitung eher darauf, möglichst alle Orchesterstimmen in sinnvoller Art auf zwei Klavieren darzustellen und die Stimmen der verschiedenen Register und Instrumentengruppen klangspezifisch auf die beiden Instrumente zu verteilen. So entsteht ein klares, vielleicht sogar komplementäres Klangbild. Große Vorbilder des Arrangements für zwei Klaviere in dieser Art sind für mich Johannes Brahms oder Maurice Ravel, in deren Bearbeitungen gleichermaßen Klangfülle und Durchsichtigkeit zu erkennen sind. Ein willkommener Nebeneffekt ist, dass dadurch jedes Klavier auch einen eigenen Charakter bzw. eine eigene Rolle bekommt.

Die Anforderungen an die Pianist:innen vor allem im Gloria und Credo sind sehr hoch. Neben den technischen Herausforderungen, Klang und Strahlkraft, ist ein präzises aufeinander abgestimmtes Zusammenspiel notwendig und zugleich Erfahrung in der Chorbegleitung von Vorteil. Hinzu kommen dialogisierende Wechselspiele, beispielsweise im Benedictus, was die solistischen Qualitäten eines Klavierduos in den Vordergrund stellt.

Das Pedal ist nach eigenem Ermessen und abhängig von Raum und Instrument einzusetzen. Das Klangideal ist immer ein breiter Klang: Streicher- und auch Orgelklang auf der einen Seite und auf der anderen Seite zugleich Klarheit in der Harmonik und rhythmische Prägnanz. Lange Akkorde dürfen ggf. nachschlagen werden.

Die Paukenstimme ist sehr nah am Original gehalten, mit ein paar Ergänzungen. Zwar ist ihre Verwendung im Arrangement grundsätzlich optional, doch je nach Chor- und Raumgröße sehr zu empfehlen, da die Pauken dem Gesamtklang noch mehr sinfonische Fläche, Tiefe und Wärme verleihen. Auf eine gute Klangmischung mit den beiden Klavieren sollte stets geachtet werden. Die Dynamik in der Stimme zeigt einerseits ihre Intensität, aber im Vordergrund steht immer die Balance innerhalb des Trios.

Stuttgart, im November 2023

Sebastian Bartmann

## Foreword

Already in the nineteenth and early twentieth centuries, versions of large (choral) symphonic works for two pianos were extremely popular, as they offered the opportunity to make compositions known to a large circle of interested people before the era of recordings. Many works that are world-famous today were even premiered in such a version – including Anton Bruckner's *Te Deum*. Unfortunately, only a few bars of this version have survived.

When the Landesakademie für die musizierende Jugend in Baden-Württemberg Ochsenhausen asked whether I would arrange Bruckner's *Te Deum* along with the *Mass in D minor* for solos, choir, and two pianos, I felt a mixture of great joy and cautiousness at the same time. For all my euphoria about the task at hand, the question arose in me: can two pianos convey Bruckner's symphonic grandeur?

Now, after four successful performances with around 180 singers of the international choir festival C.H.O.I.R. 2023, I can look back on my initial doubts with relief, and even discover another attractive aspect of the new version, as it reveals and clarifies a number of symphonically dense passages in a manner resembling chamber music. This version is not intended to be a replacement or a paring-down of the original orchestral version, but rather to offer a different perspective, and at the same time to make possible performances with less effort and expenditure.

My version of the *Mass in D minor* is based on the score of the Carus Urtext edition (Carus 27.092). Since the vocal parts (solos and choir) remain unchanged, the accompanying vocal scores and choral scores are fully usable.

In this work, Bruckner displays an almost playful use of timbres. The Mass is much more contrapuntal than is the case, for example, with the *Te Deum*. Personally, I am not a fan of doubling in the same registers on two pianos, which always sounds to me like an indefinite accumulation of notes. A coalescence, as is naturally the case with strings, is rather difficult to achieve here. Instead, this arrangement focuses on representing all the orchestral voices in a meaningful way on two pianos, and distributing the parts belonging to the different registers and instrument groups between the two instruments, taking into account the sound of each. This creates a clear, perhaps even complementary sound. For me, great exemplars of two-piano arrangements of this kind are Johannes Brahms and Maurice Ravel, whose endeavors in this area are characterized by both their rich sonority and their transparency. A welcome side effect is that each piano is also given its own character or role.

The demands made on the pianists, especially in the Gloria and Credo, are very high. In addition to the technical challenges, sound, and projection, precisely coordinated ensemble playing is necessary, and at the same time experience in choral accompanying is helpful. In addition, there are interludes featuring dialogues, for example in the Benedictus, which bring into play the soloistic qualities of a piano duo.

The pedal is to be used at the performer's own discretion and according to the space and instrument. The sound ideal is always a full, expansive sound: a string and organ sound on the one hand, and at the same time clarity in the harmony and rhythmic incisiveness. Long chords may be played again if necessary.

The timpani part is very close to the original, with a few additions. Although its use in the arrangement is in principle optional, it is highly recommended, depending on the choir and room size, as the timpani give the overall sound even more symphonic breadth, depth, and warmth. A good blend of sound with the two pianos should always be ensured. While the dynamics of each part indicate its intensity, the balance within the trio is always paramount.

Stuttgart, November 2023  
Translation: Aaron Epstein

Sebastian Bartmann

# Messe d-Moll

WAB 26

Anton Bruckner (1824–1896)

Bearbeitung für Soli, Chor, 2 Klaviere und Pauken ad lib. von  
Arrangement for soli, choir, 2 pianos and timpani ad lib. by  
Sebastian Bartmann (\*1979)

## Kyrie

Alla breve (mehr langsam) \*

Soprano

Alto

Tenore

Basso

Timpani  
in Re-La-Sol/  
d-A-G

Pianoforte I

Pianoforte II

9

The musical score consists of eight staves. The top four staves are vocal parts: Soprano, Alto, Tenore, and Basso. The fifth staff is for Timpani, with instructions to play in the notes of Re-La-Sol/d-A-G. The sixth and seventh staves are for Pianoforte I and Pianoforte II respectively. A basso continuo line is shown at the bottom. Large, stylized letters are overlaid on the music: a 'C' on the first page, an 'X' on the second page, and an 'S' on the third page. Measure 9 is indicated at the beginning of the basso continuo staff.

\* more / rather slowly

Aufführungsdauer / Duration: ca. 45 min.

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18

**A**

*p*

Ky - ri - e ele - i - son,  
 Ky - ri - e ele - i - son,  
 Ky - ri - e ele - i - son,  
 Ky - ri - e ele - i - son,

*pp* *p* *cresc.*

*pp* *p* *cresc.*

*cresc.*

25

*f* *p cresc.*

Ky - ri - e, Ky - ri - e, Ky - ri -  
 Ky - ri - e, Ky - ri - e, Ky - ri -  
 Ky - ri - e, Ky - ri - e, Ky - ri -  
 Ky - ri - e, Ky - ri - e, Ky - ri -

*f* *p cresc.*

*f* *p cresc.*

*f* *p cresc.*

*f* *p cresc.*

*ff* *p* *ff* *p*

*f* *p* *f* *p*

*f* *p* *f* *p*



39

e - le - i - son.

f

f

f

43

**B**

Solo **p**

Coro **p**

Chri - ste, Chri - ste, Chri - ste e - lei - son, e - lei - son,

Chri - ste, Chri - ste, Chri - ste e - lei - son, Chri -

Chri - ste,

**p**

**pp**

**p**

**p**

**p**

**pp**

**p**

**p**

51

Coro

e - lei - son, Chri - ste, e -  
 Chri - ste, Chri - ste e - lei - son, Chri - ste, e -  
 ste e - lei - son, Chri - ste e - lei - son, Chri - ste, e -  
 ste, Chri - ste, Chri - - - - ste,  
 Chri - ste, Chri - - - - ste,

*dim.* *pp*

*dim.* *pp*

*dim.* *pp*

*dim.* *pp*

*p* *pp*

*decresc.*

*cresc.* *mf* *bd* *mf*

*f*

*p* *mp*

*cresc.* *mf*

*p* *cresc.* *mf*

57

lei - son, Chri - ste, ste, Chri - ste, Chri - ste e -  
 lei - son, Chri - ste, Chri - ste, Chri - ste, Chri - ste e -  
 Chri - s - son.

*cresc.*

*mf* *bd* *mf*

*f*

*p* *mp*

*cresc.* *mf*

*p* *cresc.* *mf*

63

C

lei - son.

lei - son.

pp

*p sempre dim.*

69

Ky - ri - e e - lei - son,

Ky - ri - e e - lei - son,

Ky - ri - e e - lei - son,

Ky - ri - e e - lei - son,

*p poco a poco cresc.*

*mf*

*p*

75

cresc. *Ky - ri - e e - le - i - son.*

cresc. *Ky - ri - e e - le - i - son.*

cresc. *Ky - ri - e e - le - i - son.*

cresc. *Ky - ri - e e - le - i - son.*

*f*

*f*

*f*

*f*

*p* decresc. *pp*

*cresc.* *f*

*cresc.*

82 **D**

*p*

*mf*

*Ky - ri - e e - lei - son, e - lei - son, e -*

*Ky - e - lei - son, e - le - i - son, e - lei - son,*

*cresc.*

*mf*

*Ky - ri - e e - le - i -*

*Ky - ri - e e - lei - son,*

*Ky - ri -*

*p >*

*cresc. poco a poco*

*f*

*p*

*sempre cresc.*

89

le - i - son, e - lei - son, e - lei - son, Ky - ri - e -  
*f*

Ky - ri - e - lei - son, e - le - i - son, e - le - i - son, e -  
*f*  
son, Ky - ri - e - lei - son, e - le - i - son, e - le - i - son,  
e - lei - son, e - le - i - son, e - le - i - son, e - le - i - son,

Timpani

*mf*

*f*

*f*

95 dim.

lei - son, e - lei - son, e - lei - son, e - lei - son, dim.  
*p*

lei - son, e -  
*p* *pp*

lei - son, e -  
*p* *pp*

lei - son, e -  
*p* *pp*

*poco a poco dim.*

*poco a poco dim.*

**E**

100 *ff* > > > *ff* > > >

Ky - ri - - e, \_\_\_\_ Ky - ri - - e, \_\_\_\_  
*ff* > > > *ff* > > >  
Ky - ri - - e, \_\_\_\_ Ky - ri - - e, \_\_\_\_  
*ff* > > > *ff* > > >  
Ky - ri - - e, \_\_\_\_ Ky - ri - - e, \_\_\_\_  
*ff* > > > *ff* > > >  
Ky - ri - - e, \_\_\_\_ Ky - ri - - e, \_\_\_\_  
*f* > > > *p*

*ff* 3 3 *p* *ff* 3 3 *p*

*ff* > > > *p* *ff* > > > *p*

*ff* > > > *p* *ff* > > > *p*

**F**

104      *poco a poco cresc.*

Ky - ri      e - i - son.  
*poco a poco cresc.*

Ky - e  
*poco cresc.*

Ky - ri - e  
*poco cresc.*

Ky - e - le - i - son.  
*poco cresc.*

Ky - e - le - i - son.  
*poco cresc.*

Ky - e - le - i - son.

*f*

*p*

*poco a poco cresc.*

*f*      *dim.*

*pp*

*poco a poco cresc.*

*f*      *dim.*

*pp*

*poco a poco cresc.*



118 *p*

Ky - ri - e e - le - i - son, e - le - - - i -

Ky - ri - e e - le - i - son, e - le - - - i -

Ky - ri - e e - le - i - son, e - le - - - i -

Ky - ri - e e - le - i - son, e - le - - - i -

**S**

wenn ohne Pauke / or if without timpani

124 *dim.*

son. *dim.*

son. *dim.*

son. *dim.*

son. *dim.*

(muta Sol/G in Fa/F)

*poco a poco dim.* *pp*

*poco a poco dim.* *pp*

*poco a poco dim.* *pp*

# Gloria

[Intonation: Gloria in excelsis Deo]

**Allegro**

Soprano      Et in ter-**ra** pax ho - mi - ni - bus bo-nae vo - lun - ta - tis. Lau - ff

Alto      Et in ter-**ra** pax ho - mi - ni - bus bo-nae vo - lun - ta - tis. Lau - ff

Tenore      Et in ter-**ra** pax ho - mi - ni - bus bo-nae vo - lun - ta - tis. Lau - ff

Basso      Et in ter-**ra** pax ho - mi - ni - bus bo-nae vo - lun - ta - tis. Lau - ff

Timpani  
in Re-La/d-A

Pianoforte I

Pianoforte II

9

da - te. Be - di - ci-mus te. Ad - o - ra - mus te. Glo - ff

da - mus te. Be - ne - di - ci-mus te. Ad - o - ra - mus te. Glo - ff

da - - mus te. Be - ne - di - - ci-mus te. Ad - o - ra - - mus te.

ff

ff

dim. p ff





41

Pa - ter om - ni-po-tens.

**B**

46

Gra - ti - as a - gi-mus ti - bi. Solo

Gra - ti - as a - gi-mus ti - bi.

Gra - ti - as ti - bi.

Gra - ti - as ti - bi.

**p dolce**

**cresc.**

53

- mi-ne Fi-li u-ni - ge - ni-te Je - su, Je - su Chri - ste.

Solo  
Gra - ti-as, gra - ti-as.

*p* *pp*

*dim.* *pp*

*ritard.*

*poco a poco dim.*

Solo  
Do - mi-ne De - us, A - gnu-s De - i,

*p* *dim.* *p*

*p* *dim.*

The musical score consists of two systems of staves. The top system starts at measure 53, featuring a soprano vocal line with a solo part, and a piano or organ accompaniment. The lyrics include 'mi-ne', 'Fi-li', 'u-ni - ge - ni-te', 'Je - su', 'Je - su', and 'Chri - ste.' followed by a solo section with 'Gra - ti-as, gra - ti-as.' The piano part includes dynamic markings like *p* and *pp*, and performance instructions like *dim.* and *ritard.*. The bottom system begins at measure 61, continuing the soprano line with 'Do - mi-ne', 'De - us', 'A - gnu-s', and 'De - i'. It also features a piano accompaniment with dynamic markings like *p* and *dim.*. Large, stylized letters are overlaid on the music: 'JESUS' is positioned above the piano part in measures 53-60, and 'AGNUS DEI' is positioned below the soprano line in measures 61-70. The letters are designed with flowing, organic shapes that follow the contours of the musical notes and rests.

67 C **Meno mosso**  
Coro *pp*

A - gnu s De - i, Fi - li - us  
A - gnu s De - i, Fi - li - us  
A - gnu s De - i, Fi - li - us  
A - gnu s De - i, Fi - li - us

*pp*

8 A - gnu s De - i, Fi - li - us

*pp*

73 Pa - tris. Qui tol - lis pec - ca - ta mun - di,  
Pa - tol - lis pec - ca - ta mun - di,  
Pa - tol - lis pec - ca - ta mun - di,  
Pa - tris.

*p*

*p*

*p*

79

Qui  
Qui

*p*

*p*

*p*

*pp*

*cresc.*

*p*

84

*p*

*dim.*

*pp*

Basso solo *p*

*dim.*

*pp*

*p*



102      *dim.*  
 mi - se - re - re no - - - - bis.  
*dim.*  
 mi - se - re - re no - - - - bis.  
*dim.*  
 mi - se - re - re no - - - - bis.  
*dim.*  
 re - re, mi - se - re - re no - - - - bis.

*pp* *poco a poco cresc.*

108  
*sim.*

*p* *poco a poco cresc.*

*p* *poco a poco cresc.*

113  
*morendo*

*morendo*

117 E Tempo I

Coro *p*

tu so - lus san - ctus.

Coro *p*

tu so - lus san - ctus.

Coro *p*

tu so - lus san - ctus.

Solo

Tu so - lus

Solo *p*

Quo - ni-am tu so - lus san - ctus.

Tu so - lus

*pp*

*p*

*p*

sim.

Coro *p*

124

*Solo*

Tu

Je - su Chri - ste.

Coro *p*

Do - mi-nus

Al - tis - si-mus,

Je - su Chri - ste,

*Solo*

Do - mi-nus. Tu so - lus Al - tis - si-mus,

Je - su Chri - ste.

Coro *p*

131

F  
Coro ***pp***

Chri - - - ste. Tu so - lus Al - tis - si-mus, Je - su Chri -  
*cresc.* Solo *cresc.* Tu so - lus Al - tis - si-mus, Je - su Chri -  
*cresc.* Tu so - lus Al - tis - si-mus, Je - su Chri -  
*cresc.* Tu so - lus Al - tis - si-mus, Je - su Chri -  
*cresc.* Tu so - lus Al - tis - si-mus, Je - su Chri -

***p***



137

ste,

ste,

ste,

ste,

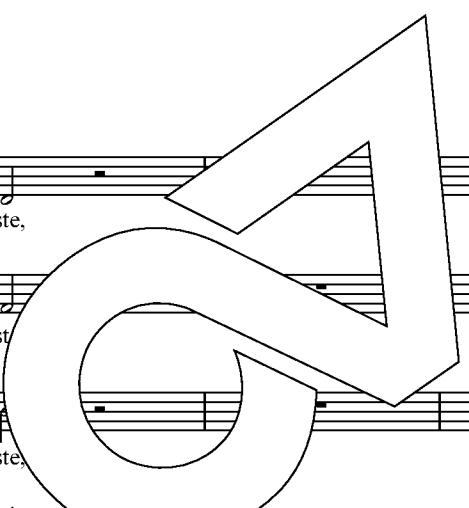
***pp cresc.***

***sempre cresc.***

***pp cresc.***

***p***

***sempre cresc.***



143

ff *b>* Je - su Chri -  
ff *b>* Je - su Chri - ste,  
ff *b>* Je - su Chri -  
ff *b>* Je - su Chri - ste,  
*b>*  
*ff* *b>* *ff* *b>*  
*ff*

149

- ste, su  
ste. Cum San - cto Spi - ri - tu, in glo - ri - a  
- ste. Cum San - cto Spi - ri - tu, in glo - ri - a  
- ste. Cum San - cto Spi - ri - tu, in glo - ri - a  
- ste. Cum San - cto Spi - ri - tu, in glo - ri - a  
Timp

*ff*

155

De - i Pa - tris, in glo - ri - a De - i, De - i  
 De - i Pa - tris, in glo - ri - a De - i, De - i  
 De - i Pa - tris, in glo - ri - a De - i, De - i  
 De - i Pa - tris, in glo - ri - a De - i, De - i

160

G Etwas la - samer \* A - men,  
 Pa - A - men, a - men, a -  
 Pa - men.

*p* *mf*

*p* *decresc.* *p*

\* somewhat slower



174

*mf*

a - men, a - men, a - men,  
men, a - men, a - men, a - men,  
a - men, a - men, a - men, a - men,  
a - men, a - men, a - men,

*f*

*mf*

*f*



178

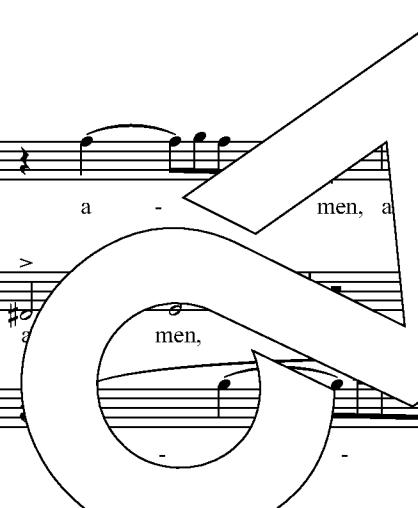
*ff*

a - men, a - men, a - men, a - men,  
men, a - men, a - men, a - men, a - men,  
a - men, a - men, a - men, a - men,  
men, a - men, a - men, a - men,

*f*

*ff*

*ff*



187

men,  
a - men,  
men,

*f*

*ff*

*rit.*

*dim.*

*dim.*



199

men,  
men,  
men,  
men,

203

a men, a men.  
a men, a men.  
a men, a men.  
a men.

# Credo

[Intonation: Credo in unum Deum]

## Moderato

Soprano

Alto

Tenore

Basso

Timpani  
in Re-La-Fa/  
d-A-F

Pianoforte I

Pianoforte II

5

vi - bi - li - om - ni - um, om - ni - um, om - ni - um, et in - vi - si -  
si - bi - li - um om - ni - um, om - ni - um, om - ni - um, et in - vi - si -  
vi - si - bi - li - um om - ni - um, om - ni - um, om - ni - um, et in - vi - si -

*p* *cresc.* *ff* *mf*

*p* *cresc.* *ff* *dim.* *mf*

*legato* *p* *cresc.* *ff* *dim.* *mf*

*p* *cresc.* *ff* *dim.* *mf*

11

A

*f*

bi - li - um.      Et in u - num      Do - mi - num      Je - sum  
 bi - li - um.      Et in u - num      Do - mi - num      Je - sum  
 bi - li - um.      Et in u - num      Do - mi - num      Je - sum  
 bi - li - um.      Et in u - num      Do - mi - num      Je - sum

*p*      *cresc.*      *f*

16

Chri - stum,      Fi - um      De - i      u - ni - ge - ni - tum.  
 Chri -      um      De - i      u - ni - ge - ni - tum.  
 Chri -      Fi - li - um      De - i      u - ni - ge - ni - tum.  
 Chri - stum,      Fi - li - um      De - i      u - ni - ge - ni - tum.

*sempre cresc.*      *f*

*mf*

*cresc.*      *f*

*mf*

*cresc.*      *f*

*mf*

*cresc.*      *f*

21

B

*p*

Et ex Pa-tre na - tum an-te om - ni - a sae - cu - la.  
*p*  
 Et ex Pa-tre na - tum an-te om - ni - a sae - cu - la.  
*p*  
 Et ex Pa-tre na - tum an-te om - ni - a sae - cu - la.  
*p*  
 Et ex Pa-tre na - tum an-te om - ni - a sae - cu - la.

*dim.*

*sempre dim.*

*p*

27

De - um de De - o, lu - men de lu - mi -  
*ff*  
 n de De - o, lu - men de lu - mi -  
*ff*  
 De - um de De - o, lu - men de lu - mi -  
*ff*

*sempre ff*

*sempre ff*

*sempre ff*

35

ne, De - um ve rum de De - - - o  
 ne, De - um ve rum de De - - - o  
 ne, De - um ve rum de De - - - o  
 ne, De - um ve rum de De - - - o  
 ne, De - um ve rum de De - - - o

**S**

40

ve - Ge - ni - tum, non fa - ctum,  
 ve Ge - ni - tum, non fa - ctum,  
 ve Ge - ni - tum, non fa - ctum,  
 ve Ge - ni - tum, non fa - ctum,

**C**

**p >**

**p >**

**p >**

**p >**

**p (fr)** **(fr)** **(fr)** **(fr)** **(fr)** **(fr)**

**p**

46

con-sub-stan-ti - a - lem Pa - tri: per quem  
 con-sub-stan-ti - a - lem Pa - tri: per quem  
 con-sub-stan-ti - a - lem Pa - tri: per quem  
 con-sub-stan-ti - a - lem Pa - tri: per quem

*mf cresc.*

*(tr)* *p* *(tr)* *(tr)* *(tr)* *(tr)* *cresc.* *(tr)*

*cresc.*

51

om - ni - a, ni - a fa - cta sunt. Qui  
 om - ni - a, ni - a fa - cta sunt. Qui  
 om - ni - a, ni - a fa - cta sunt. Qui  
 om - ni - a, om - ni - a fa - cta sunt. Qui

*f* *f* *ni - a,* *f* *ni - a,* *f* *ni - a,* *f*

*D*

*f* *f* *p* *p* *p*

*f* *p* *p*

57

*cresc.*

pro - pter nos ho - mi-nes, et pro - pter no - stram sa - lu - tem de -  
*cresc.*

pro - pter nos ho - mi-nes, et pro - pter no - stram sa - lu - tem de -  
*cresc.*

pro - pter nos ho - mi-nes, et pro - pter no - stram sa - lu - tem de -  
*cresc.*

pro - pter nos ho - mi-nes, et pro - pter no - stram sa - lu - tem de -

*tr*

*cresc.*

*tr*

*tr*

*tr*

*tr*

*tr*

*tr*

*tr*

*tr*

*tr*

*cresc.*



62

*f*

scen - di - lis.

*f*

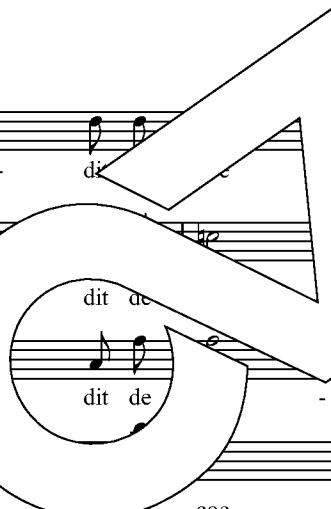
scen - dit ae - lis.

*f*

scen - dit de - lis.

*f*

scen - ae coe - lis.



*dim.*

*p dim.*

*f*

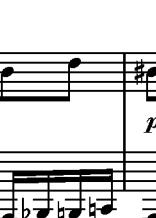
*dim.*

*p dim.*

*f*

*dim.*

*p dim.*



67 **ritard.****E****Adagio****Solo *mf***

Et in-car-na-tus est de Spi - ri-tu San -

**Solo *mf***

Et in-car - na - tus est de Spi - ri-tu San -

**Solo *mf***

Et in-car-na-tus est,

in-car - na-tus est de Spi - ri-tu San -

Et in-car-na-tus est,

in-car - na-tus est de Spi - ri-tu San -

***pp******pp dim.******p******pp dim.******mf*****Coro *p***

ex Ma - ri - a, Ma - ri - a Vir - gi - ne,

et in-car - na - tus est,

**Coro *p***

Ma - ri - a Vir - gi - ne,

et in-car - na - tus est,

**Coro *p***

ct

***p***

ct

***p***

ct

***p***

ex Ma - ri - a, Ma - ri - a Vir - gi - ne,

**Solo *p***

et in-car - na - tus est,

**Coro *p******p******pp******p******mf******dolce***



85

H

ho - mo      fa - ctus est.  
*cresc.*

ho - mo      fa - ctus est.  
*cresc.*

ho - mo      fa - ctus est.  
*cresc.*

ho - mo      fa - ctus est.

*p*

*pp sempre cresc.*

*pp sempre cresc.*

=

90

*ff*

Cru - - ci - fi - xus

*ff*

Cru - - ci - fi - xus

*ff*

Cru - - ci - fi - xus

*ff*

Cru - - ci - fi - xus

*ff*

93

e - ti - am pro no - - - bis: sub

e - ti - am pro no - - - bis: sub

e - ti - am pro no - - - bis: sub

e - ti - am pro no - - - bis: sub

e - ti - am pro no - - - bis: sub

95

Pon - - - ti - o Pi - la - - - to

Pon - - - ti - o Pi - la - - - to

Pon - - - ti - o Pi - la - - - to

Pon - - - ti - o Pi - la - - - to

Pon - - - ti - o Pi - la - - - to

97 I

*p* dim. Solo *p* dim. > *pp*  
 pas - sus, pas - sus, et se - pul - tus est.  
*p* dim. Solo *p* dim. > *pp*  
 pas - sus, pas - sus, et se - pul - tus est.  
*p* dim. Solo *p* dim. > *pp*  
 pas - sus, pas - sus, et se - pul - tus est.  
*p* dim. Solo *p* dim. > *pp*  
 pas - sus, pas - sus, et se - pul - tus est.

*pp*

108 Timp

K Allegro

*pp*

118

*p* cresc. *p*

126

poco a poco cresc.

poco a poco cresc.

sempre cresc.

poco a poco cresc.

sempre cresc.

133

C S

138

Coro *f*  
Et re - sur - re - xit,  
Coro *f*  
Et re - sur - re - xit,

*f* cresc.

*f*

*f* cresc.

*f* cresc.



153

coe - lum,  
et a - scen - dit in coe - lum:  
coe - lum,  
et a - scen - dit in coe - lum:  
coe - lum,  
et a - scen - dit in coe - lum:  
coe - lum,  
et a - scen - dit in coe - lum:

*f*

*f dim.*

*dim.*

*f*

*f*

158

*cresc.*

*ff >*

*det, se - det ad dex - te - ram*

*ff >*

*det, se - det ad dex - te - ram*

*ff >*

*det, se - det ad dex - te - ram*

*ff >*

*det ad dex - te - ram*

*f > cresc.*

*se - det, se - det ad dex - te - ram*

*f cresc.*

*ff*

*ff cresc.*

*ff*

162

Pa tris.

Pa tris.

Pa tris.

Pa tris.

166

te - rum ven - tu - rus est

te - rum ven - tu - rus est

i - te - rum ven - tu - rus est

Et i - te - rum ven - tu - rus est

Et i - te - rum ven - tu - rus est

Et i - te - rum ven - tu - rus est

Et i - te - rum ven - tu - rus est

170

N

cum glo - ri - a,  
**ff** cum glo - ri - a,  
**ff** cum glo - ri - a,  
**ff** cum glo - ri - a,

Timp

**ff** dim.

**S**

**ff** **fp**

175

poco cresc.  
*mf* poco a poco cresc.  
*f* poco a poco cresc.

*j* *m* ju di ca re,  
di ca re,  
ju di ca re,  
ju di -

*p* poco a poco cresc.

(*tr*) *tr* *tr* *tr*  
*p* poco a poco cresc. (*tr*) *b* *tr*  
*tr* *tr* poco a poco cresc.

179

ju - di - ca - re,  
ju - di - ca - re,  
ju - di - ca - re,  
ca - re,

ju - di - ca - re,  
ju - di - ca - re,  
ju - di - ca - re,  
ju - di -

183

re  
vi - vos et  
vi - vos et  
vi - vos et  
ca - re vi - vos et mor -



195

Musical score page 195. The vocal parts sing "e rit fi" in three staves. The woodwind part consists of six staves, each with sixteenth-note patterns and dynamic markings like (tr). Large, stylized letters 'C' and 'S' are superimposed on the music, with 'C' appearing below the bass staff and 'S' appearing above the treble staff.

199

Musical score page 199. The vocal parts sing "nis cu" in three staves. The woodwind part consists of six staves, each with sixteenth-note patterns and dynamic markings like (tr) and ff. Large, stylized letters 'C' and 'nis' are superimposed on the music, with 'C' appearing below the bass staff and 'nis' appearing below the treble staff.

204

- - jus re - gni non e - rit fi - nis.  
 - - jus re - gni non e - rit fi - nis.  
 - - jus re - gni non e - rit fi - nis.  
 - - jus re - gni non e - rit fi - nis.

**ff**

(tr) (tr) (tr) (tr) (tr) (tr) decresc.

de sc.

208

dim. m.

p sem. n.

p sempre dim.

212 ritard.

|| 3

|| 3

|| 3

|| 3

**P** Tempo I (Moderato)

215

Et in Spi - ri-tum San - ctum, Do - mi-num, et vi-vi - fi - can - tem; qui ex

Et in Spi - ri-tum San - ctum, Do - mi-num, et vi-vi - fi - can - tem:

Et in Spi - ri-tum San - ctum, Do - mi-num, et vi-vi - fi - can - tem:

Et in Spi - ri-tum San - ctum, Do - mi-num, et vi-vi - fi - can - tem:

A musical staff with four measures. The first three measures each contain a single eighth note with a fermata above it, positioned on the second line of the staff. The fourth measure contains a single eighth note on the first line, followed by a vertical bar line.

• • •  > 

*f* . . . . . |  . . . . . |  . . . . . | 

W

*f*

220

A musical score page showing measures 11 and 12 of a piece titled "Finale". The score consists of two systems of music. The top system uses soprano and alto voices, while the bottom system uses bass and tenor voices. The vocal parts are accompanied by various instruments, including woodwinds, brass, and strings. The notation includes traditional musical symbols like notes, rests, and dynamics.

Pa - - - - - Fi - - - - li - - - o - - que pro - ce - - dit.

qui ex Pa - tre Fi li o que pro ce - dit.

Q Solo n

A musical staff consisting of five horizontal lines. A vertical stem extends upwards from the third line, ending in a black oval-shaped note head.

• [View Details](#) | [Edit](#) | [Delete](#)

**ANSWER** The first two digits of the answer are 10.

A musical score for a string quartet. The score consists of four staves, each representing a different instrument: Violin I, Violin II, Viola, and Cello. The music is written in common time, with a key signature of one sharp (F#). The notes are primarily eighth and sixteenth notes, with some quarter notes. The score shows the beginning of the piece, with measures 1 through 10. Measure 1 starts with a half note in the bass clef, followed by a whole note in the treble clef. Measures 2-4 show eighth-note patterns in the bass clef. Measures 5-7 show eighth-note patterns in the treble clef. Measures 8-10 show eighth-note patterns in the bass clef.

A musical score page showing measures 11 through 15 of a piece for two voices (soprano and alto) and piano. The vocal parts are in soprano and alto clefs, and the piano part is in bass clef. The music consists of eighth-note patterns.

226

Pa - - - tre et Fi - li - o      Coro **p** si-mul ad-o - ra - tur,      et con -

Solo **p** Qui cum Pa - tre et Fi - li-o si-mul ad-o - ra - tur, et con - glo -

Solo **p** Qui cum Pa - tre, cum Pa - tre et Fi - li-o si-mul ad-o - ra - tur, et con - glo -

Solo **p** Qui cum Pa - tre et Fi - li-o si-mul ad-o - ra - tur, et con -

235

glo - ri - fi qui lo - cu - tus est,      poco a poco cresc.

- ca - tur:      qui lo - cu - tus est,      qui lo - cu -

ri - qui lo - cu - tus est,      qui lo - cu - tus est,      qui lo - cu -

Solo **p** glo - ri - fi - ca - tur:      qui lo - cu - tus est,      qui lo - cu -

**p** sempre cresc.

**p** sempre cresc.

243

- tus est per Pro - phe - tas.

- tus est per Pro - phe - tas.

- tus est per Pro - phe - tas.

- tus est per Pro - phe - tas.

252

**R**

Coro *f*

na - ctam ca - tho - li - cam et a - po -

Et u

Coro *f*

nam san - ctam ca - tho - li - cam et a - po -

Et u - nam san - ctam ca - tho - li - cam et a - po -

sto - li - cam Ec - cle - si - am. Con - fi - te - or u - num ba -

sto - li - cam Ec - cle - si - am. Con - fi - te - or u - num ba -

sto - li - cam Ec - cle - si - am. Con - fi - te - or u - num ba -

sto - li - cam Ec - cle - si - am. Con - fi - te - or u - num ba -

*f*

*b>f.* *b>f.* *b>f.* *b>f.*

ptis - ma in re - mis-si - o - nem

ptis in re - mis-si - o - nem

ptis in re - mis-si - o - nem

ptis - ma in re - mis-si - o - nem

*cresc.*

*cresc.*

*cresc.*

*cresc.*

*b>f.* *b>f.* *b>f.* *b>f.* *b>f.*

*sf dim.* *cresc.*

*dim.* *cresc.*

268

pec - ca - to rum. Et ex - spe - cto  
 pec - ca - to rum. Et ex - spe - cto  
 pec - ca - to rum. Et ex - spe - cto  
 pec - ca - to rum. Et ex - spe - cto

Timp

dim.

dim.

274

re - sur-re-cti - o - ner pp Et  
 re - sur-re-cti - o - ner mor - o - rum. Et vi - tam ven - tu - ri  
 re - sur-re-cti - o - nem mol o - rum. Et vi - tam ven - tu - ri  
 re - sur-re-cti - o - nem mor - tu - o - rum. Et vi - tam ven -

poco a poco cresc.

p p poco a poco cresc.  
 p poco a poco cresc.  
 pp p poco a poco cresc.



293

men, a men, a dim.

men, a - - - a dim.

a men, a dim.

**S**

298

men, a men, a dim. ff

men, a men, Et

pp dim. ff

men, a men, a pp dim. ff

men, a men, a pp dim. ff

men, a - - - a ff bp.

ff

pp dim. ff

ff

ff

309

men. Et vi - tam ven - tu - ri sae - cu - li,  
 vi - tam ven - tu - ri sae - cu - li, ven - tu - ri sae - cu - li,  
 men. Et vi - tam ven - tu - ri sae - cu - li,  
 men. Et vi - tam ven - tu - ri sae - cu - li,

314

ven - tu - ri cu - li. A men.  
 ven - cu - li. A men.  
 ven - cu - li. A men.  
 ven - cu - li. A men.

(muta Fa/F in Sol/G)

## Sanctus

10

Sa ba - oth.

Sa ba - oth.

Sa ba - oth.

Sa ba - oth.

*p*

*decresc.*

*p*

Pleni

**Allegro moderato**

14

ff

Ple ni sunt coe li,

ff

Ple ni sunt coe li,

ff

Ple ni sunt coe li,

ff

Ple ni sunt coe li et ter ra,

ff

ff

ff





42

ho - san - na,  
ho - san - na,  
ho - san - na,

p >  
mf >

p  
mf

p  
mf

46

ff >  
ho - san - sis.  
ff >  
he - na sis.  
san - sis.  
na in ex - cel sis.

Timp  
ff

ff  
sf

ff  
sf

# Benedictus

**Moderato**

Soprano

Alto

Tenore

Basso

Timpani  
in Re-La-Sol/  
d-A-G

Pianoforte I

Pianoforte II

*sempre ppp*

*p*

*p*

*dim.*

*pp*

*p*

*mf*   *dim.*   *p*

*cresc.*

*mf*

*cresc.*

*p*

*cresc.*

*p*

*cresc.*

6

11

Carus 27.092/44

63

16

A

Solo *mf*

Be - ne - di - ctus qui

Solo *mf*

Be - ne - di - ctus qui ve - nit,

Solo *mf*

qui ve - nit,

Solo *mf*

qui ve - nit,

*f* dim.

*p*

*f* dim. *p*

*dim.*

21

ve - nit, be

- ctus qui ve - nit, qui ve - nit,

be di - ctus qui ve - nit, qui ve - nit,

ve - nit in no - mi-ne Do - mi - ni, qui

qui ve - nit in no - mi-ne Do - mi - ni, qui

*p*

*dim.* *p*

26

Coro **p**

be - ne - di - ctus qui ve - nit in no - mi - ne

Coro **p**

be - ne - di - ctus qui ve - nit in no - mi - ne

Coro **p**

ve - nit, be - ne - di - ctus qui ve - nit in no - mi - ne

Coro **p**

ve - nit, be - ne - di - ctus qui ve - nit in no - mi - ne

**p**

31

Do - mi - ni, qui ve - nit in no - mi - ne,

Do - ni, qui ve - nit in no - mi - ne,

Do - ni, qui ve - nit in

Do - mi - ni, in

*cresc.*

**f**

**f**

*cresc.*

**f**

35

B

no - mi-ne Do - mi - ni,                              be - ne - di - ctus,

no - mi-ne Do - mi - ni,                              be - ne - di - ctus,

no - mi-ne Do - mi - ni,                              be - ne - di - ctus,

no - mi-ne Do - mi - ni,                              qui ve - nit,

*p*

*dim.*

*mf*

*pp*

*C*  
*X*  
*J*

41

be - di - ctus,

- ne - di - ctus,

*p cresc.*

be - ne -

be - ne - di - ctus,

qui ve - nit,                                      be - ne - di - ctus

*p*

*b*

*p*

*p*

*p*

*p*

47

be - ne - di - ctus qui ve - nit in no - mi - ne Do - mi - ni, in  
di - ctus,  
qui ve - nit, be-ne-di - ctus qui ve - nit in no - mi - ne Do - mi - ni

cresc.      *mf*

*pp*

*mf*

*pp*

*p*

53

no - mi - ne Do - ni.

**C**

Solo *f*

be - ne - di - ctus qui

ni, in no - mi - ne Do - mi - ni,

*pp*

semper cresc.

*f*

*pp*

semper cresc.

*mf*

58

D

be - ne -  
be - ne -  
Coro ff > >  
be - ne -  
be - ne -

ve - nit in no - mi-ne Do-mi-ni,  
qui ve - nit in no - mi - ne Do - mi - ni, be - ne -

Timp

p cresc.

ff

p

ff

di - c - tus qui ve - no - mi - ne Do - mi - ni.  
di - c - tus qui ve - no - mi - ne Do - mi - ni.  
di - c - tus qui ve - nit in no - mi - ne Do - mi - ni.  
di - c - tus qui ve - nit in no - mi - ne Do - mi - ni.

ff pp

p

pp

64

di - c - tus qui ve - no - mi - ne Do - mi - ni.  
di - c - tus qui ve - no - mi - ne Do - mi - ni.  
di - c - tus qui ve - nit in no - mi - ne Do - mi - ni.  
di - c - tus qui ve - nit in no - mi - ne Do - mi - ni.

ff pp

p

p

pp

71

Musical score page 71. The score consists of four staves. The first staff has a bass clef, the second a treble clef, the third a bass clef, and the fourth a bass clef. The key signature is one sharp. The music starts with eighth-note patterns. Dynamic markings include ***pp***, ***cresc.***, and ***p sempre cresc.***. The score ends with a fermata over the fourth staff.

=

75

Musical score page 75. The score consists of four staves. The first staff has a treble clef, the second a bass clef, the third a treble clef, and the fourth a bass clef. The key signature is one sharp. The music features eighth-note patterns. Dynamic marking ***f*** is present. Handwritten musical notes are overlaid on the staves, including a large 'S' and a large 'G' with a circle around it.

=

79

Musical score page 79. The score consists of four staves. The first staff has a treble clef, the second a bass clef, the third a treble clef, and the fourth a bass clef. The key signature is one sharp. The lyrics "Be - ne - di - ctus qui ve - nit," are written below the staves. Dynamic marking ***p*** is present. Handwritten musical notes are overlaid on the staves, including a large 'E' and a large 'C'.

Musical score continuation from page 79. The score consists of four staves. The first staff has a treble clef, the second a bass clef, the third a treble clef, and the fourth a bass clef. The key signature is one sharp. Dynamic markings include ***dim.***, ***p***, and ***p***. The score ends with a dynamic marking ***p***.

83

*p*

Be - ne-di - ctus qui ve - nit, be - ne-di - ctus qui  
 be - ne - di - ctus qui ve - nit, qui  
 ve - nit, qui ve - nit,  
 ve - nit, qui ve - nit,

*mf*



86

ve - nit, qui ve - nit,  
 ve - nit, qui ve - nit,  
 qui ve - nit, qui ve - nit,  
 qui ve - nit, qui ve - nit,



*mf*

*p*



95

F

qui ve - nit, qui ve - nit in no - mi-ne Do - mi - ni.  
 qui ve - nit, qui ve - nit in no - mi-ne Do - mi - ni.  
 qui ve - nit in no - mi-ne Do - mi - ni.  
 qui ve - nit in no - mi-ne Do - mi - ni.

*dim.*

*p*

*dim.*

*p*

*dim.*

*p*

*dim.*

*dim.*

*dim.*

*pp*

*marcato*

*dim.*

*p*

*pp*

*3 3 2 3*

*100*

The score consists of five systems of music. The first system (measures 95-99) features four staves (treble, alto, tenor, bass) in common time, G major, with dynamic markings *p*, *dim.*, and *pp*. The lyrics are repeated four times. The second system (measures 100-104) shows a treble staff with a large letter 'A' and a bass staff with a large letter 'C'. The third system (measures 105-109) shows a treble staff with a large letter 'K' and a bass staff with a large letter 'S'. The fourth system (measures 110-114) shows a treble staff with a large letter 'X' and a bass staff with a large letter 'A'. The fifth system (measures 115-119) shows a treble staff with a large letter 'C' and a bass staff with a large letter 'S'.

104

108

Hosan - na in ex - cel - sis, ho - san - na in ex - cel - sis, ho - san - na in ex - cel - sis,

114

cel - sis,  
cel - sis,  
cel - sis,  
cel - sis,

ho - san - na,  
ho - san - na,  
ho - san - na,  
ho - san - na,

>  
**p** >  
**ff** > **p**  
**mf**

120

ff >  
ho - san - na  
ff >  
ex - cel - sis.  
ex - cel - sis.  
ex - cel - sis.  
ex - cel - sis.

ex - cel - sis.  
ex - cel - sis.  
ex - cel - sis.

Timp  
ff

ff  
sf

ff  
sf

# Agnus Dei

**Andante quasi Allegretto**

Soprano

Alto

Tenore

Basso

Timpani  
in Re-La/d-A

Pianoforte I

Pianoforte II

7

cresc.

mun  
cresc.

mun  
cresc.

mun  
cresc.

mun  
cresc.

di:

mi - se - re - re no - bis,

Solo **p**

**p**

**p**

12 **A**

*pp*

mi - se - re - re no - bis, mi - se - re - re  
*cresc.*

*pp*

mi - se - re - re no - bis, mi - se - re - re  
*cresc.*

*pp*

mi - se - re - re no - bis, mi - se - re - re  
*cresc.*

(Solo) **p** *sempre cresc.*

mi - se - re - re no - bis,

*pp*

*sempre cresc.*

*pp*

*sempre cresc.*

18 **B L**

no - bis, mi - se-re *mf*

bis, mi - se-re - re, mi - se-re - re no - bis.

mi - se - re - re, mi - se - re - re no - bis.

*mf*

**p**

*p*

\* slower

24

**C** Tempo I

A - gnus De - i,  
A - gnus De - i, qui  
A - gnus De - i,

*p* *p* *p*

*p* *dim.* *p* *p*

*dim.* *pp* *p* *cresc.*

30

qui tol - lis  
tol - *mf* qui tol - lis, *mf* qui  
qui tol - lis, *mf*

*mf* *mf*

*mf*

*mf*

34

tol - lis      pec - ca      pec - ca

*mf*

38

ca - ta - mun

*cresc.*

*f*

*cresc.*

*f*

*cresc.*

*f*

*cresc.*

*f*

*cresc.*

*f*

41

di:

di:

di:

di:

Solo **p**

mi - se - re - re no - bis,

**f** *dim.*

**p**

**f** *dim.*

**p**

**sf**

**C** **S**

45 **D**

**pp**

mi - re - cresc.

**pp**

no - bis,

mi - se - cresc.

- se cresc.

no - bis,

mi - se - cresc.

mi - se - cresc.

re no - bis,

(Solo) **p**

cresc.

mi - se - re - re no - - bis,

**cresc.**

**pp**

**cresc.**

**pp**

**cresc.**

**E** Langsamer

50

re - re no - bis, mi - se-re - re, mi - se - re - re no - bis.

re - re no - bis, mi - se-re - re, mi - se - re - re no - bis.

re - re no - bis, mi - se-re - re, mi - se - re - re no - bis.

Coro *mf*

mi - se - re - re, mi - se - re - re no - bis.

*p*

55

*accento*

*p*

*poco a poco cresc.*

*poco a poco cresc.*

62 F **Tempo I**

Agnus Dei

Agnes de - i, qui tol - lis, qui tol - lis,  
 Agnes de - i, qui tol - lis, qui tol - lis,  
 Agnes de - i, qui tol - lis, qui tol - lis,

*ff*

*ff*

*ff*

*ff*

*ff*

*ff marc.*



2

69

qui tol - lis  
pec - ca - ta  
mun - di:

Timp

*p*      *pp*

*decresc.*

*decresc.*

nur wenn ohne Pauke / *only if without timpani*

**G** Dona  
**Allegro moderato**

86

pa - cem,  
pa - cem,  
- cem,  
do - na pa - cem,  
do - na pa - cem,

*p*

*p*

*cresc.*

*f*

*f cresc.*

*f cresc.*

*f cresc.*

90

do - no - bis  
cresc.  
do - na no - bis  
pa cem, do - na  
pa pa do - na

*cresc.*

*f*

*f cresc.*

*f cresc.*

*f cresc.*

*f cresc.*

*f cresc.*

93 *ff* *dim.* **H**

*pa* - - - - *cem,*  
*ff* *dim.* *p* *p*  
*pa* - - - - *cem,* *do* - - - - *na*  
*ff* *dim.* *p*  
*pa* - - - - *cem,*  
*ff* *dim.* *p*  
*pa* - - - - *cem,*  
*ff* *dim.* *p* *pp* *sempre pp*

*ff* *dim.* *p* *p* *3* *3*  
*ff* *dim.* *p* *p* *3* *3*  
*ff* *dim.* *p* *p* *3* *3*  
*ff* *dim.* *p* *p* *3* *3*

98 *pp* *cresc.*  
*do* - - *na* *no* - - *bis*  
*pp* *cresc.*  
*do* - - *na* *no* - - *bis*  
*pp* *cresc.*  
*do* - - *na* *no* - - *bis*

*pp* *3* *3* *3* *3*  
*pp* *3* *3* *3* *3*  
*pp* *3* *3* *3* *3*

102

**p** cresc.  
pa - - cem, do - na  
**p** cresc.  
pa - - cem, do - na  
**p** cresc.  
pa - - cem, do - na  
**p** cresc.  
pa - - cem, do - na

106

**f**  
no - bis pa - - cem,  
no - bis pa - - cem,  
no - bis pa - - cem,  
no - bis pa - - cem,

**f**

**f**

**f**

110 *ff*

I

do - na no - bis pa - cem, do -

do - na no - bis pa - cem, do -

do - na no - bis pa - cem,

*ff*

do - na no - bis pa - cem,

*ff*

*pp*

*ff*

*dim.* *pp*

*ff*

*dim.* *p*

119

na

n

pa

*sempre pp*

*pp*

*pp*



