

Claudio

MONTEVERDI

Vespro della Beata Vergine

Marienvesper · Vespers 1610

SV 206

Soli e Coro

2 Flauti, 2 Fifare, 3 Cornetti, 3 Tromboni

2 Violini, 3 Viole, Violoncello, Violone, Basso continuo

herausgegeben von / edited by

Uwe Wolf

Urtext

Klavierauszug / Vocal score

Paul Horn



Carus 27.801/03

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Vorwort

Die Marienvesper ist Bestandteil einer Sammlung, die Monteverdi 1610 unter dem Titel „Sanctissimae Virgini Missa senis vocibus, Ac Vespere pluribus decantandae“¹ veröffentlichte. Die Sammlung enthält zu Beginn die *Missa In illo tempore*, eine Parodie-Messe nach der gleichnamigen Motette von Nicolas Gombert, und im Anschluss daran die uns als „Marienvesper“ bekannte Abfolge von Kompositionen. Im Kern steht die liturgische Vesper aus Responsorium, den fünf Vesperpsalmen für Marienfeste, dem Hymnus Ave maris stella und dem Magnificat (in zwei Vertonungen für unterschiedliche Besetzungen vorliegend). Zwischen die Psalmen sind die Concerti eingestreut (*Nigra sum, Pulchra es, Duo Seraphim, Audi coelum*), und auf den letzten Psalm folgt die *Sonata sopra Sancta Maria*.²

Der Druck von 1610 trägt eine Widmung an Papst Paul V. Es wird einhellig vermutet, dass Monteverdi sich mit der Sammlung dem Papst sowie wahrscheinlich auch anderen potentiellen kirchlichen Arbeitgebern als Komponist empfehlen wollte. Der Charakter einer „Bewerbungsmappe“ hat den Druck von 1610 in vieler Hinsicht ganz wesentlich geprägt und ist ein wichtiger Schlüssel zum Verständnis der Sammlung. In ihm ist sicher auch die Ursache für die Kombination von Messe und Vespermusik in einer Sammlung zu sehen. Messen waren traditionell konservativ gehalten, während man in der Vesper modernen Strömungen nachging; ein Spannungsfeld, das Monteverdi nutzte wie kein anderer Komponist seiner Zeit.

Am 1. September 1610, dem Datum der Widmung, dürfte der Druck schon nahezu fertig gewesen sein, denn bereits kurz nach diesem Datum machte Monteverdi sich auf den Weg nach Rom, wo er bereits Anfang Oktober 1610 eintraf. Hauptanlass der Rom-Reise waren Monteverdis Bemühungen, für seinen Sohn Francesco einen Freiplatz im Seminario Romano, dem päpstlichen Priesterseminar, zu erhalten. Die Reise verlief wenig erfolgreich: Monteverdi gelang es weder, einen Platz für seinen Sohn zu sichern, noch bekam er eine Audienz beim Papst, um den Druck persönlich zu überreichen. Monteverdi war Papst Paul V. möglicherweise 1607 bereits in Mantua begegnet. Dies könnte erklären, dass Monteverdi im Responsorium und Magnificat seine in jenem Jahr in Mantua uraufgeführte Oper *L'Orfeo* zitiert.

Die Absicht Monteverdis, nach Rom zu reisen, war wahrscheinlich auch Anlass für die möglicherweise schon länger geplante Veröffentlichung von Messe und Vesper. Wahrscheinlich geschah die Veröffentlichung unter einem Zeitdruck; ein solcher könnte jedenfalls manche Ungereimtheit im Druck von 1610 erklären, vor allem die Existenz abweichender (mutmaßlich früherer) Fassungen etlicher Sätze in der Generalbass-Partitur,³ aber auch eine größere Zahl an Druckfehlern.

Ob es vor der Drucklegung eine „Uraufführung“ aller oder einzelner Sätze gegeben hat, ist unbekannt. Während es bei der Messe eher denkbar erscheint, dass diese speziell für das Publikationsvorhaben geschaffen wurde, lassen z.B. die sehr unterschiedlichen Instrumentalbesetzungen der drei Vesper-Sätze mit obligaten Instrumentalstimmen (die Nummern 1, 11 und 13 der vorliegenden Edition) vermuten, dass diese Sätze zumindest z.T. für unterschiedliche Anlässe mit auf die jeweili-

gen Aufführungsbedingungen zugeschnittenen Besetzungen komponiert worden waren. Auch die erwähnten Fassungsdiscrepanzen zwischen Generalbass und Vokalstimmen in immerhin fünf Sätzen lassen auf Überarbeitungen schon vorhandener Stücke schließen.

Kirchenmusik gehörte allerdings in Mantua nicht zu Monteverdis eigentlichen Dienstaufgaben, was nicht ausschließt, dass er bei wichtigen Festen auch an der Kirchenmusik mitgewirkt hat. Zahlreiche Thesen zu Anlass und Bestimmung der Kompositionen sind im letzten halben Jahrhundert vorgetragen worden, ohne dass sich allerdings auch nur eine bislang dokumentarisch stützen ließe. Auch aus Monteverdis venezianischer Zeit sind keine Aufführungen belegt (aber zumindest für Einzelteile sicher anzunehmen).

Wie kein anderes geistliches Werk des 17. Jahrhunderts ist die Marienvesper seit der Mitte des 20. Jahrhunderts im Konzertleben fest verankert. Auch wenn sich die Annahme eines liturgisch-geschlossenen Werkes kaum halten lässt, fehlt es der „Vesper“ nicht an einem übergreifenden Prinzip, das von Monteverdi nicht nur kompositorisch durchgeführt, sondern auch im Titel der Vesper in der Generalbass-Partitur ausdrücklich formuliert wurde: „*Vespro della B. Vergine da concerto, composto sopra canti fermi*“, frei zu übersetzen mit „Marienvesper, konzertant über cantus firmi komponiert“. Klarer kann man ein einheitliches Kompositionsprinzip nicht formulieren.

Dies hat mannigfaltige Konsequenzen. Zum einen rechtfertigt die künstlerische Geschlossenheit die seit langem erprobte Aufführung als Einheit, wie sie auch andere, zyklische, aber nicht als Aufführungseinheit komponierte Werke heute erfahren (man denke an das *Weihnachtsoratorium*, die *Kunst der Fuge* oder das *Musikalische Opfer*, um besonders bekannte Beispiele zu nennen). Als künstlerische Einheit begriffen, ist sie sich selbst genüge und bedarf nicht eines liturgischen Rahmens, zumal die liturgisch wie tonal passende Antiphonreihe nicht zu existieren scheint (siehe dazu ausführlicher das Vorwort in der Partitur).

Abgesehen von Aufführungen als Zyklus – als Monteverdis Kaleidoskop vielfältiger Verbindungen von modernem Stil mit den überlieferten *cantus firmi* – haben natürlich Aufführungen einzelner Teile, sei es in einer Zusammenstellung einer konzertanten Vesper, sei es in unterschiedlichen Kombinationen mit anderen Werken, in Konzert wie Gottesdienst ihre Berechtigung, ja entspricht die Verwendung als „Steinbruch“ für vielfältige Verwendungen doch am ehesten dem, was Monteverdi als Verwendung seiner Sammlung erwarten durfte.

Stuttgart, Oktober 2013

Uwe Wolf

¹ „der allerheiligsten Jungfrau zu singende Messe zu sechs Stimmen sowie Vespen zu mehr Stimmen“

² Die Messe und die zweite, „kleine“ Fassung des *Magnificat* sind nicht Bestandteil der vorliegenden Ausgabe, sind aber im selben Verlag separat erhältlich: Carus 40.670 und 27.205.

³ In solchen Fällen werden die Lesarten der Generalbass-Partitur als Ossia-Lesarten in der Edition mitgeteilt.

Foreword

The *Vespro della Beata Vergine* is part of a collection which appeared in 1610 bearing the title "Sanctissimae Virgini Missa senis vocibus, Ac Vespereae pluribus decantandae."¹ It begins with the *Missa In illo tempore*, a mass which parodies Nicolas Gombert's motet of the same name, and is followed by the sequence of pieces known as the Vespers of the Blessed Virgin, which we present in our score: responsory, five vesper psalms for Marian festivals, hymn and magnificat (in two versions), as well as the concerti *Nigra sum*, *Pulchra es*, *Duo Seraphim*, *Audi coelum* (interpolated between the psalms), and the *Sonata sopra Sancta Maria*.²

The print of 1610 bears a dedication to Pope Paul V. Researchers unanimously assume that Monteverdi wished to recommend himself as a composer to the Pope – and most likely to other potential church employers – with this collection. The characteristic of a "portfolio" has left an essential impression on the 1610 print in many respects, and it is certainly an important key to understanding the collection. Certainly, this was the reason for combining a mass and vespers music in one volume. The mass was traditionally conservative, while more modern trends were pursued in the vespers; Monteverdi utilized the tension between these contrasting idioms more than any other composer of his time.

On 1 September 1610, the date of dedication, the print may well have been nearly complete, since Monteverdi set out for Rome shortly after this date, already arriving at the beginning of October. Monteverdi's attempts to attain entrance into the Seminario Romano for his son Francesco was the main purpose of his trip to Rome. However, the trip was hardly successful: Monteverdi neither succeeded in securing a place for his son at the Seminario nor did he obtain an audience with the Pope to present his print in person. Monteverdi may possibly have met the Pope already in 1607 in Mantua. This could explain why Monteverdi quoted his opera *L'Orfeo*, which had been performed for the first time that year in Mantua, in the vespers' responsory and magnificat.

Monteverdi's intention of travelling to Rome was probably also the motive for the publication of the mass and vespers, which might have been planned for a longer period of time, but had not yet been carried out. Publication most likely took place under considerable time pressure, which could explain certain discrepancies in the print of 1610, especially the existence of deviant versions of various pieces in the basso continuo score³ – which are presumably earlier – as well as a larger number of printing errors.

Whether a "premiere performance" of all or some of the pieces took place before the collection went to press is unknown. While it seems more plausible in the case of the mass that it was created especially for this publication, the instruments employed in the three vesper movements with obbligato instruments (Nos. 1, 11 and 13) vary considerably, which allows for the assumption that at least some of these pieces were composed for different occasions, with instrumentation specifically tailored to the particular performance situations. Furthermore, differing versions between the basso continuo and the vocal parts in no less than five pieces allow for the assumption that existing pieces were revised.

However, church music did not actually belong to Monteverdi's vocational obligations in Mantua, but this does not rule out that he also took part in church music performances at important festivities. Various hypotheses on the occasion and purpose of the compositions have been brought forward in the last fifty years, none of which could be supported by any documentary evidence at all up until now. No performances can be verified for Monteverdi's Venetian period either (although at least we can safely assume that individual sections were performed).

Since the middle of the twentieth century, Monteverdi's *Vespro della Beata Vergine* has been more firmly anchored in concert life than any other sacred work of the seventeenth century. Even though the assumption of a liturgically cohesive work can hardly be upheld, the "vesper" embodies a superior principle which Monteverdi not only executed in his composition, but also formulated in its title in the basso continuo score: "Vespro della B. Vergine da concerto, composto sopra canti fermi." Freely translated, this means: "The Vespers of the Blessed Virgin, composed in concertante style over cantus firmi." Monteverdi could not have formulated his uniform principle of composition any clearer than this.

The consequences of this are manifold. On the one hand, artistic unity justifies the long-standing practice of performing the *Vespers* as an entity, as is the case with other cyclically composed works not originally intended for complete performances (such as J. S. Bach's *Christmas Oratorio*, *The Art of Fugue* or *The Musical Offering*, just to name the most well-known examples). When understood as an artistic whole, the work suffices in and of itself. It is not in need of a liturgical framework, especially since the antiphonal order which would be tonally appropriate does not seem to exist (see a more detailed discussion of this aspect in the foreword to the full score).

Aside from cyclical performances of Monteverdi's work as a kaleidoscope of multifaceted links between modern style and traditional *cantus firmi*, performances of individual sections certainly have their own justification – whether as a concertante vesper compilation, in various combinations with other works, or in concerts and worship services. This type of utilization as a "quarry" – so to speak – for multifold purposes corresponds to what Monteverdi would have expected for his collection.

Stuttgart, October 2013
Translation: Greta Konradt

Uwe Wolf

¹ "a Mass in six voices and Vespers for many voices to sing for the Most Holy Virgin"

² The mass and the second "small" version of the Magnificat are not part of the present edition. However, they are available separately from the same publishing house: Carus 40.670 und 27.205.

³ In such cases the readings in the basso continuo score are presented as ossia passages in both the full score and the vocal score.

Vespro della Beata Vergine

da concerto. Composto sopra canti fermi

Claudio Monteverdi (1567–1643)

SV 206

Klavierauszug: Paul Horn (1922–2016)

1. Deus in adjutorium / Domine ad adjuvandum me festina

Sex vocibus & sex Instrumentis, si placet

Intonatio:

8 De - us in ad - ju - to - ri - um me - um in - ten - de:

The musical score consists of two systems of music. The first system starts with an intonation line and continues with vocal parts (Soprano I, Soprano II, Alto, Tenore I, Tenore II, Basso) and instrumental parts (Cornetti, Tromboni, Archi, Basso generale). The second system begins with a basso continuo line and continues with vocal parts (Tenore I, Tenore II, Basso) and instrumental parts (Cornetti, Tromboni, Archi, Basso generale). Large, stylized white arrows and loops are overlaid on the musical staff, pointing from left to right across the page.

9

A musical score page featuring two staves. The top staff uses a treble clef and has a key signature of one sharp. The bottom staff uses a bass clef and has a key signature of one sharp. A large, stylized letter 'C' is overlaid on the right side of the page.

16

A musical score page with four voices. The voices sing "Gloria Patri et Fili". The music includes a treble clef, a bass clef, and a key signature of one sharp. A large, stylized letter 'S' is overlaid on the right side of the page.

20

A musical score page with four voices. The voices sing "Spiritu Sancto". The music includes a treble clef, a bass clef, and a key signature of one sharp. A large, stylized letter 'K' is overlaid on the left side of the page.

25

Sic - ut

33

e - prin - ci - pi - o, et

- - m prin - ci - pi - o, et

in prin - ci - pi - o, et

e - - rat in prin - ci - pi - o, et

e - - rat in prin - ci - pi - o, et

e - - rat in prin - ci - pi - o, et

37

nunc, et sem - - per, et in
 nunc, et sem - - per, et in

41

sae cu - la sae - cu - lo - rum.
 sae cu - la sae - cu - lo - rum.
 sae cu - la sae - cu - lo - rum.
 sae - cu - la sae - cu - lo - rum.

45

A - - men. Al - le - lu - ja, al - le - lu - ja, al -

A - - men. Al - le - lu - ja, al - le - lu - ja, al -

A - - men. Al - le - lu - ja, al - le - lu - ja, al -

A - - men. Al - le - lu - ja, al - le - lu - ja, al -

A - - men. Al - le - lu - ja, al - le - lu - ja, al -

A - - men. Al - le - lu - ja, al - le - lu - ja, al -

52

le - lu - ja, al - lu - ja, al - - le - lu - ja.

- lu - ja, al - - le - lu - ja, al - - le - lu - ja.

le - lu - ja, al - le - lu - ja, al - - le - lu - ja.

le - lu - ja, al - le - lu - ja, al - - le - lu - ja.

le - lu - ja, al - le - lu - ja, al - - le - lu - ja.

le - lu - ja, al - le - lu - ja, al - - le - lu - ja.

2. Dixit Dominus

A 6 voci & 6 Instrumenti

Li Ritornelli si ponno sonare & anco tralasciar secondo il volere *

Vers 1

Soprano I

Soprano II

Alto

Tenore I

Tenore II

Basso

Organo

Di - xit Do - mi - nus Do - mi - no me - o,
Di - xit Do - mi - nus Do - mi - no me - o,
di - xit Do - mi - nus Do - mi - no me - o,
Do - mi - nus Do - mi - no me - o, di - xit Do - mi - nus
o, di - xit Do - mi - nus Do - mi - no me - o, Do -
Do - mi - nus Do - mi - no me - o, di - xit Do - mi - nus

* Die Ritornelle kann man spielen oder auch weglassen, ganz nach Belieben. / The ritornellos can be played or omitted, ad libitum.

13

Do - mi - no me - - o: Se - de a dex - tris

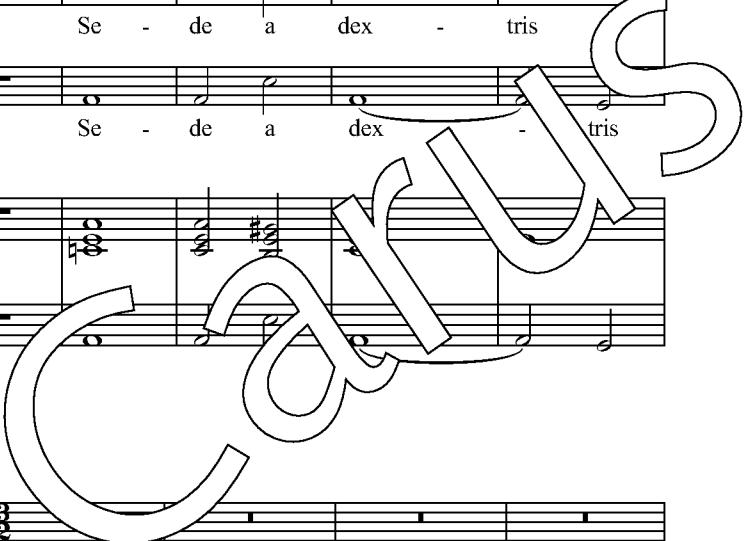
Do - mi - no me - - o: Se - de a dex - - tris

Do - mi - no me - - o: Se - de a dex - - tris

8 Do - mi - no me - - o: Se - de a dex - - tris

8 - mi - no me - - o: Se - de a dex - - tris

Do - mi - no me - - o: Se - de a dex - - tris



21

me - - do - nec ponam inimicos

me - - do - nec ponam inimicos

me - - do - nec ponam inimicos

8 b. me - is. Do - nec ponam inimicos tu - - - -

me - is. Do - nec ponam inimicos tu - - - -



28

tu - - - -

8

8

8

8

8

36

os, - - - -

scabellum pedum tu - o -

scabellum pedum tu - o -

scabellum pedum tu - o - rum,

os, - - - -

scabellum pedum tu - o -

os, - - - -

scabellum pedum tu - o -

os, - - - -

scabellum pedum tu - o -

8

8

8

8

8

8

41

rum.
rum.
tu o rum.
rum.
rum.
rum.

Ritornello ad lib.

46 Instr.

Vers 2

53 Soprano I

Vi - tis tu - ae e - mit - tet Do - mi - nus ex Si - on,

61

Soprano II

vir - gam vir - tu - tis tu - ae e - mit - tet Do - mi - nus ex

Basso

Vir - gam vir - tu - tis tu - ae e - mit - tet Do - mi - nus ex Si -

Vir - gam vir - tu - tis tu - ae e - mit - tet Do - mi - nus ex

67

Si - - on:
do - mi - na - re in me - di - o in - i - mi - co - rum,

Si - - on:

73

do - mi - na - re in me - di - o in - i - mi - co - rum,

in - i - mi - co - rum, in - i - mi - co - rum tu - o - - rum.
na - re in me - di - o in - i - mi - co - rum tu - o - - rum.

in - i - mi - co - rum tu - o - - rum.

85 Vers 3

Tecum principium in die virtutis

Tecum principium in die virtutis

Tecum principium in die virtutis tu

Tecum principium in die virtutis

Tecum principium in die virtutis tu

Tecum principium in die virtutis tu

91

tu

tu

98

ae in splendoribus sanctorum: ex utero ante luciferum

102

ge - nu - i - te.

ge - nu - i - te.

nu - i, ge - nu - i - te.

nu - i, ge - nu - i - te.

nu - i, ge - nu - i - te.

nu - i, ge - nu - i - te.

nu - i, ge - nu - i - te.

Ritornello ad lib.

109 Instr.

Vers 4

114 Tenore I

Ju - ra - vit Do - mi - nus, et non poe - ni - te - bit e - um, ju - ra - vit Do - mi - nus,
 Ju - ra - vit Do - mi - nus, ju -
 Ju - ra - vit Do - mi - nus,

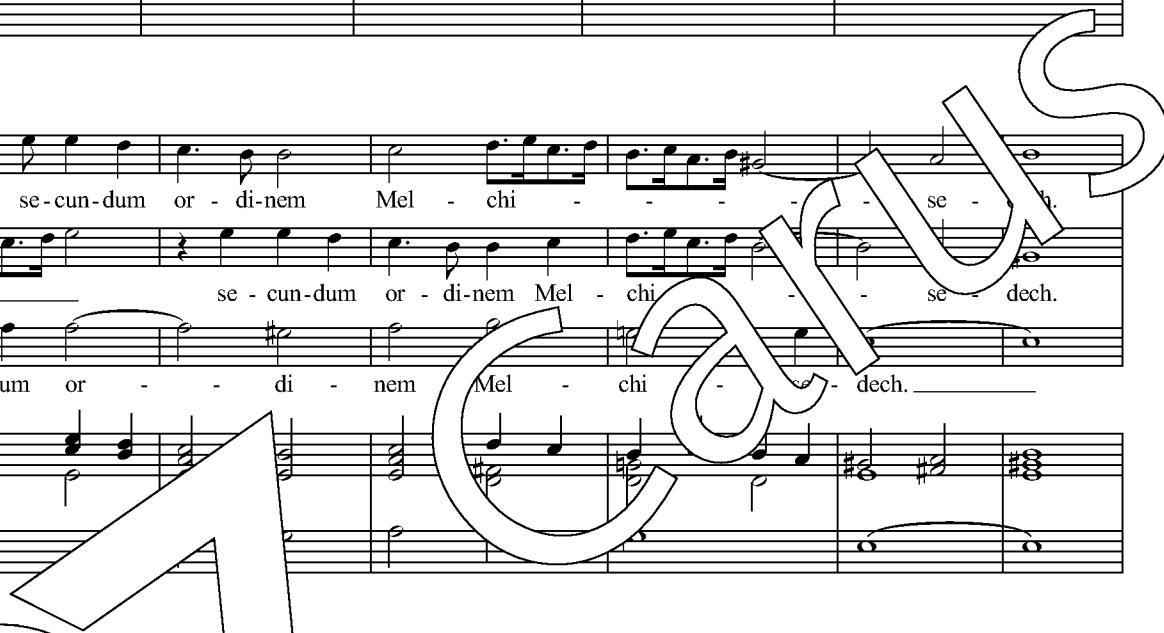
121

ju - ra - vit Do - mi - nus, et non poe - ni - te - bit e - um:
 ra - vit Do - mi - nus, et non poe - ni - te - bit e - um:
 Tu es sa - cer -

et no - i - te - bit e - um:
 dos in ae - ter - num se-cun - dum or - di - nem Mel - chi - se-dech,

133

Tu es sa - cer - dos, tu es sa - cer - dos in ae-ter - - num
 tu es sa - cer - dos, tu es sa - cer - dos in ae - ter - - num
 Tu es sa - cer - - dos in ae - ter - - - num se -



138

se-cun-dum or - di-nem Mel - chi
 se - cun-dum or - di-nem Mel - chi se - dech.
 cun - dum or - - di - nem Mel - chi dech.



144

Dominus a dextu -
 Dominus a de -
 tu -
 tu -
 Dominus a dextris
 Dominus a dextris
 tu -
 Dominus a dextris tu -
 (



149

is, confregit in die irae suae
is, confregit in die irae suae
is, confregit in die irae suae
tu is, confregit in die irae suae
is, confregit in die irae suae
is, confregit in die irae suae

154

re ges.
re ges.
re ges.
re ges.
re ges.

160 Ritornello ad lib.

Instr.

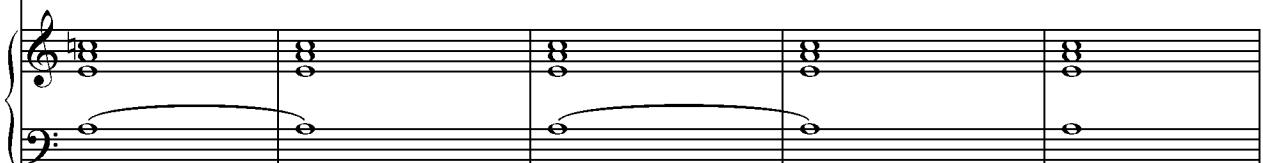


165 Vers 6

Musical score for Vers 6, measures 165-173. The score includes two staves: Treble and Bass. The Treble staff has a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a common time signature. The Bass staff has a common time signature. The lyrics "Ju - di - ca - bit in na - ti - o - ni - bus, im - ple - bit ru - i - nas," are written below the notes. Large, stylized letters 'S' and 'A' are overlaid on the musical staff.

Musical score for Vers 6, measures 174-182. The score includes two staves: Treble and Bass. The Treble staff has a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a common time signature. The Bass staff has a common time signature. The lyrics "Ju - di - ca - bit in na - ti - o - ni - bus, im - ple - bit ru - i - nas," are written below the notes. Large, stylized letters 'G' and 'A' are overlaid on the musical staff.

Musical score for Vers 6, measures 174-182. The score includes two staves: Treble and Bass. The Treble staff has a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a common time signature. The Bass staff has a common time signature. The lyrics "Ju - di - ca - bit in na - ti - o - ni - bus, im - ple - bit ru - i - nas," are written below the notes. Large, stylized letters 'J' and 'U' are overlaid on the musical staff.



179

ple - - bit ru - i - - nas:
bit ru - i - - nas:
bus, im - ple - bit ru - i - - nas: con - quas - sa - bit ca - pi - ta in
o - ni - bus, im - ple - bit ru - i - - nas: con - quas - sa - bit ca - pi - ta
bus, im - ple - bit ru - i - - nas:
bit ru - i - - nas: con - quas - sa - bit ca - pi - ta

186

con - quas - sa - bit ca - pi -
con - quas - sa - bit
ra - to - - rum, con - quas - sa - bit, con - quas -
ra mul - to - - rum, con - quas - sa - bit, con -
con - quas - sa - bit, con - quas -
in ter - ra mul - to - - rum, con - quas - sa - bit

ta in ter - ra mul - to - - rum. De torrente in via
 ca - pi - ta in ter - ra mul - to - - rum. De torrente in via
 - sa - bit ca - pi - ta in ter - ra mul - to - - rum. De torrente in via
 8 quas - sa - bit ca - pi - ta in ter - ra mul - to - - rum. De torrente in via
 8 sa - bit ca - pi - ta in ter - ra mul - to - - rum. De torre in via
 ca - pi - ta in ter - ra mul - to - - rum. De torrente in via

bi bet:
 bi bet:

207

pro - pte - re - a exaltabit ca -

pro - pte - re - a exaltabit ca -

pro - pte - re - a exaltabit ca -

pro - pte - re - a exaltabit ca -

pro - pte - re - a exaltabit ca -

212

put.

put.

put.

put.

put.

Doxolo

Glo - ri - a Pa -

220 Tenore I

tri, et Fi - li - o, et Spi - ri - tu - i San - cto.

229

Sic - ut e - - rat in prin - ci - pi -
 Sic - ut e - - rat, sic - ut e - - rat
 Sic - - - ut e - - rat in prin -
 Sic - - - ut, sic - - - ut e -
 Sic - ut e - - - rat, sic - ut e -
 Sic - ut e - - - rat in prin -
 8 8 8 8 8 8

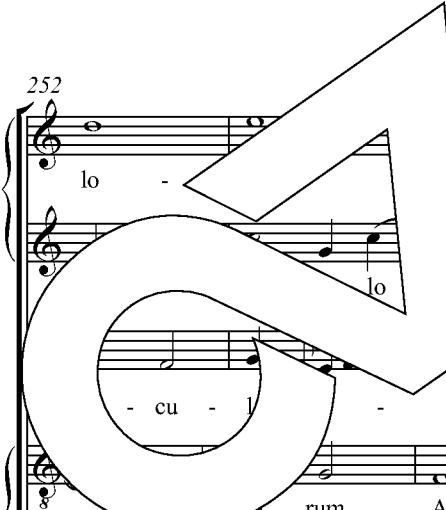
236

o, et et se per, et nunc, et sem per,
 ci - pi o, et nunc, et sem per,
 o, et nunc, et sem per,
 prin-ci - pi o, et nunc, et sem per,
 rat in prin - ci - pi o, et nunc, et sem per,
 pi - o, et nunc, et sem per,

et in sae - cu - la sae - cu -
 et in sae - cu - la, et in sae - cu - la sae -
 et in sae - cu - la, et in sae - cu - la
 et _____ in sae - cu - la sae - cu - lo - rum,
 et _____ in sae - cu - la sae - cu - le -



lo - men, a - men.
 lo - rum. A - men, a - men.
 - cu - l - rum. A - men, a - men.
 rum, sae - cu - lo - rum. A - men, a - men.
 lo - rum. A - men, a - men.



3. Nigra sum

Motetto ad una voce

Tenore *

The musical score consists of four staves of music for a single voice (Tenore). The vocal line starts at measure 8 with the lyrics "Ni - gra sum". The score includes several ossia variants, represented by large, stylized letters placed over specific notes or groups of notes. These letters include a large 'S' at the top right, a large 'X' in the middle right, a large 'C' in the middle left, and a large 'N' at the bottom left. The music continues through measures 13, 21, and beyond, with the vocal line and basso continuo line (indicated by a bass clef and a cello/bass part) alternating between different performance options.

Ni - gra sum sed for - mo - sa, fi - li - ae, for - mo - sa, fi - li - ae, for - mo -

sa, _____ ni - gra sum sed for - mo - sa, for-mo - sa, fi - li - Je

ru - e - o, id - e - o di - le - xit me rex, et in - tro -

du - xit in cu - bi - cu-lum su - um et di - xit mi - hi:

* Die Ossia-Varianten in der Singstimme in diesem und anderen Sätzen geben die jeweilige Lesart der Generalbass-Partitur wieder, im Normaldruck ist die Lesart des jeweiligen Stimmibuchs angegeben (siehe dazu Vorwort und Kritischen Bericht der Partitur). *The voice part here as well as the voice parts of the other movements found in the part books differ in quite a number of details from the basso continuo score (see also the Foreword and Critical Report in the full score). These basso continuo readings are rendered as ossia variants.*

27

sur - - - - ge, sur - -

34

ge, sur - ge, sur - ge a-mi - ca, sur - ge a-mi - ca me - a, a-mi - ca - e-a,

39

sur - ge sur - - et ve - ni jam hi - ems trans - i - it, im - ber a - bi - it

43

et re - ces - sit, flo - res ap - pa - ru - e - runt in ter - ra no - stra,

47

8 tem - pus pu - ta - ti - o - - nis

54

8 ad - ve - nit. Sur - ge, sur - ge a-mi - ca, sur -

59

8 me - a, a - mi - ca me - a,

ge a-mi - ca me - a, a - mi - ca me - a,

- ge, sur - ge et ve ni, ve ni jam hi - ems trans - i - it

im - ber a - re - ces - sit, flo - res ap - pa - ru - e - runt in ter - ra no - stra,

69

8 tem - pus pu - ta - ti - o - - nis ad - ve - nit.

4. Laudate pueri

à 8 voci sole nel Organo *

* Zu 8 Stimmen allcin zur Orgel. / For 8 voices, with only the organ.

Vers 2

28

Soprano I

Sit no - men Do - - - - mi -
 Soprano II
 Sit no - men Do - - - - mi -
 Tenor I
 8 Sit no - men Do - mi - ni be - ne -

34

ni be - ne - di - ctum, ex - nunc,

ni be -

di - ctum, ex - nunc,
 di - ctum, ex - nunc,
 8 di - ctum, ex - hoc nunc,
 et us - que in sae - cu - lum. A_____ so - lis or - tu us - que ad oc - ca -
 et us - que in sae - cu - lum. A_____ so - lis or - tu us - que ad oc - ca -
 8 et us - que in sae - cu - lum.

Vers 3

et us - que in sae - cu - lum. A_____ so - lis or - tu us - que ad oc - ca -
 et us - que in sae - cu - lum. A_____ so - lis or - tu us - que ad oc - ca -
 8 et us - que in sae - cu - lum.

Vers 4

vers 4

sum, lau - da - bi - le no - men Do - mi - ni.
sum, lau - da - bi - le no - men Do - mi - ni.
Alto I

Tenore I A so - lis or - tu us - que ad oc - ca - sum, lau -
Tenore II Ex - cel -
Ex -

50 Alto I
da - - - - bi - le no - men Do - mi - ni.
- sus su - nes gen - tes Do - - - - mi - nus, et
cel

su - per o - mnes gen - tes Do - - - - mi - nus,

Ex - cel - sus su - per o - mnes gen - tes Do - -
su - per coe -
et su - per coe -

57

mi - nus, et su - per coe - los
los glo - ri - a
los glo -

60

Vers 5

glo - ri - a e - jus
e - jus, o - ri - a e - ju
glo - ri - a jus.
jus,
ri - a e - jus.

61

sic - ut Do - mi - nus De - us no - ster, qui in
Basso I
Quis sic - ut Do - mi - nus
Basso II
De - us no -
Quis sic - ut Do - mi - nus
De - us no -

70

al - tis ha - bi - tat, et hu - mi - li - a re - spi - cit
in ster, qui in ster, qui in al -

Vers 6

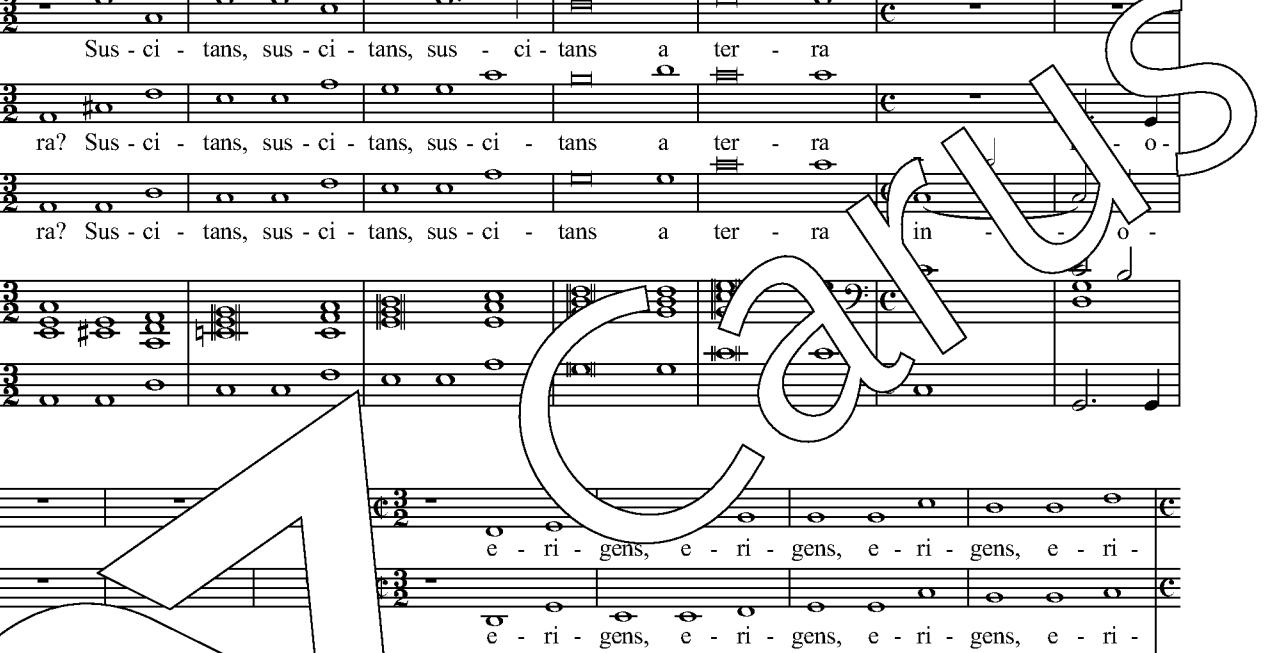
coe - lo et in ter - ra?
al - ha - bi - tat, et hu - mi - li - a

82

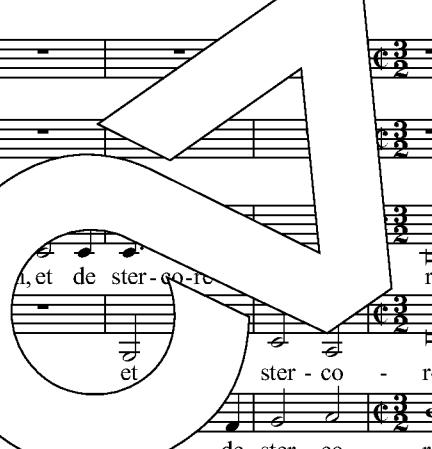
re - spi - cit in coe-lo, re - spi - cit in coe-lo et in ter -
coe-lo, re - spi - cit in coe-lo et in ter -

Vers 7

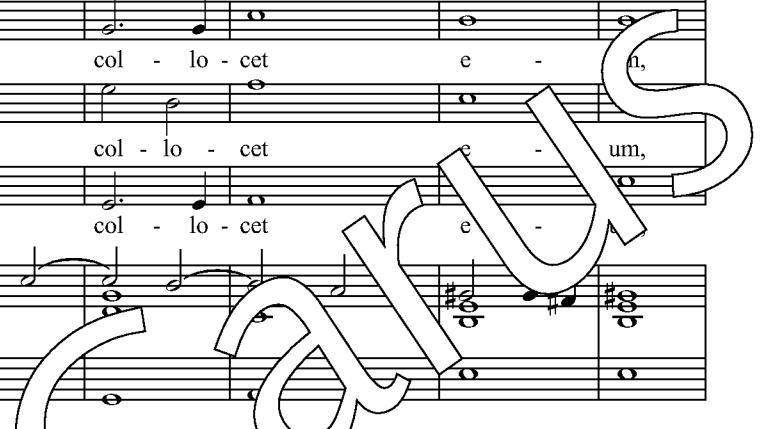
Sus - ci - tans, sus - ci - tans, sus - ci - tans a ter - ra
 Sus - ci - tans, sus - ci - tans, sus - ci - tans a ter - ra
 Sus - ci - tans, sus - ci - tans, sus - ci - tans a ter - ra in - o -
 Sus - ci - tans, sus - ci - tans, sus - ci - tans a ter - ra
 Sus - ci - tans, sus - ci - tans a ter - ra
 Sus - ci - tans, sus - ci - tans, sus - ci - tans a ter - ra
 Sus - ci - tans, sus - ci - tans, sus - ci - tans a ter - ra
 ra? Sus - ci - tans, sus - ci - tans, sus - ci - tans a ter - ra
 ra? Sus - ci - tans, sus - ci - tans, sus - ci - tans a ter - ra in - o -



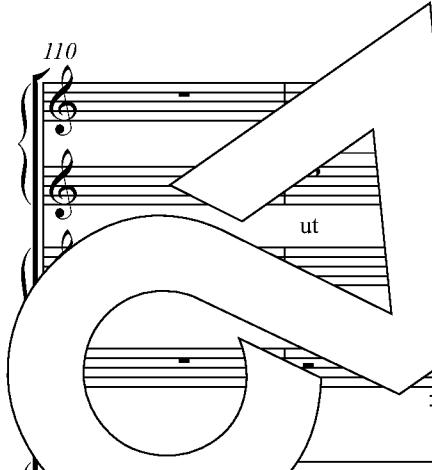
e - ri - gens, e - ri - gens, e - ri - gens, e - ri -
 e - ri - gens, e - ri - gens, e - ri - gens, e - ri -
 ri - - gens
 ster - co - re
 de ster - co - re e - ri - gens, e - ri - gens, e - ri - gens, e - ri -
 e - ri - gens, e - ri - gens, e - ri - gens, e - ri -
 pem, et de ster - co - re
 pem, et de ster - co - re



gens: Ut col - lo - cet e - um,
 gens: Ut col - lo - cet e - um,
 pau - pe - rem: Ut col - lo - cet e - um,
 gens pau - pe - rem: Ut col - lo - cet e - um,
 gens pau - pe - rem: Ut col - lo - cet e - um,
 Ut col - lo - cet e - um,
 Ut col - lo - cet e - um,



ut col - e - um cum
 col - lo - cet e - um cum
 col - lo - cet e - um cum prin -
 Ut col - lo - cet e - um cum
 col - lo - cet e - um cum prin - ci - pi - bus,
 ut col - lo - cet e - um cum
 ut col - lo - cet e - um cum
 ut col - lo - cet e - um cum



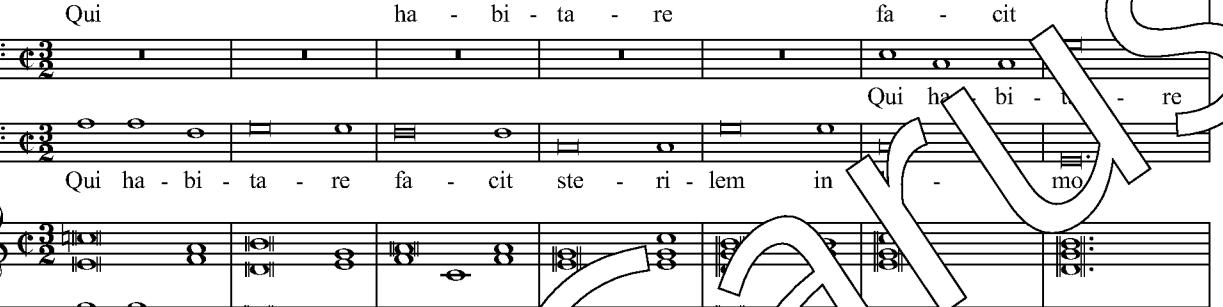
117

prin - ci - pi - bus, cum prin -
prin - ci - pi - bus, cum prin -
ci - pi - bus, cum prin - ci - pi -
prin - ci - pi - bus, cum prin - ci - pi - bus
bus po - pu - li su - - i.
prin - ci - pi - bus, cum prin -
prin - ci - pi - bus, cum prin -
prin -

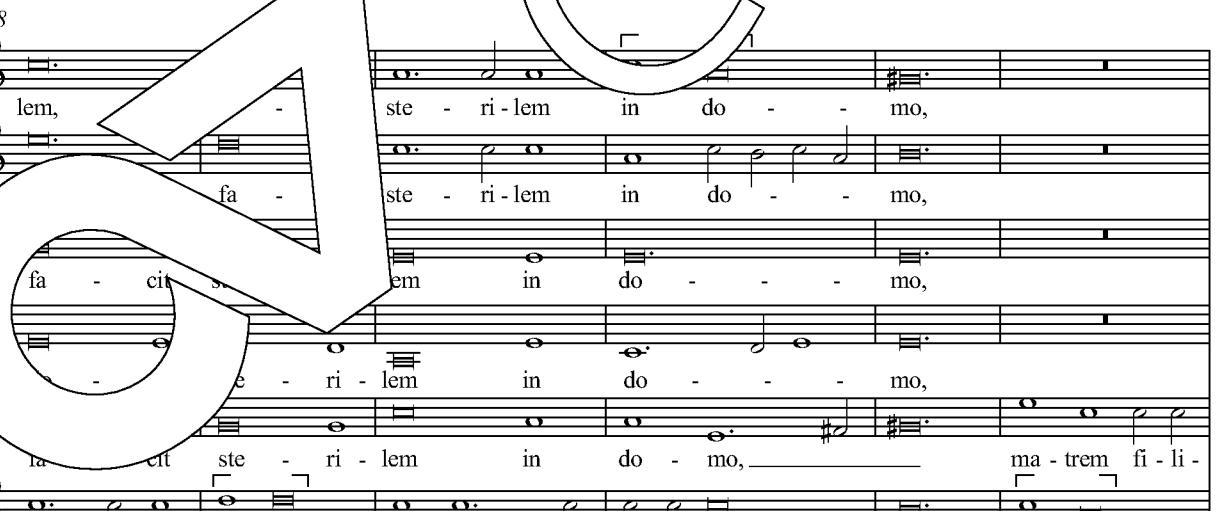
124

ci - pi po
pu - li su - - - i.
pu - li su - - - i.
su - - - i.
bus po - pu - li su - - - i.
ci - pi - bus po - pu - li su - - - i.
ci - pi - bus po - pu - li su - - - i.

Qui ha - bi - ta - re fa - cit ste - ri -
 Qui ha - bi - ta - re fa - cit ste - ri -
 Qui ha - bi - ta - re fa - cit ste - ri - lem,
 Qui ha - bi - ta - re fa - cit ste - ri - lem in
 Qui ha - bi - ta - re fa - cit ste - ri - lem, qui ha - bi - ta - re
 Qui ha - bi - ta - re fa - cit ste - ri - lem in -
 Qui ha - bi - ta - re fa - cit ste - ri - lem in - mo



lem, ste - ri - lem in do - - mo,
 fa - cit ste - ri - lem in do - - mo,
 fa - cit ste - ri - lem in do - - mo,
 fa - cit ste - ri - lem in do - - mo, ma - trem fi - li -
 ste - ri - lem in do - mo ma - trem fi - li - o - - rum, lae - tan -
 fa - cit ste - ri - lem in do - - mo, ma - trem fi - li -
 fa - cit ste - ri - lem in do - - mo, ma - trem fi - li -



ma - trem fi - li - o - rum lae - tan - - tem,

ma - trem fi - li - o - rum lae - tan - - tem, ma - trem fi - li -

ma - trem fi - li - o - rum lae - tan - - tem, ma - trem

ma - trem fi - li - o - rum lae - tan - - tem,

o - rum lae - tan - - tem, ma - trem fi - li - o - rum lae -

tem, ma - trem fi - li - o - rum lae - tan - - tem, ma - trem li -

ma - trem fi - li - o - rum lae - tan - - tem, lae - tan - - tem,

rum, li - o - rum lae - tan - - tem.

rum, li - o - rum lae - tan - - tem.

li - o - rum lae - tan - - tem. Glo - ri - a Pa - tri, et

rum lae - tan - - tem. Glo - ri - a Pa - tri, et

rum lae - tan - - tem. Glo - ri - a

tan, ma - trem fi - li - o - rum lae - tan - - tem.

o - rum ma - trem fi - li - o - rum lae - tan - - tem. Glo - ri - a

tan - tem, fi - li - o - rum lae - tan - - tem.

tem, ma - trem fi - li - o - rum lae - tan - - tem.

Doxologie

Glo - ri - a Pa - tri, et Fi - li - o,

Glo - ri - a Pa - tri, et Fi - li - o, glo - ri - a Pa - tri, et

Fi - li - o, glo - ri - a Pa - tri, et Fi - li - o,

Glo - ri - a Pa - tri, et Fi - li - o, glo - ri - a Pa - tri, et

Glo - ri - a Pa - tri, et Fi - li - o, glo - ri - a Pa - tri, et

Glo - ri - a Pa - tri, et Fi - li - o, glo - ri - a Pa - tri, et

Glo - ri - a Pa - tri, et Fi - li - o,

Glo - ri - a Pa - tri, et Fi - li - o, glo - ri - a Pa - tri, et

Glo - ri - a Pa - tri, et Fi - li - o,

Soprano II
Fi - li - o, Bi - ri - tu - i San - cto.

Tenor I
et Spi - ri - tu - i San - cto.

Bass II
Fi - li - o, et Spi - ri - tu - i San - cto.

Fi - li - o, et Spi - ri - tu - i San - cto.

172 Soprano I

Alto I glo - ri - a Pa - tri, et Fi - li - o,

Tenore I glo - ri - a Pa - tri, et Fi - li - o,

{ Tenore II Pa - tri, et Fi - li - o,

Basso I glo - ri - a Pa - tri, et Fi - li - o,

glo - ri - a Pa - tri, et Fi - li - o,

179

et Spi - ri - tu - i San - cto.

et Spi - ri - tu - i cto.

{ et Spi - ri - n - cto.

et Spi - ri - n - cto.

et Spi - ri - n - cto.

187 Alto I

Tenore I Sic - ut e - rat in prin - ci - pi - o, et nunc, et sem -

{ tu - - i San - cto. Sic - ut e - rat in prin - ci - pi - o, et nunc, et sem -

194 Soprano I

Soprano II Sic - ut e - rat in prin - ci - pi - o, et nunc, et sem - - - per,
 Alto I Sic - ut e - rat in prin - ci - pi - o, et nunc, et sem - - - per,
 per, sic - ut e - rat in prin - ci - pi - o, et nunc, et sem - - - per,
 Alto II
 Tenore I Sic - ut e - rat in prin - ci - pi - o, et nunc, et sem - - - per,
 per, in prin - ci - pi - o, et nunc, et sem - - - per,
 Tenore II
 Basso I Sic - ut e - rat in prin - ci - pi - o, et nunc, et sem - - - per,
 Basso II in prin - ci - pi - o, et nunc, et sem - - - per,
 Sic - ut e - rat in prin - ci - pi - o, et nunc sem - - - per,

200

et in sae - cu - la sae - cu - lo - rum. A -
 a sae - cu - lo - rum. A - - - men, et in sae - cu - la
 et in sae - cu - la sae - cu - lo - rum. A - - - men, et in sae - cu - la
 et in sae - cu - la sae - cu - lo - rum. A -

205

et in sae - cu - la sae - cu - lo - rum. A - -

et in sae - cu - la sae - cu - lo - rum. A - -

- men, et in sae - cu - la sae - cu - lo - rum. A - -

sae - cu - lo - rum. A - -

sae - cu - lo - rum. A - -

- men, et in sae - cu - la sae - cu - lo - rum. A - -

et in sae - cu - la sae - cu - lo - rum. A - -

et in sae - cu - la sae - cu - lo - rum. A - -

210

men, a

men, a

en, a -

a - -

men,

men, _____

men, a -

men, _____ a - -

A musical score page featuring six staves of music. The top four staves are in treble clef, and the bottom two are in bass clef. Measure numbers 216 and 217 are indicated above the first and second staves respectively. The music consists of eighth and sixteenth note patterns. Overlaid on the music are several large, stylized letters: a small 'a' below the first staff, a large 'A' and 'X' on the second staff, a large 'C' on the third staff, a large 'K' on the fourth staff, and a large 'S' on the fifth staff. The sixth staff contains the text 'men.' followed by 'Tenore II' and another 'men.' The letter 'I' is also present on the fifth staff.

5. Pulchra es

A due voci

Soprano I
Pul - chra es a - mi - ca me - a _____ su - a - vis
Soprano II

9
et de - co - - - ra, fi - li - a - - - le - ru - sa - lem

15
Pul chra a - mi - ca
a - mi - ca me - - -

19
me - a _____ su - - a - - vis et
- - a _____ su - a - - - vis et

24

— de - co - ra sic - ut Je - ru - sa -
— de - co - ra sic - ut Je - ru - sa -

29

lem: ter - ri - bi - lis ut ca - stro - rum a - ci -
lem: ter - ri - bi - lis

34

di na - ta. A - ver - te o - cu - los tu -
es di na - ta.

40 Soprano I

os a me, a me, a me qui - a i - - psi

46

me a - vo - la - re a - vo - la - re fe - ce - runt, me a - vo - la - re a - vo - la - re fe - ce - runt, me

54

a - vo - la - re, i - psi me - vo -

59

Soprano II

la-re, a - vo - la - re fe - ce - runt. A -

A -

65

ver - te o - cu - los tu - os a me, ____ a me ____

ver - te o - cu - los tu - os a me, ____

70

qui - a i - - psi me a - vo - la - re, a - vo - la - re fe - ce - runt,
 qui - a i - - psi me a - vo - la - re, a - vo - la - re fe - ce - runt,

Musical score for orchestra and choir, page 77, section 2. The score consists of three staves. The top staff is for the Soprano (S), the middle staff for the Alto (A), and the bottom staff for the Bass (B). The vocal parts sing "me a - vo - la - re, a - vo - la - re fe - ce - runt, me" in a repeating pattern. The bass staff shows harmonic changes between common time (C), 8/8 time, and 6/8 time. The key signature changes from C major to G major. The score is annotated with large, stylized letters 'G', 'A', 'V', and 'N' in white, which are part of a larger decorative element.

A musical score page featuring two staves. The top staff is for the soprano voice, starting with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature. The lyrics "la - - - - - re, - - - - - i - - - - - psi me a - vo -" are written below the notes. The bottom staff is for the piano, indicated by a treble clef and a bass clef. The page number "82" is in the top left corner.

80

la-re, a-vo-la - re fe-ce- runt, me, me ____ a - vo - la - - re fe - ce - - - runt.

la - re fe - ce- runt, me, me ____ a - vo - la - - re fe - ce - - - runt.

6. Laetus sum

A sei voci

Vers 1
Tenore II

8

Lae - ta - tus sum in his quae di -

cta sunt mi - hi: In do - mum I - mi - ni

16

Soprano I V Stan - tes e - rant pe - des no -

Soprano Stan - tes e - rant pe -

Tenor I Stan - tes e - rant pe - des no - stri, pe -

Tenor II Stan - tes e - rant pe - des no -

Basso i - bi - mus. Stan - tes

Stan - tes e - rant pe -

24

stri,

des no - stri,

- des no - stri, in a - tri - is tu - is Je - ru - sa - lem,

stri,

e - rant pe - des no - stri, in a - tri - is tu - is Je - ru - lem

- des no - stri, in a - tri - is tu - is Je - ru - sa - lem

33

in a - tri - is - is Je - ru - sa - lem.

in a - tri - is tu - is Je - ru - sa - lem.

a - tri - is tu - is Je - ru - sa - lem.

- tri - is, in a - tri - is tu - is Je - ru - sa - lem.

in a - tri - is, in a - tri - is tu - is Je - ru - sa - lem.

in a - tri - is, in a - tri - is tu - is Je - ru - sa - lem.

Vers 3

41

Tenor I

Je - ru - sa - lem, Je - ru - sa - lem, quae ae - di - fi - ca - tur ut ci - vi -

Tenor II

Je - ru - sa - lem, Je - ru - sa - lem, quae ae - di - fi - ca - tur ut ci - vi -



48

tas: cu - jus pa - o jus in id - i - psum.

tas: cu - jus - ti - ci - pa - ti - o jus in id - i - psum.



56

S. II luc e - nim,

Soprano II II luc e - nim,



62

Il - - - luc

Il - - - luc

Il - - - luc e

Il - - - luc

Il - - - luc e

66

e - - nim

nim, - - -

nim, - - -

nim, - - -

nim, - - -

luc e - - nim, il - - - luc - - e - - nim a - - scen - - nim, - - -

70

il - - - luc e - nim a - scen - de - runt tri - bus, tri - bus Do - mi - ni:
 il - - - luc e - nim a - scen - de - runt tri - bus, tri - bus Do - mi - ni:
 tri - bus Do - mi - ni:
 il - - - luc e - nim a - scen - de - runt tri - bus, tri - bus Do - mi - ni:
 de - runt tri - bus, tri - bus Do - mi - ni: te - s -
 il - - - luc e - nim a - scen - de - runt tri - bus, tri - bus Do - mi - ni:
 tri - bus Do - mi - ni:

74

te - sti - am I ra - el ad con - fi - ten - dum,
 mi-um
 el ad con - fi - ten - dum, ad con - fi -
 ad con - fi - ten - dum, ad con - fi -
 ad con - fi - ten - dum, ad con - fi -
 mo - ni - um I - sra - el ad con - fi - ten - dum, ad con - fi -
 te - sti - mo - ni - um I - sra - el ad con - fi - ten - dum, ad con - fi -
 te - sti - mo - ni - um I - sra - el

80

ad con - fi - ten - dum no - mi - ni Do - mi - ni, ad con - fi -

ten - dum,

dum no - mi - ni Do - mi - ni, ad con - fi - ten - dum,

ad con - fi - ten - dum no - mi - ni Do - mi - ni, ad con - fi -

ten - dum, ad con - fi - ten - dum,

87

Vers 5

ten dum no - mi - ni Do - mi - ni.

ad i - ten - dum no - mi - ni Do - mi - ni. Qui - a il -

ad con - en - dum no - mi - ni Do - mi - ni.

ad con - fi - ten - dum no - mi - ni Do - mi - ni.

ad con - fi - ten - dum no - mi - ni Do - mi - ni.

ten - dum, ad con - fi - ten - dum no - mi - ni Do - mi - ni.

54

93

Soprano I

Soprano II

Qui - a il - lic se - de-runt se - - des, se - de-runt se -

Basso

lic se - de-runt se - - des, qui - a il - lic se - de-runt se -

se - de-runt se - - des, se - de-runt se - - des, _____ se - de-runt se -

99

- des in ju - di - ci - o, se - des su - per do - mum, su -

des in ju - di - ci - o, se - des su - per

- des in ju - di - ci - o: se - des su - per do - mum, su - per

per do - vid.

Vers 6

do - mum Da - - vid.

Tenor I

Ro - ga - te quae ad pa - cem sunt

do - mum, su - per do - mum, su - per do - mum Da - vid. Ro - ga - te quae ad pa - cem sunt

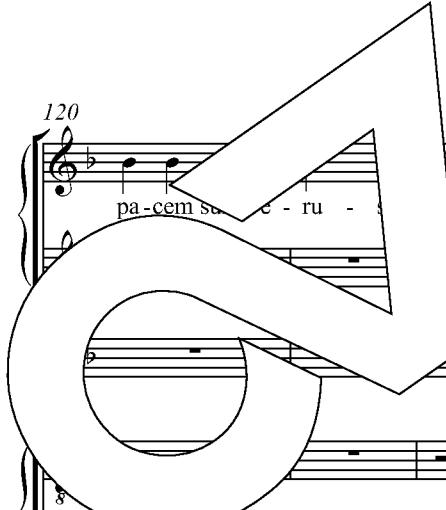
112

Ro - ga - te quae ad
 Ro - ga - te quae ad pa - cem sunt Je - ru - sa - lem:
 Je - ru - sa - lem, Je - ru - sa - lem:
 Ro - ga - te quae ad pa - cem sunt Je - ru - sa - lem:
 Je - ru - sa - lem:



120

pa - cem su - e - ru - n: et ab - un - dan - ti - a
 et ab - un - dan - ti - a
 et ab - un - dan - ti - a, et ab - un - dan - ti - a di - li - gen -
 et ab - un - dan - ti - a, et ab - un - dan - ti - a di - li - gen -



127

Vers 7

di - li - gen - ti - bus te.

a di - li - gen - ti - bus te.

di - li - gen - ti - bus te. Fi - at pax, fi - at

- ti - bus te. Fi - at pax, fi - at

ti - bus te. Fi - at pax, fi - at

8

133

x in vir - tu - te tu - -

in vir - tu - te tu - -

pax, fi - at pax in vir - tu - te tu - -

fi - at pax in vir - tu - te tu - -

pax, fi - at pax, fi - at pax in vir - tu - te tu - -

8

139

et ab - un - dan - ti - a in tur - ri - bus

a: et ab - un - dan - ti - a, et ab - un - dan - ti - a in

a: et ab - un - dan - ti - a in tur - ri -

a: et ab - un - dan - ti - a in tur - ri -

145

Vers 8

is.

bus tu - is. Pro - - - - pter,

bus tu - is.

151

Pro - - - - -
Pro - - - - -

156

pro-pter fra-tres, pro-pter fra-tres
pro-pter fra-tres, pro-pter fra-tres, pro - - -
pro - - - pter fra-tres me - os et
- - - pter, pro - - pter fra-tres me - os et pro - -
- - - pter, pro-pter fra-tres, pro-pter fra-tres, pro-pter fra - tres
- - - pter, pro-pter fra - tres, pro-pter fra - tres, pro-pter fra - tres

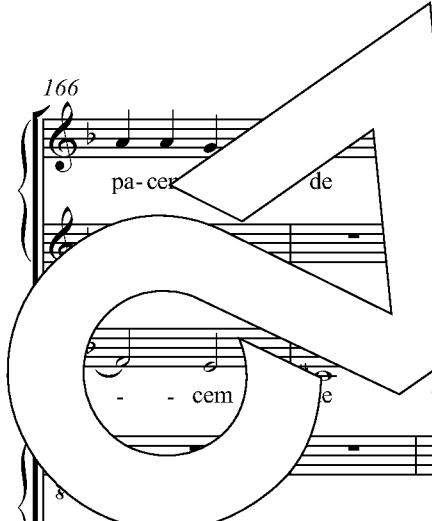
161

me - os et pro - xi - mos me - - os: lo - que - bar pa - cem, lo - que - bar
 fra - tres me - os et pro - xi - mos me - - os: lo - que - bar pa - cem, lo - que - bar pa - cem,
 pro - xi - mos me - - os: lo - que - bar pa -
 xi - mos me - - os: lo - que - bar pa - cem, lo - que - bar pa - cem,
 fra - tres me - os et pro - xi - mos me - - os: lo - que - bar pa - cem, lo - que - bar pa - cem,
 me - os et pro - - xi - mos me - - os:



166

pa - cer de , lo - que - bar pa - cem, pa - cem
 - - cem te, lo - que - bar pa - cem, lo - que - bar pa - cem, pa - cem
 lo - que - bar pa - cem, lo - que - bar pa - cem, lo - que - bar pa - cem
 pa - cem, pa - cem de te, lo - que - bar pa - cem, lo - que - bar pa - cem, pa - cem, pa - cem
 lo - que - bar pa - cem, lo - que - bar pa - cem, pa - cem, pa - cem



172

Vers 9

de te: Pro - pter do - mum, pro - pter
de te: Pro - pter
de te: Pro-pter
de te: Pro-pter do-mum Do - mi - ni
de te: Pro-pter do-mum Do - mi - ni, pro-pter do-mum Do - mi - ni
de te: Pro-pter do-mum Do - mi - ni

179

do - mum ni De - i no - stri, quae - si - vi bo -
do - mum ni De - i no - stri, quae - si - vi bo -
do - mum Do ni De - i no - stri, quae-si - vi
ni De - i no - stri, De - i no - stri, De - i no - stri, De - i no - stri

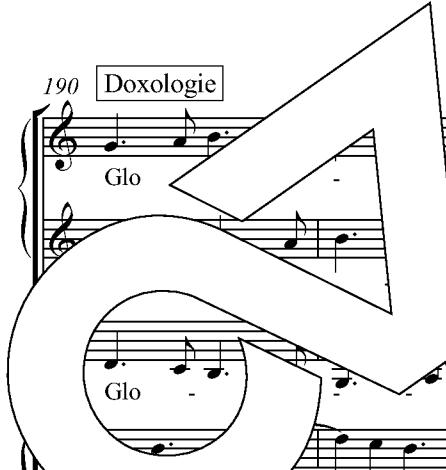
184

na _ ti - - bi, quea - si - vi bo - na ti - - bi.
 na, quea - si - vi bo - na, bo - na ti - bi.
 quea - si - vi, quea - si - vi bo - na ti - bi.
 8 quea - si - vi bo - na ti - bi.
 bo - na ti - bi, quea - si - vi bo - na ti - bi
 — quea - si - vi bo - na ti - bi, quea - si - vi bo - na ti - bi



190 Doxologie

Glo ri - a, glo
 Glo ri - a, glo



195

ri - a Pa - tri, et Fi - li - o, et Spi - ri - tu -
 - ri - a Pa - tri, et Fi - li - o, et Spi - ri - tu -
 - ri - a Pa - tri, et Fi - li - o, et Spi - ri - tu -
 - ri - a Pa - tri, et Fi - li - o, et Spi - ri - tu -
 - ri - a Pa - tri, et Fi - li - o, et Spi - ri - tu -
 a Pa - tri, et Fi - li - o, et Spi - ri - tu -

203

i San - cto, et Spi - ri - tu - i
 San - cto, et Spi - ri - tu -
 San - cto, et Spi - ri - tu -
 San - cto, et Spi - ri - tu - i
 i San - cto, et Spi - ri - tu -
 - - - i San - cto, et Spi - ri - tu -

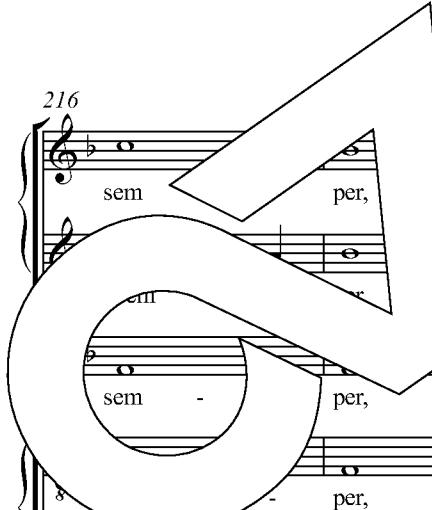
210

San - - - cto. Sicut erat in principio, et nunc, et
 - i San - - cto. Sicut erat in principio, et nunc, et
 - i San - - cto. Sicut erat in principio, et nunc, et
 San - - - cto. Sicut erat in principio, et nunc, et
 San - - cto. Sicut erat in principio, et nunc, et
 - i San - - - cto. Sicut erat in principio, et nunc, et



216

sem per, et in sae - cu - la, et in sae - cu - la sae - cu - lo - rum.
 sem per, et in sae - cu - la, et in sae - cu - la sae - cu - lo - rum.
 sem per, et in sae - cu - la, et in sae - cu - la sae - cu - lo - rum.
 sem - - per, et in sae - cu - la, et in sae - cu - la sae - cu - lo - rum.




221

A - men, et in sae - cu - la sae - cu - lo - rum.
et in sae - cu - la sae - cu - lo - rum.
A - men, et in sae - cu - la sae - cu - lo - rum.
et in sae - cu - la, et in sae - cu - la sae - cu - lo - rum.
A - men, et in sae - cu - la sae - cu - lo - rum.
et in sae - cu - la, et in sae - cu - la sae - cu - lo - rum.

226

A - men, a - - - - men.
a - - - - men.
a - - - - men.
men, a - - - - men.
A - - men, a - - - - men.
A - - men, a - - - - men.

7. Duo Seraphim

Tribus vocibus

Tenore I

Tenore II

Tenore III

Organo

8

16

19

rum: San - - - - ctus,

rum: San - - - -

Organo

23

San -
ctus, San -

26

ctus Do - mi - nus De - us Sa -
ctus Do - mi - De -

30

33

ba - oth. Ple - na _____ est o - mnis ter -
ba - oth. Ple - na _____ est o - mnis

36

ra, ple - na est o-mnis ter -

ra, ple - na est o-mnis

39

ra, o - mnis ter - ra glo -

ra, o - mnis ter - ra glo -

42

ri - a e - - jus.

ri - a e - - jus.

a 3

Tres sunt qui te-sti-mo ni - um dant in coe - lo
Tenore II

Tres sunt qui te-sti-mo ni - um dant, dant in coe - lo
Tenore III

Tres sunt qui te-sti - mo ni - um dant in coe - lo

53

55

ter Ver

Ver

et

bum et

Spi - ri - tus San

Spi - ri - tus San

Spi - ri - tus San

61

8 et hi tres u - num sunt, et hi tres u - num sunt.
8 et hi tres u - num sunt, et hi tres u - num sunt.
8 et hi tres u - num sunt, et hi tres u - num sunt.

69

8 San - - - - - ctus,
8 San - - - - -

72

8 San - - - - - ctus,
8 San - - - - -

75

8 San - - - - - ctus,
8 San - - - - -

77

8
ctus
Do - mi -
8 San

79

8 nus
8 De - us
8 Sa -
8 ctus
8 Do - mi - nus
8 De - us
8 Sa -
8 ctus
8 Do - ni - nus
8 De - us
8 Sa -

8 oth.
8 Ple - - na - est,
8 ba - oth.
8 Ple - - na -
8 ba - oth.
8 Ple - -

86

ple - - na est o - mnis ter - - ra
 est, ple - - na est o - mnis ter -
 na est, ple - - na est o - mnis

89

glo - - ri - a, glo - - ri - a,
 ra glo - - ri - g - - -
 ter glo - - glo - - -
 jus, glo - - ri - a, glo - ri - a e - jus.
 - ri - a e - jus, glo - - - ri - a, glo - ri - a e - jus.
 - ri - a e - jus, glo - - - ri - a e - jus.

Piano Accompaniment:

8. Nisi Dominus

A dieci voci

Vers 1

Soprano

Alto

Coro I

Tenore I

Tenore II

Basso

Soprano

Alto

Coro II

Basso

Organo

Ni - si Do - mi - nus, ni - si Do - mi - nus,
Ni - si Do - mi - nus, ni - si Do - mi - nus,
Ni - si Do - mi - nus, ni - si Do - mi - nus,
Ni - si Do - mi - nus, ni - si Do - mi - nus,
Ni - si Do - mi - nus, ni - si Do - mi - nus,
Ni - si Do - mi - nus, ni - si Do - mi - nus,
Ni - si Do - mi - nus, ni - si Do - mi - nus,
Ni - si Do - mi - nus, ni - si Do - mi - nus,
Ni - si Do - mi - nus, ni - si Do - mi - nus,

ni - si Do - mi - nus ae - di - fi - ca - - - ve -
 nus ae - di - fi - ca - - - ve - rit do -
 - mi - nus, ae - di - fi - ca - - ve - rit, ae - di - fi -
 nus ae - di - fi - ca - - ve - rit do - mi - ae - di -
 - mi - nus, ni - si Do - mi - nus ae - di - fi - ca - - ve - rit
 - mi - nus ae - di - fi - ca - - ve - rit, ae - di - fi -
 Do - mi - nus ae - di - fi - ca - - - ve - rit, ae -
 Do - mi - nus ae - di - fi -
 - mi - nus, ae - di - fi - ca - - - ve - rit

15

rit do - - - mum, in va - num la - ;
mum, in va - num, in ;
ca - ve - rit do - - mum, in va - num la - ;
ca - ve - rit do - - mum, in va - num la - ;
do - - - mum, in va - num ;
ca - - mum, in va - - num ;
di - n mum, in va - num ;
do - - mum, in va - num la - ;

Bass Clef

Common Time

Key Signature: One Sharp

bo - ra - ve - - - runt qui ae - di - - -

va - - - num la - bo - ra - ve - runt qui ae - di - fi -

bo - ra - ve - - - runt qui ae - di - - -

va - - - num la - bo - ra - ve - runt qui ae - di - - -

runt, in va - num la - bo - ra - ve - runt, in va - num la - bo - ra - ve - ant

la - - - bo - ra - ve - - - runt qui ae - di - - -

in num la - bo - ra - ve - runt

ra - ve - - runt qui ae - di - fi - cant,

la - bo - ra - ve - - runt qui ae - di - - -

bo - ra - ve - runt, in va - num la - bo - ra - ve - runt, in va - num la - bo - ra - ve -

(Vers 1)

30

The musical score consists of five systems of music. The top system shows four voices (Soprano, Alto, Tenor, Bass) and a piano. The lyrics are in Latin, with some words underlined. The vocal parts have large, flowing musical notes. The piano part at the bottom has a bass line and a treble line with chords. The score is labeled '30' in the top left corner and '(Vers 1)' in a box at the top right.

fi - cant e - - - am. Ni - si, ni - si Do - mi - nus cu - sto -
cant e - - - am. Ni - si, ni - si Do - mi - nus cu - sto -
- fi - cant e - - - am. Ni - si, ni - si Do - mi - nus cu - sto -
8 fi - cant e - - - am. Ni - si _____ Do - mi - nus cu - sto -
qui ae - di - fi - cant e - - - am. Ni - si, ni - si Do - mi - nus cu - sto -
- fi - cant e - - - am. Ni - si _____
qui fi - cant e - - - am.
ae - am.
e - - - am.
runt qui ae - di - fi - cant e - - - am.

The piano accompaniment is shown with two staves. The top staff is in common time (indicated by 'C') and the bottom staff is in 2/4 time (indicated by '2'). The bass staff has a bass clef and the treble staff has a treble clef. The piano part consists of eighth-note patterns and bass clef markings.

41

Coro I

di - e - rit ci - vi - ta - tem, ci - vi - ta - tem, fru - stra, fru - stra vi - gi -

di - e - rit ci - vi - ta - tem, ci - vi - ta - tem, fru - stra, fru - stra vi - gi -

di - e - rit ci - vi - ta - tem, ci - vi - ta - tem, fru - stra, fru - stra vi - gi -

di - e - rit ci - vi - ta - tem, ci - vi - ta - tem, fru - stra, fru - stra vi - gi -

di - e - rit ci - vi - ta - tem, ci - vi - ta - tem, fru - stra, fru - stra vi - gi -

di - e - rit ci - vi - ta - tem, ci - vi - ta - tem, fru - stra, fru - stra vi - gi -

48

Coro I

lat, fru - stra vi - gi - lat qui cu - sto - dit - - am.

lat, fru - stra vi - gi - lat qui cu - sto - di - e - am.

lat, fru - stra qui cu - sto - dit - - am.

lat qui cu - sto - dit e - am.

Coro II

Ni - si, ni - si Do - mi - nus cu - sto -

Ni - si, ni - si Do - mi - nus cu - sto -

Ni - si, ni - si Do - mi - nus cu - sto -

Ni - si, ni - si Do - mi - nus cu - sto -

Ni - si, ni - si Do - mi - nus cu - sto -

Ni - si, ni - si Do - mi - nus cu - sto -

55

Coro II

Vers 2+3

63

Coro I

Coro II

71

Coro I

ante lu-cem sur - ge-re: sur - gi - te, sur - gi-te post - quam se - de - ri-tis, qui man-du-

ante lu-cem sur - ge-re: sur - gi - te, sur - gi-te post - quam se - de - ri-tis, qui man-du-

ante lu-cem sur - ge-re: sur - gi - te, sur - gi-te post - quam se - de - ri-tis, qui man-du-

8 cem sur - ge-re: sur - gi - te post - quam se - de - ri - tis, qui man-du - ca - tis

ante lu-cem sur - ge-re: sur - gi - te, sur - gi-te post - quam se - de - ri-tis, qui man-du-

78

Coro I

ca - tis pa - nem do - lo - ris.

ca - tis pa - nem lo - ris.

8 ca - tis lo - ris.

ca - tis do - lo - ris.

- num, va - num est vo - bis

Coro II

Va - - num, va - num est vo - bis an - te lu-cem sur - ge-re,

8 Va - - num, va - num est vo - bis an - te lu-cem sur - ge-re,

Va - - num _____ est vo - - bis an - te lu -

Va - - num, va - num est vo - bis an - te lu-cem sur - ge-re,

85

Coro II

ante lu-cem sur - ge-re: sur - gi - te, sur - gi-te post - quam se - de - ri-tis, qui man-du-

ante lu-cem sur - ge-re: sur - gi - te, sur - gi-te post - quam se - de - ri-tis, qui man-du-

8 an - te lu-cem sur - ge-re: sur - gi - te, sur - gi-te post - quam se - de - ri-tis, qui man-du-

8 cem sur - ge-re: sur - gi - te post - quam se - de - ri - tis, qui man-du - ca - tis

ante lu-cem sur - ge-re: sur - gi - te, sur - gi-te post - quam se - de - ri-tis, qui man-du-



92

Coro I

Cum de - de - rit, cum de - de - rit di - le - ctis

Cum de - de - rit cum de - de - rit di - le - ctis su - is

8 Cum de - de - rit cum de - de - rit di - le - ctis su - is

- tis pa - nem do - lo - ris.

nem do - lo - ris.

ca - tis pa - nem do - lo - ris.

pa - nem do - lo - ris.

ca - tis pa - nem do - lo - ris.

Coro II



99

Coro I

so - - mnum: ec - ce hae - re - di-tas Do - mi-ni, fi - li - i: mer - ces,

so - - mnum: ec - ce hae - re - di-tas Do - mi-ni, fi - li - i: mer - ces,

so - - mnum: ec - ce hae - re - di-tas Do - mi-ni, fi - li - i: mer - ces,

so - - mnum: ec - ce hae - re - di-tas Do - mi-ni, fi - li - i: mer - ces,

so - - mnum: ec - ce hae - re - di-tas Do - mi-ni, fi - li - i: mer - ces,

so - - mnum: ec - ce hae - re - di-tas Do - mi-ni, fi - li - i: mer - ces,

106

Coro I

fru - ctus ven - tris.

fru - ctus ven - tris.

fru - ctus ven - tris.

ces, fru - ctus ven - tris.

Cum de - de - rit, cum de - de - rit di -

Cum de - de - rit, cum de - de - rit di - le - ctis

Cum de - de - rit, cum de - de - rit di - le - ctis

Cum de - de - rit, cum de - de - rit di - le - ctis

Cum de - de - rit, cum de - de - rit di - le - ctis

Cum de - de - rit, cum de - de - rit di - le - ctis

112

Coro II

le - cts su - is so - mnum: ec - ce hae - re - di-tas Do - mi-ni, fi - li - i:
 su - is so - mnum: ec - ce hae - re - di-tas Do - mi-ni, fi - li - i:
 su - is so - mnum: ec - ce hae - re - di-tas Do - mi-ni, fi - li - i:
 su - is so - mnum: ec - ce hae - re - di-tas Do - mi-ni, fi - li - i:
 su - is so - mnum: ec - ce hae - re - di-tas Do - mi-ni, fi - li - i:

119

Vers 4

Coro I

Sic - ut, sic - ut sa - git - tae in ma - nu pot -
 Sic - ut, sic - ut sa - git - tae in ma - nu pot -
 Sic - ut, sic - ut sa - git - tae in ma - nu pot -
 Sic - ut, sic - ut sa - git - tae in ma - nu pot -
 Sic - ut, sic - ut sa - git - tae in ma - nu pot -
 mer - ces, fru - ctus ven - tris.
 mer - ces, fru - ctus ven - tris.

Coro II

mer - ces, fru - ctus ven - tris.
 mer - ces, fru - ctus ven - tris.

126

Coro I

en - tis, in ma - nu pot - en - tis: i - ta fi - li - i, i - ta fi - li - i
en - tis, in ma - nu pot - en - tis: i - ta fi - li - i, i - ta fi - li - i
en - tis, in ma - nu pot - en - tis: i - ta fi - li - i, i - ta fi - li - i,
ma - - nu pot - en - tis: i - ta fi - li - i, i - ta fi - li - i
en - tis, in ma - nu pot - en - tis: i - ta fi - li - i, i - ta fi - li - i

133

Coro I

ex - cus - so - rum.
ex - cus - so - rum.
i - ta
ex - cus - rum.
ex - cus - rum.
Sic - ut, sic - ut sa - git - tae in ma - nu pot - en - tis, in
Sic - ut, sic - ut sa - git - tae in ma - nu pot - en - tis, in
Sic - - ut, sic - ut sa - git - tae in ma - -
Sic - ut, sic - ut sa - git - tae in ma - nu pot - en - tis, in

Coro II

Be - a - tus vir qui im - ple - vit de - si - de - ri - um su - um ex i - psis:

Be - a - tus vir qui im - ple - vit de - si - de - ri - um su - um ex i - - - psis:

8 Be - a - tus vir qui im - ple - vit de - si - de - ri - um su - um ex i - - - psis:

8 Be - a - - tus vir qui im - ple - vit de - si - de - ri - um su - um ex i - - - psis:

Be - a - tus vir qui im - ple - vit de - si - de - ri - um su - um ex i - - - psis:

ma - nu pot - en - tis:

ma - nu pot - en - tis:

nu pot - en - tis:

Be - a - tus vir qui im -

Be - a - tus vir qui im -

Be - a - tus vir qui im -

Be - a - - tus

ma - nu pot - en - tis:

Be - a - tus vir qui im -

non con - fun - de - tur, non con - fun - de - tur cum lo - que - tur in - i - mi - cis,

non con - fun - de - tur, non con - fun - de - tur cum lo - que - tur in - i - mi - cis

non con - fun - de - tur, non con - fun - de - tur cum lo - que - tur in - i - mi - cis

psis: non con - fun - de - tur cum lo - que - tur in - i - mi - cis,

non con - fun - de - tur, non con - fun - de - tur cum lo - que - tur in - i - mi - cis,

ple - vit: non con - fun - de - tur, non con - fun - de - tur cum lo - que - tur in - i -

ple - - - - - tur, non con - fun - de - tur cum lo - que - tur in - i -

- tur, non con - fun - de - tur cum lo - que - tur in - i -

- tur, non con - fun - de - tur cum lo - que - tur in - i -

con - fun - de - tur cum lo - que - tur in - i -

ple - vit: non con - fun - de - tur non con - fun - de - tur cum lo - que - tur in - i -

in - i - mi - cis su - is in por - ta. Glo - ri - a

su - - - is, su - is in por - ta. Glo - ri - a Pa -

su - is, in - i - mi - cis su - is in por - ta. Glo - - ri - a Pa -

mi - cis su - is in por - ta. Glo - ri - -

in - i - mi - cis su - is in por - ta. Glo - ri - a

mi - ci - - is in por - ta. Glo - ri - a Pa -

- cis - is in por - ta. Glo - - ri - - a

mi - cis su - is in por - ta. Glo - ri - - a

mi - cis su - is in por - ta. Glo - ri - a

Pa - tri, et Fi - li - o, et Spi - ri - tu - - i San - cto.

- - tri, et Fi - li - o, et Spi - ri - tu - - i San - - cto.

8 - - tri, et Fi - li - o, et Spi - ri - tu - i San - - cto.

8 Pa - tri, et Fi - li - o, et Spi - ri - tu - i San - cto.

Pa - tri, et Fi - li - o, et Spi - ri - tu - i San - - cto.

li - o, et Spi - ri - tu - i San - - cto.

et Fi - li - o, et Spi - ri - tu - i San - - cto.

Pa - tri, et Fi - li - o, et Spi - ri - tu - i San - cto.

Sic - ut e - - - - rat, sic - ut e - - - - rat,

Sic - ut e - rat, sic - ut e - rat, sic - ut e -

Sic - ut, sic - ut e - - - - rat, sic - ut e -

Sic - - - ut, sic - ut e - - - - ,

Sic - ut e - - - - rat, sic - ut e -

Sic - ut e - - - - rat, sic - ut e - - - - rat,

Sic - ut, sic - ut e - - - - rat, sic - ut e -

Sic - - - ut, sic - ut e - - - - ,

Sic - ut, sic - ut e - - - - rat, sic - ut e -

Sic - ut, sic - ut e - - - - rat, sic - ut e -

Sheet music for three voices (Soprano, Alto, Bass) and piano. The vocal parts are in G major, 2/4 time. The piano part is in G major, 3/4 time.

Soprano:

- Line 1: sic - ut e - rat in prin - ci - pi - o,
- Line 2: rat in _____ prin - ci - pi - o, et nunc,
- Line 3: - rat in____ prin - ci - pi - o, et nunc, et ____
- Line 4: — e - - - rat in prin - ci - pi - o, et nunc,
- Line 5: sic - ut e - - - rat in prin - ci - pi - o, et nunc,
- Line 6: - rat, sic - ut e - - - rat in prin - ci - pi - o, et nunc,
- Line 7: in prin - ci - pi - o, et nunc, _____
- Line 8: e - - rat in prin - ci - - - pi - o, et nunc,
- Line 9: - - - rat in prin - ci - pi - o, et nunc, _____

Alto:

- Line 1: sic - ut e - rat in prin - ci - pi - o,
- Line 2: rat in _____ prin - ci - pi - o, et nunc,
- Line 3: - rat in____ prin - ci - pi - o, et nunc, et ____
- Line 4: — e - - - rat in prin - ci - pi - o, et nunc,
- Line 5: sic - ut e - - - rat in prin - ci - pi - o, et nunc,
- Line 6: - rat, sic - ut e - - - rat in prin - ci - pi - o, et nunc,
- Line 7: in prin - ci - pi - o, et nunc, _____
- Line 8: e - - rat in prin - ci - - - pi - o, et nunc,
- Line 9: - - - rat in prin - ci - pi - o, et nunc, _____

Bass:

- Line 1: sic - ut e - rat in prin - ci - pi - o,
- Line 2: rat in _____ prin - ci - pi - o, et nunc,
- Line 3: - rat in____ prin - ci - pi - o, et nunc, et ____
- Line 4: — e - - - rat in prin - ci - pi - o, et nunc,
- Line 5: sic - ut e - - - rat in prin - ci - pi - o, et nunc,
- Line 6: - rat, sic - ut e - - - rat in prin - ci - pi - o, et nunc,
- Line 7: in prin - ci - pi - o, et nunc, _____
- Line 8: e - - rat in prin - ci - - - pi - o, et nunc,
- Line 9: - - - rat in prin - ci - pi - o, et nunc, _____

Piano:

- Line 1: G major, 2/4 time.
- Line 2: G major, 3/4 time.
- Line 3: G major, 2/4 time.
- Line 4: G major, 3/4 time.
- Line 5: G major, 2/4 time.
- Line 6: G major, 3/4 time.
- Line 7: G major, 2/4 time.
- Line 8: G major, 3/4 time.
- Line 9: G major, 2/4 time.

et nunc, _____ et sem - per, _____ et in sae - - - cu-la,

_____ et sem - - - per, _____ et in sae - cu - la,

— nunc, et sem - - - per, _____ et in sae - - - cu-la,

— et _____ sem - per, _____

nunc, et sem - - - per, _____ et in sae cu - la

nunc, _____ et - per et sae - - - cu -

et - per, _____ et in sae - cu -

nunc, et - per, _____ et in sae - - -

sem - per, _____ et in sae - - - cu -

et sem - - - per, _____ et in sae - - - cu -

8 8 8 8 8 8

et in sae - - cu-la sae - cu - lo - - -

et in sae - cu - la, et in sae - cu - la

et in sae - - cu - la sae - cu - lo - - -

et in sae - - cu - la

et in sae - cu - la, et in sae - cu - la

la, in sae - - cu - la in sae - -

la, sae - cu - la, et in sae - cu - la

- cu - la, in sae - - cu - la, et in sae - -

in sae - - cu - la

la, et in sae - cu - la, et in sae - cu - la

- rum, sae - cu - lo - rum. — A - - - men.

sae - cu - lo - rum. — A - - - men.

- rum, sae - cu - lo - rum. — A - - - men.

sae - cu - lo - rum. — A - - - men.

- cu - la sae - lo - rum. — A - - - men.

sae - cu - la - rum. — A - - - men.

- cu - la - rum. — A - - - men.

lo - rum. — A - - - men.

sae - cu - lo - rum. — A - - - men.

9a. Audi coelum

Prima ad una voce sola, poi nella fine à 6 voci *

Tenore I

Au - di, au - di coe - lum ver - ba me - a ple - na

Tenore II (Echo)

10 de-si - de - ri - o, et per - fu - - sa gau -

15 Dic, — dic quae - so di - o

20 mi - hi, — dic quae - so mi - hi: quae est i - sta, quae est i - sta quae con -

* Erst für eine Stimme [Satz 9a], dann, am Ende, zu sechs Stimmen [Satz 9b] / At first for one voice [mvt. 9a.), then, at the conclusion for six voices.

25

sur - gens _____ ut au - - ro - - -

28

ra _____ ru - ti - lat ut _____ be-ne - di - - - cam?

33

nam
ul-chra ut lu - na e - le - cta ut sol re - plet lae - ti -

40

ter ras, coe -

44

T II (Echo)

los, ma - ri - a,
Ma -

48

Ma - ri - a, Ma - ri - a,
Ma - ri -

54

a, Ma - ri - a vir - go il - la dul - cis, dul - cis
a

59

il - la, il - la dul - cis pre-di - ca - ta a Pro - phe - tis E - ze - chi - el por - ta O - ri - en -

* Dieses Echo steht nicht in der Generalbass-Partitur. Es folgt direkt der Auftakt zu T. 50.
This echo does not appear in the basso continuo score. Here, the upbeat to m. 50 follows directly.

65

ta - lis.
Il - la sa - cra, et fe - lix por - ta per quam mors fu - it ex - pul - sa

Ta - lis
f *p* *f*

70

in - tro - du - xit au - tem vi - ta.
Quae sem - per tu - tum est me - di - um in - ter
I - ta

p *f*

75

De - um pro
pis re - me - di - um.
Me - di - um

p

80

O
mnes,

f

9b. Omnes hanc ergo

Qui entrano le altre cinque parti a cantare

85

S I
O - mnes, o - mnes hanc

S II
O - mnes,

A
O - mnes, o - mnes hanc er - go se -

TI
O - mnes, o - mnes hanc er - go se - qua - mur,

T II
O - mnes, o - mnes hanc er - go se -

B
O - mnes, o - mnes hanc er - go se - qua mur,

92

- mur, ha - go se - qua - mur, hanc er - go se - qua - - -

ha - go se - qua - mur, hanc er - go se - qua - - -

o - mnes hanc er - go se - qua - mur, hanc er - go se - qua - - -

qua - mur,

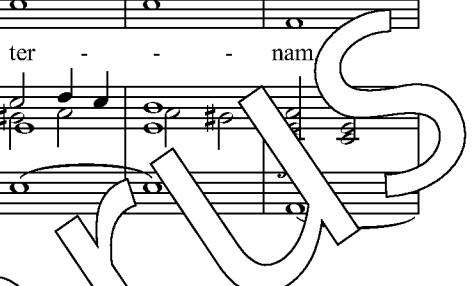
99

mur, o - mnes hanc er - go se - qua - mur, hanc er - go se - qua - mur, se -
mur, o - mnes hanc er - go se - qua - mur, hanc er - go se -
o - mnes hanc er - go se - qua - mur, o - mnes hanc er - go se - qua - mur, hanc
mur, o - mnes hanc er - go se - qua - mur, hanc er - go se - qua - mur, hanc
o - mnes hanc er - go se - qua - mur, hanc er - go se - qua - mur, hanc
o - mnes hanc er - go se - qua - mur, hanc er - go se - qua - mur, hanc
106

qua - mur, hanc er - go se - mur, qua cum
mur, hanc er - go se - mur, qua cum gra - ti - a, qua cum
mur, qua cum gra - ti - a, qua cum
qua cum gra - ti - a, qua cum
er - go se - qua - mur, qua cum
er - go se - qua - mur, qua cum
er - go se - qua - mur, qua cum

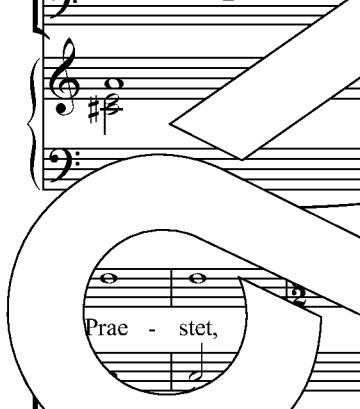
114

grati-a me-re-a-mur vi-tam ae-ter-nam.
 grati-a me-re-a-mur vi-tam ae-ter-nam.
 grati-a me-re-a-mur vi-tam ae-ter-nam.
 cum grati-a me-re-a-mur vi-tam ae-ter-nam. Con-se-
 grati-a me-re-a-mur vi-tam ae-ter-nam
 grati-a me-re-a-mur vi-tam ae-ter-nam
 grati-a me-re-a-mur vi-tam ae-ter-nam



123

qua-mu-[Echo]
 se-qua-mur.
 Prae-stet,
 praestet nobis Deus
 praestet nobis Deus,
 Prae-stet, praestet nobis Deus,
 Prae-stet nobis Deus,
 Prae-stet, praestet nobis Deus,
 Prae-stet nobis Deus,



Pa - ter hoc et Fi - li - us _____ et Ma - ter, pree - stet no - bis
no - bis De - us Pa - ter hoc et Fi - li - us, et Ma - ter
De - us Pa - ter hoc et Fi - li - us et Ma - ter
prae - stet no - bis De - us,

De - ter hoc
Fi - li - us, et Fi - li - us et Ma - ter
Pa - ter hoc et Fi - li - us et Ma - ter
- stet no -
De Pa - ter hoc et Fi - li - us et Ma - ter
no - bis De - us Pa - ter hoc et Fi - li - us et Ma - ter
no - bis De - us Pa - ter hoc et Fi - li - us et Ma - ter

153

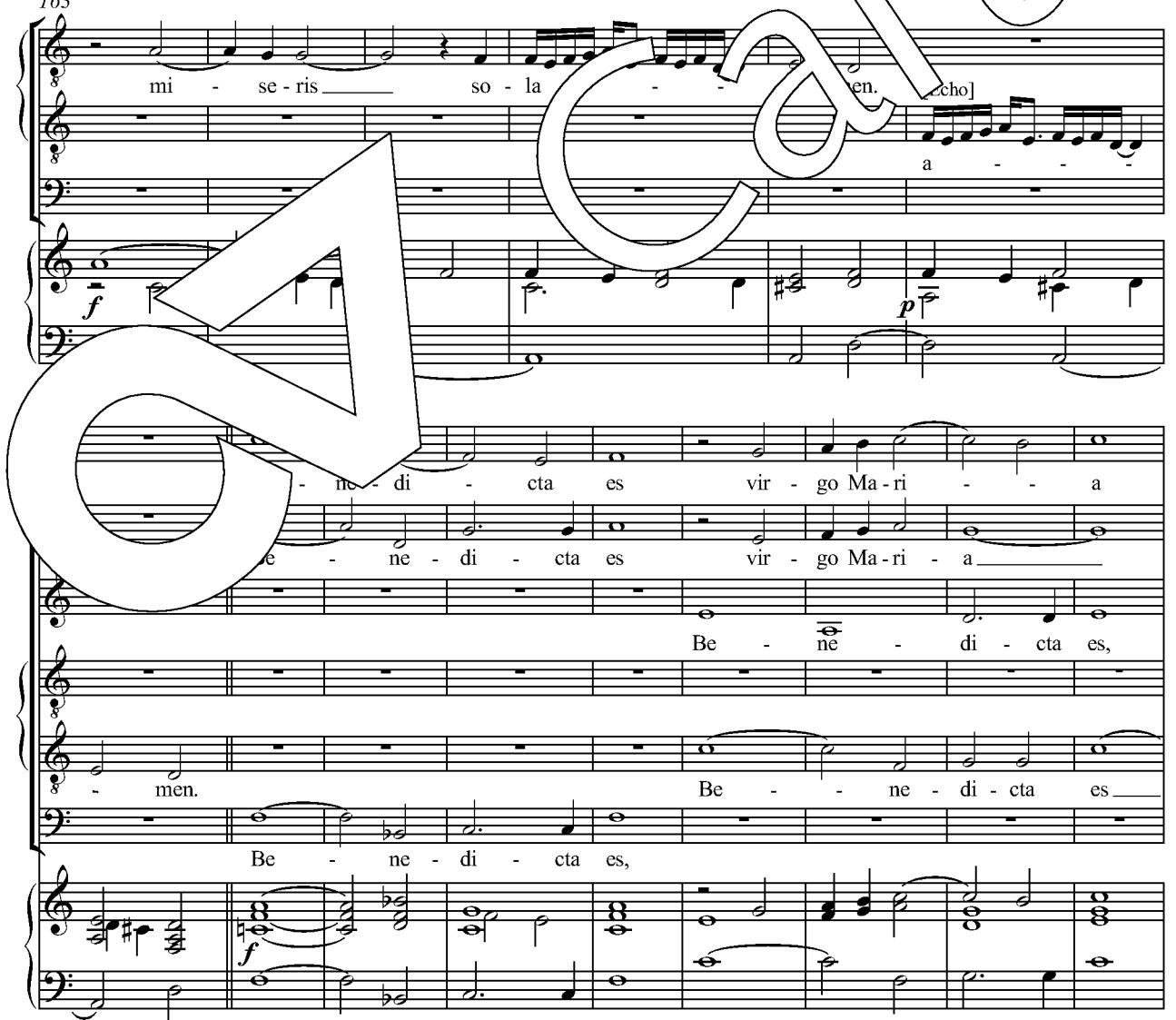
cu - jus no - men in - vo - ca - mus dul - ce.
 cu - jus no - men, cu - jus no - men in - vo - ca - mus dul - ce.
 cu - jus no - men, cu - jus no - men in - vo - ca - mus dul - ce.
 cu - jus no - men, cu - jus no - men in - vo - ca - mus dul - ce
 cu - jus no - men, cu - jus no - men in - vo - ca - mus dul - ce.



163

mi - se - ris so - la - en. [echo] a -
 f

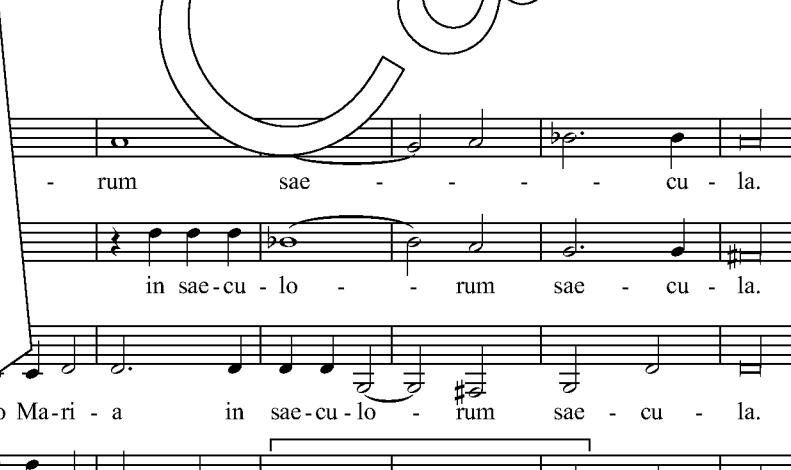
- mo - di - cta es vir - go Ma - ri - a
 e - ne - di - cta es vir - go Ma - ri - a
 Be - ne - di - cta es,
 men. Be - ne - di - cta es,
 Be - ne - di - cta es,



in sae - cu - lo - rum sae - cu - la, be - ne - di - cta es vir -
 in sae - cu - lo - rum sae - cu - la, be - ne - di - cta es
 be - ne - di - cta es
 Be - ne - di - cta es vir -
 — vir - go Ma - ri - a, be
 be - ne - di - cta es vir - go Ma - ri - a, ae - cu -



go Ma - ri - in sae - cu -
 rum sae - cu - la.
 in sae - cu - lo - rum sae - cu - la.
 vir - go Ma - ri - a in sae - cu - lo - rum sae - cu - la.
 go Ma - ri - a in sae - cu - lo - rum sae - cu - la.
 ne - di - cta es vir - go Ma - ri - a in sae - cu - lo - rum sae - cu - la.
 lo - rum sae - cu - la, in sae - cu - lo - rum sae - cu - la.



10. Lauda Jerusalem

A Sette voci

Vers 1

The musical score consists of eight staves, grouped into two sections: Coro I (Soprano I, Alto I, Basso I) and Coro II (Tenore, Soprano II, Alto II, Basso II). The Organo part is also included. The score features several performance markings and annotations:

- Coro I:** The first three staves (Soprano I, Alto I, Basso I) are grouped under "Coro I". They sing "Lau - da," followed by "lau - da Je - ru - sa - lem".
- Coro II:** The next four staves (Tenore, Soprano II, Alto II, Basso II) are grouped under "Coro II". They sing "Lau - da," followed by "lau - da Je - ru - sa - lem" and "Do - mi - num:".
- Organo:** The organ part includes a basso continuo staff. It features a large circle with a diagonal line through it, indicating a sustained note or pedal point. The vocal parts "lau - da Je - ru - sa - lem" and "lau - da De - um" are annotated with arrows pointing to specific notes in the organ part.
- Annotations:**
 - A large circle highlights the word "Do - mi - num:" in the vocal parts.
 - A large circle highlights the word "Si - on." in the vocal parts.
 - A large circle highlights the word "tu - um" in the vocal parts.
 - Large arrows point from the vocal parts to the organ staff, indicating harmonic support or specific registrations.
- Measure Numbers:** Measure numbers 8 and 9 are indicated at the beginning of the second section.

Vers 2

17

8

24

30

Vers 3

tu - is. Qui po - su - it fi -
 - is. Qui po - su - it fi -
 - is. Qui po - su - it fi -

8 tu - is in te. Qui po - su - it fi - nes
 fi - li-is tu - - is in te.
 fi - li-is tu - - is in te.
 fi - li-is tu - - is in te.

36

Vers 4

- nes tu - cen
 pa - cen
 - nes tu - os
 - os - cem: et ad - i - pe fru-men - ti sa - ti - at te.
 Qui e -
 Qui e - mit -

et ad - i - pe fru - men - ti sa - - - ti - at te.
 et ad - i - pe fru-men-ti sa - - - ti - at te.
 et ad - i - pe fru-men - ti sa - ti - at te.

42

Qui e-mit-tit e - lo-qui-um su - um ter - rae:
mit - tit e - lo-qui-um su-um ter - rae:
tit e - lo-qui-um su - um ter - rae:

Qui e - mit-tit e - lo - qui-um su - um ter - rae: ve - lo - ci - ter cur - rit ser - mo e -
ve - lo - ci - ter cur - rit ser - mo e -
ve - lo - ci - ter cur - rit ser - mo e -

ve - lo - ci - ter cur - rit ser - mo e -

48 Vers 5

Qui dat ne bu-lam spar -
dat ne bu-lam spar -
dat ne bu-lam spar -

ne bu-lam spar -
ne bu-lam spar -
ne bu-lam spar -

ne bu-lam sic - ut ci - ne - rem
sic - ut ci - ne - rem.
sic - ut ci - ne - rem.

ne bu-lam sic - ut ci - ne - rem
sic - ut ci - ne - rem.
sic - ut ci - ne - rem.

ne bu-lam sic - ut ci - ne - rem
sic - ut ci - ne - rem.
sic - ut ci - ne - rem.

git. su - - am ante fa - ci-em
 git. su - - am ante fa - ci-em
 git. su - - am ante fa - ci-em

8 spar - git. Mit - tit cry - stal - lum su - am sic - ut buc - cel - las: an -
 Mit - tit cry - stal - lum sic - ut buc - cel - las:
 Mit - tit cry - stal - lum sic - ut buc - cel - las: an -
 Mit - tit cry - stal - lum sic - ut buc - cel - las:

go - ris
 go - ri
 - jus. E - mit - tet ver - bum su - um, et li - que -
 - jus. E - mit - tet ver - bum su - um, et li - que -
 - jus. E - mit - tet ver - bum su - um, et li - que -
 ri - go - ris e - jus quis su - sti - ne - bit? E - mit - tet ver - bum
 - te fa - ci - em quis su - sti - ne - bit? E - mit - tet ver - bum su - um,
 - te fa - ci - em quis su - sti - ne - bit? E - mit - tet ver - bum su - um,
 - te fa - ci - em quis su - sti - ne - bit? E - mit - tet ver - bum su - um,

69

fa - ci - et, et li - que - fa - ci - et e - a: fla - bit spi - ri - tus e - jus, et
 fa - ci - et, et li - que - fa - ci - et e - a: fla - bit spi - ri - tus e - jus, et
 fa - ci - et, et li - que - fa - ci - et e - a: fla - bit spi - ri - tus e - jus, et
 su - um, et li - que - fa - ci - et e - a: fla - bit spi - ri - tus e -
 et li - que - fa - ci - et, et li - que - fa - ci - et e - a: fla - bit spi - ri
 et li - que - fa - ci - et, et li - que - fa - ci - et e - a: fla - bit spi - ri - tus
 et li - que - fa - ci - et, et li - que - fa - ci - et e - a: fla - bit spi - ri - tus

75

flu - ent - quae. Qui an - nun - ti - at ver - bum su - um
 flu - ent - quae. Qui an - nun - ti - at ver - bum su - um
 flu - ent - quae. Qui an - nun - ti - at ver - bum su - um
 flu - ent - a - quae. Qui an - nun - ti - at ver - bum
 e - jus, et flu - ent a - quae. Qui an - nun - ti - at ver - bum
 e - jus, et flu - ent a - quae. Qui an - nun - ti - at ver - bum

Vers 8

Ja - cob: ju - sti - ti - as, ju - sti - ti - as et ju - di - ci - a su - a
 Ja - cob: ju - sti - ti - as, ju - sti - ti - as et ju - di - ci - a su - a I -
 Ja - cob: ju - sti - ti - as, ju - sti - ti - as et ju - di - ci - a su - a

8 an-nun - ti - at ver - bum su - um Ja - cob: ju - sti - ti - as et ju - di - ci - a su -

su - um Ja - cob: ju - sti - ti - as, ju - sti - ti - as et ju - di - ci - a -

su - um Ja - cob: ju - sti - ti - as, ju - sti - ti - as et ju - di - ci - a su -

su - um Ja - cob: ju - sti - ti - as, ju - sti - ti - as et ju - di - ci - a -

I - sra - el. Non fe - cit ta - li - ter o - mni na - ti - o - ni
 Non fe - cit ta - li - ter o - mni na - ti - o - ni
 Non fe - cit ta - li - ter o - mni na - ti - o - ni
 Non fe - cit ta - li - ter o - mni na - ti - o - ni

a I - sra - el. Non fe - cit ta - li - ter o - mni na - ti - o - ni
 a I - sra - el. Non fe - cit ta - li - ter o - mni na - ti - o - ni
 a I - sra - el. Non fe - cit ta - li - ter o - mni na - ti - o - ni

93

ni, o - mni na - ti - o - ni: et ju - di - ci - a, et ju - di - ci - a
 ni, o - mni na - ti - o - ni: et ju - di - ci - a, et ju - di - ci - a su -
 o - mni na - ti - o - ni: et ju - di - ci - a, et ju - di - ci - a
 8 ti - o - ni: et ju - di - ci - a su - a non ma - ni - fe -
 o - ni, o - mni na - ti - o - ni: et ju - di - ci - a, et ju - di - ci -
 ni, o - mni na - ti - o - ni: et ju - di - ci - a, et ju - di - ci -
 ni, o - mni na - ti - o - ni: et ju - di - ci - a, et ju - di - ci -
 ni, o - mni na - ti - o - ni: et ju - di - ci - a, et ju - di - ci -

99

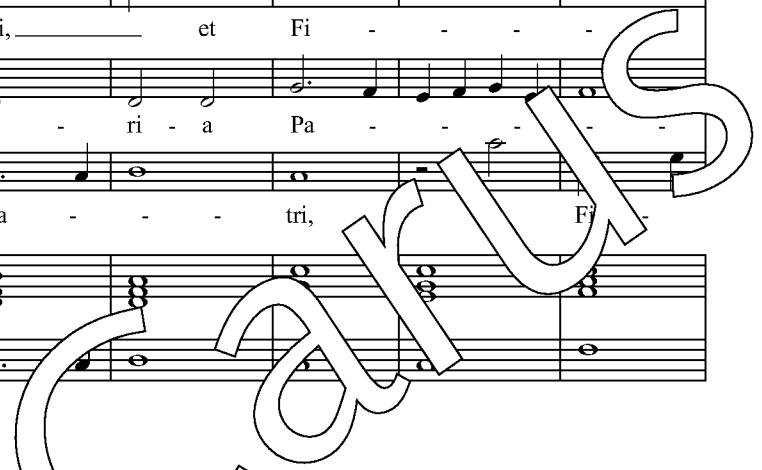
su - a - fe - sta - vit e - is.
 su - a - fe - sta - vit e - is.
 su - a - fe - sta - vit e - is.
 su - a - fe - sta - vit e - is.
 a su - a non ma - ni - fe - sta - vit e - is.
 su - a non ma - ni - fe - sta - vit e - is.
 a su - a non ma - ni - fe - sta - vit e - is.

* Die Takte 95 bis 102 wurden in der vorliegenden Auflage entsprechend dem Originaldruck korrigiert.

In the present print run, measures 95 through 102 have been corrected in accordance with the original part books.

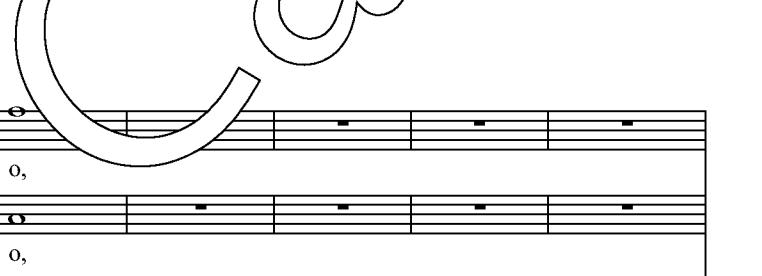
107 Doxologie

Glo - - ri - a Pa - - tri,
 Glo - - - ri - a Pa - tri, et Fi -
 Glo - - - - ri - a Pa - - tri, et
 8 Glo - ri - a Pa - tri, et Fi - li - o, et
 Glo - ri - a Pa - tri, et Fi -
 Glo - - - - ri - a Pa -
 Glo - - ri - a Pa - tri, Fi -



115

li - o,
 o,
 Fi - li - o,
 li - o, et Spi - ri - tu - i San -
 li - o, et Spi - ri - tu - i San -
 tri, et Fi - li - o, et Spi - ri - tu - i San -
 li - o,



123

et Spi - ri - tu - i San - - - cto.

et Spi - ri - tu - i San - - - cto.

et Spi - ri - tu - - i San - - - cto.

cto, et Spi - ri - - tu - i San - - - cto.

cto, et Spi - ri - - tu - i San - - - cto.

et Spi - ri - - tu - i San

131

Sic - ut in - ci - o, et nunc, et sem - per,

in prin - ci - , et nunc, et sem - per,

- ut e - in p - et nunc, et sem - per,

prin - ci - pi - o, et nunc, et sem - per, et

Sic - ut e - rat in prin - ci - pi - o, et nunc, et sem - per,

Sic - ut e - rat in prin - ci - pi - o, et nunc, et sem - per,

Sic - ut e - rat in prin - ci - pi - o, et nunc, et sem - per,

et in sae - cu - la sae - cu - lo - rum. A - - - men.

et in

in sae - cu - la sae - cu - lo - rum. A - - - men.

et in sae - cu - la sae - cu - lo - rum. A - - - men.

et in sae - cu - la sae - cu - lo - rum. A - - - men.

et in sae - cu - la sae - cu - lo - rum. A - - - men.

in cu - la sae - cu - lo - rum. A - - -

sae - cu - la, et cu - lo - rum. A - - -

sae - cu - la sae - cu - lo - rum. A - - -

sae - cu - la sae - cu - lo - rum. A - - -

Et in sae - cu - la sae - cu - lo - rum. A - - -

Et in sae - cu - la sae - cu - lo - rum. A - - -

Et in sae - cu - la sae - cu - lo - rum. A - - -

151

men, a - - men, a - - men, a - -
 men, a - - men, a - - men, a - -
 men, a - - men, a - - men, a - -
 men, a - - men, a - - men, a - -
 men, a - - men, a - - men, a - -
 men, a - - men, a - - men, a - -
 men, a - - men, a - - men, a - -
 men, a - - men, a - - men, a - -

157

men, a - - men.
 men, a - - men.

11. Sonata sopra Sancta Maria, ora pro nobis

a 8

Cornetti
Archi
Tromboni
Basso
generale

Musical score for the first system. It consists of two staves. The top staff is in common time (C) and has a treble clef. The bottom staff is in common time (C) and has a bass clef. The music is written in a style typical of early printed music, with square note heads and vertical stems.

Musical score page 2, starting at measure 7. The top staff is in common time (C) with a treble clef. The bottom staff is in common time (C) with a bass clef. The music continues in the same style as the previous page.

Musical score page 3, starting at measure 13. The top staff is in common time (C) with a treble clef. The bottom staff is in common time (C) with a bass clef. Large, stylized letters 'S' and 'G' are overlaid on the music, with 'S' positioned above the 13th measure and 'G' spanning measures 13 through 19. The music includes various rests and note patterns.

Musical score page 4, starting at measure 25. The top staff is in common time (C) with a treble clef. The bottom staff is in common time (C) with a bass clef. Large, stylized letters 'A' and 'N' are overlaid on the music, with 'A' positioned above the 25th measure and 'N' spanning measures 25 through 31. The music features a prominent bassoon-like sound indicated by a circle with a dot.

Musical score page 5, starting at measure 31. The top staff is in common time (C) with a treble clef. The bottom staff is in common time (C) with a bass clef. The music continues in the established style, with a focus on the bassoon-like sound.

Musical score page 6, starting at measure 41. The top staff is in common time (C) with a treble clef. The bottom staff is in common time (C) with a bass clef. The music concludes with a final section of notes.

47

51

55

59

65 Soprano

1. Sancta Maria -

Maria, ora pro nobis.

80

84

88

92

2. Sancta Maria - - a,

96

o - - no - - bis.

104

3. Sancta Maria - - a,

108

o - - - ra pro

112

no - - - bis. 4. San - - - cta

118

ri - - - a, o - - -

no - - - - - bis.

130

3 3

simile

136

5. San - - - cta Ma - - ri - - - a,

Sheet music for two voices (Soprano and Bass) in common time. The Soprano part consists of eighth notes, while the Bass part consists of quarter notes. The vocal line continues from the previous measure.

143

o - - ra pro - - -

Sheet music for two voices (Soprano and Bass) in common time. The Soprano part consists of eighth notes, while the Bass part consists of quarter notes. The vocal line continues from the previous measure.

150

no - - - bis.

Sheet music for two voices (Soprano and Bass) in common time. The Soprano part consists of eighth notes, while the Bass part consists of quarter notes. The vocal line continues from the previous measure.

157

Ma - ri - - - a, o - -

Sheet music for two voices (Soprano and Bass) in common time. The Soprano part consists of eighth notes, while the Bass part consists of quarter notes. The vocal line continues from the previous measure.

171

- - ra pro no - - bis.

Sheet music for two voices (Soprano and Bass) in common time. The Soprano part consists of eighth notes, while the Bass part consists of quarter notes. The vocal line continues from the previous measure.

179

187

194

201

214

221

no - - bis.

227

9. San - - cta Ma - - -

233

ri - - - a,

240

ra pro -

no - - - bis.

253

261

267

273

10. Sancta

279

Mari

281

pro bis.

291

11. Sancta Maria, ora pro nobis.

12. Hymnus

12a. Ave maris stella

à 8

Soprano
Alto
Tenore
Basso
Coro I
Coro II
Soprano
Alto
Tenore
Basso
Organista

1. A - - ve ma - ris stel - la, ma - ris
1. A - - ve ma - ris stel - la, a - ve ma - ris stel -
1. A - - ve ma - ris stel -
1. A - - ve ma - ris stel -
1. A - - ve ma - ris, a - ve ma -
1. A - - ve ma -
8
stel - la, De - i Ma - ter
- i Ma - ter al - ma, Ma - ter
i Ma - ter, De - i Ma -
De - - - i Ma - ter
la, De - i Ma - ter
stel - la, De - i Ma - ter al -
stel - la, De - i Ma - ter al -

26

li x coe - li por - ta.
coe - li por - ta.
fe - lix coe - li por - ta.
vir go, fe - lix coe - li por - ta.
go, fe - lix coe - li por - ta.
sem-per vir - go, fe - lix coe - li por - ta.
go, fe - lix coe - li por - ta.

12b. Sumens illud Ave

A 4

Soprano Alto Tenore Basso Organo

Coro I

2. Su - - mens il - - lud A - - ve

2. Su - - mens il - - lud A - - ve

2. Su - - mens il - - lud A - - ve

2. Su - - mens il - - lud A - - ve

2. Su - - mens il - - lud A - - ve

6

Ga - - bri - e - lis o - - fa - da nos in

Ga - - bri - e - o - - re - da nos

Ga - - e - o - - fun - da nos in

Ga - - e - lis o - - re, fun - da nos

ce, mu - - tans He - - vae no - men.

in pa - ce, mu - - tans He - - vae no - men.

pa - ce, in pa - ce, mu - - tans He - - vae no - men.

in pa - ce, mu - - tans He - - vae no - men.

12c. Ritornello

A 5

Instr.

7

14

12d. Solve vincla reis

à 4

Soprano

Alto

Coro II

Tenore

Basso

13

pel - - le, bo - na cun - cta po - sce.
- stra pel - le, bo - na cun - cta po - sce.
pel - - le, bo - na cun - cta po - sce.
- stra pel - le, bo - na cun - cta po - sce.

12e. Ritornello = 12c.

12f. Monstra te esse matrem

Ad una voce Soprano

Soprano I

c³

4. Mon - stra - te - se ma - trem. su - - - mat

c³

per - pre - ces, qui pro no - bis na - - -

per - pre - ces, qui pro no - bis na - - -

15

tus, tu - - lit es - - se tu - - us.

12g. Ritornello = 12c.

12h. Virgo singularis

Ad una voce Soprano

Soprano II

5. Vir - - go _____ sin - - gu - la - ris, in - -

7

- - ter o - mnes mi - tis, nos cul - pis so - lu -

14

- - - tos, mi - tes fac - - stos.

12i. Ritornello = c.

12

more solo
Tenore I

tam _____ prea - - sta pu - - ram, i - -

7

- - ter pa - - ra tu - tum: ut vi - den - tes Je -

Musical score for orchestra and choir, page 14, ending 1. The score consists of three staves. The top staff is for the Soprano (S) part, the middle staff for the Alto (A), and the bottom staff for the Bass (B). The vocal parts sing the lyrics "sum sem per col lae te mur." The orchestra accompaniment features woodwind instruments like oboes and bassoon, and strings. The key signature changes between G major and F major throughout the section.

12k. Sit laus Deo Patri

à 8. Senza ritornello inanti

12k. Sit laus Deo Patri
à 8. Senza ritornello inanti

The musical score consists of ten staves. The top four staves are for 'Coro I': Soprano, Alto, Tenore, and Basso. The bottom six staves are for 'Coro II': Tenore, Basso, and Organo. The Organo staff includes a basso continuo staff below it. Large, stylized letters 'S' and 'A' are integrated into the vocal parts, particularly in the Alto and Tenore staves of Coro I. The music is in common time, with various key signatures (G major, A major, D major) indicated by the letter 'o' (for ordinary time).

9

tri,
Sum - mo Chri - sto
sum - mo Chri - sto,
tri,
Sum - mo Chri - sto
sum - mo Chri - sto
tri,
Sum - mo Chri - sto de - cus,
tri,
Sum - mo Chri - sto de - cus,
tri,
Sum - mo Chri - sto de - cus,

17

de -
Spi - ri - tu - i San -
Spi - ri - tu - i San -
Spi - ri - tu - i San -
de - cus,
Spi - ri - tu - i San -
Spi - ri - tu - i San -
Spi - ri - tu - i San -
Spi - ri - tu - i San -
Spi - ri - tu - i San -
Spi - ri - tu - i San -
Spi - ri - tu - i San -
Spi - ri - tu - i San -

25

cto, tri - bus ho - nor
 cto, tri - bus ho - nor u -
 i San - cto, tri - bus ho - nor u - nus, ho - nor
 - - - cto, tri - bus ho - nor u -
 i San - cto, tri - bus ho - nor
 - - - cto, tri - bus ho - nor
 8 Spi - ri - tu - i San - cto, tri - - bus ho - nor
 San - - cto, tri - - bus ho - nor

33

u - - men.
 nus. A - - men.
 u - - men.
 nus. A - - men.
 u - - men.
 nus. A - - men.
 u - - men.
 nus. A - - men.
 u - - men.

13. Magnificat

à Sette voci, & sei instrumenti

13a. Magnificat

Soprano I

Soprano II

Alto

Tenore I

Tenore II

Basso I

Organo

10

Soprano solo

ma - gni - fi - cat a - r - ma

ma - gni - fi - cat

ma - gni - fi - cat

Ma - gni - fi - cat

Ma 8'+4'+2'

18

me - - a Do - - - mi - - num.

Carus 27.801/03

13b. Et exsultavit

A 3 voci

Va sonato tardo perchè lo doi Tenori cantano di semicroma *

Alto

Tenor I

Tenor II

Organo

Et ex -
sul-ta -
vit,
et ex-sul -
t-a -
vit,

A musical score for voice and piano. The vocal line consists of the lyrics "sul - ta - ta - vit spi - ri-tus me - us in ri-tus me-us, spi - ri-tus me - us in De -". The piano accompaniment features a bass line and chords. Large, stylized Greek letters α and β are overlaid on the music, with α appearing on the first two staves and β appearing on the third and fourth staves. The letter α is partially obscured by a diagonal line in the first staff. The letter β is partially obscured by a curved line in the third staff.

* Wird langsam (tardo) musiziert, weil die Tenöre Sechzehntel singen.
To be performed slowly (tardo), since the tenors sing sixteenth notes.

13c. Quia respexit

ad una voce sola & sei instrumenti li quali suoneranno con più forza che si può *

Instr.

7

13

19

26

* Für eine Solostimme und sechs Instrumente, die so laut spielen sollen, wie sie können.
For one solo voice and six instruments; they should play as loudly as possible.

34

Musical score page 34. The vocal line consists of three notes followed by a fermata over two measures. The piano accompaniment features eighth-note patterns in the right hand and sustained bass notes in the left hand.

ec - ce e -

41

Musical score page 41. The vocal line includes lyrics: "nim _____ ex hoc _____ be - a - tam me di - - cent". The piano accompaniment has eighth-note patterns. A large, stylized letter 'S' is drawn across the top of the page.

nim _____ ex hoc _____ be - a - tam me di - - cent

50

Musical score page 50. The vocal line consists of sustained notes. The piano accompaniment has eighth-note patterns. A large, stylized letter 'K' is drawn across the middle of the page.

51

Musical score page 51. The vocal line consists of sustained notes. The piano accompaniment has eighth-note patterns. A large, stylized letter 'G' is drawn across the middle of the page.

o - - mnes

62

Musical score page 62. The vocal line consists of sustained notes. The piano accompaniment has eighth-note patterns. A large, stylized letter 'E' is drawn across the middle of the page.

ge - ne - ra - ti - o - - - - nes.

13d. Quia fecit

à 3 voci, & doi instrumenti

Alto

Basso I

Basso II

VI I

7

fe - - - cit mi - hi ma fe - cit mi - hi ma gna, fe - cit mi - hi ma - gna

VII II

VI

pot - - - ens est:

ma - gna qui pot - - ens est:

qui pot - - ens est: et san -

18

ctum no - men

21

et san - etum
et san - etum,
e - etum
et san - etum
et san - etum, no - men e - jus.
ctum, et san - etum, no - men e - jus.

et san - etum, no - men e - jus.

13e. Et misericordia

a 6 voci sole in Dialogo

The musical score consists of six staves for voices and one for organ. The voices are labeled on the left: Soprano I, Soprano II, Alto, Tenore, Basso I, and Basso II. The organ staff is labeled Organo. The music is in common time, with a key signature of one flat. The vocal parts begin with a rest, followed by the lyrics "Et mi - - se - ri - cor - di - a e -". The basso I and basso II parts enter with a rhythmic pattern of eighth and sixteenth notes. The organ part features sustained notes and sixteenth-note patterns. Large white hand-drawn markings are present: a large 'S' is positioned above the basso II staff; a large 'C' is positioned above the organ staff; and a large 'J' is positioned above the basso I staff. A diagonal line connects the top of the 'S' to the bottom of the 'C'. The vocal parts continue with the lyrics "Et mi - - se - Et mi - - se - ri - cor - di - a e -". The basso I and basso II parts continue with their rhythmic patterns. The organ part continues with sustained notes and sixteenth-note patterns. The vocal parts continue with the lyrics "Et mi - - se - Et mi - - se - Et mi - - se -". The basso I and basso II parts continue with their rhythmic patterns. The organ part continues with sustained notes and sixteenth-note patterns. The vocal parts continue with the lyrics "Et mi - - se - Et mi - - se - Et mi - - se -". The basso I and basso II parts continue with their rhythmic patterns. The organ part continues with sustained notes and sixteenth-note patterns. The vocal parts continue with the lyrics "Et mi - - se - Et mi - - se - Et mi - - se -". The basso I and basso II parts continue with their rhythmic patterns. The organ part continues with sustained notes and sixteenth-note patterns.

17

ri - cor - di - a e - - - jus
se - ri - cor - di - a e - - - jus
ri - cor - di - a e - - - jus
a pro - ge -

25

a pro - ge -
a
in pro - ge - ni - es:
pro - ge - ni - e in pro - ge - ni - es:
pro - ge - ni - e in pro - ge - ni - es:

33

- ni - e _____ in pro - ge - ni - es, in pro - ge - ni -
pro - ge - ni - e in pro - ge - ni - es, in pro - ge - ni -
pro - ge - ni - e in pro - ge - ni - es, in pro - ge - ni -

42

es:
es:
ti -
men - ti - bus e - - - - -
ti - men - ti - bus e - - - - - um,
ti - men - ti - bus e - - - - -

Piano accompaniment in 8/8 time:

8

50

ti - men - ti - bus e - um.

ti - men - ti - bus e - um.

men - ti - bus, ti - men - ti - bus e - um.

um.

ti - men - ti - bus e - um.

um, ti - men - ti - bus e - um.

13f. Fe
stam
instrom
Violini

6

Alto

Fe - - -

11

cit pot en ti

16

am in bra chi o su o

21

25

dis sit su per bos men te

31

cor dis su i.

13g. Depositit

2 Cornetti

8'

6 Tenore II

De - po



10

su - it



13

de se

16

de,

2 Violini

19

19

22

et

22

24

ex - - - al - - - ta

24

27

27

29

mi - - - les.

29

13h. Esurientes

à due voci & quattro strumenti

Instr.
8'+4'

Soprano I
E - su - - - ri - en - tes im - ple - vit bo - nis:

Soprano II
E - su - - - ri - en - tes im - ple - vi - - - nis

18

24

33

nes,

nes,

39

et di - vi - tes di - mi - sit

et di - vi - tes di - mi - sit

et di - vi - tes di - mi - sit

48

in - a - - - -

in - a - - - -

a tre voci

no I

perchè li duoi soprani cantano di Echo *

Sus - ce - - - -

Sus - ce - - - -

Soprano II

Tenore I

Organista

* Man musiziert langsam (Adagio), weil die beiden Soprane im Echo singen.
This should be played slowly (Adagio), since both sopranos sing in echo.

6

pit I - sra - el
pit I - sra -

ce - pit I - sra -

11

pu - rum
el

el e - pu - rum, um,

e - su - pu - rum, um, re - cor -

su - um, re - cor -

e - rum su - um,

um, um, G P

21

da

re - cor

da

re - cor - da - tus

26

tus mi - se - ri - cor di su

tus mi - se ri - cor di su

mi - se di ae

ae.

ae.

ae.

13j. Sicut locutus est

ad una voce sola & sei instrumenti in dialogo

Musical score for "Sicut locutus est" featuring five staves of music for Violini, Cornetti, Alto, and Tutti. The score includes large, stylized letters and arrows that indicate when specific vocal parts should enter.

Measure 1: Violini (8' pitch), Cornetti, Violini.

Measure 6: Cornetti, Violini.

Measure 11: Alto enters with lyrics "Sic - - ut", followed by "lo - cu - tus", "est", and "ad". Large stylized letters and arrows indicate the entry of "lo - cu - tus", "est", and "ad".

Measure 19: Violini, Cornetti, Violini.

Measure 32: Violini, Cornetti, Violini.

13k. Gloria Patri

à tre voci due de le quali cantano in Echo

Soprano I

Tenore I

Tenore II

Organo

5

9

13

Glo - ri - a, glo - ri - a,
Glo - ri - a, glo - ri - a,
Glo - ri - a, glo - ri - a,

a Pa - tri, et Fi -
Pa - tri, et, et, Fi - li - o,
glo - ri - a Pa - tri, et, et -

18

li - o, et Spi - ri - tu - i San -
 et,
 Fi - li - o, et,

24

cto, et Spi - ri - tu -
 et,
 et, et ri - tu - i
 et, et Spi - ri -

31

i
 u - i
 a - a - a -
 a - a - a -

35

cto.
 an - cto.
 a - an - cto.

131. Sicut erat

Tutti li instrumenti & voci, & va cantato & sonato forte *

The musical score consists of eight staves for Soprano I, Soprano II, Alto, Tenore I, Tenore II, Basso I, Basso II, and Organo. The music is in common time, mostly C major, with some changes in key signature and time signature. The lyrics are in Latin, and the vocal parts are mostly silent while the organ plays. Large, stylized white flourishes are overlaid on the page, including a large 'C' at the beginning, a large 'S' near the end of the first section, and a large 'P' in the middle of the second section. The score is numbered 10 at the start of the second section.

Soprano I
Soprano II
Alto
Tenore I
Tenore II
Basso I
Basso II
Organo

A Organo picono

10

ci - et nunc, et sem - per,
prin - pi - o, et nunc, et sem -
in - pi - o, et nunc, et
prin - ci - pi - o, et nunc, et sem -
ci - - pi - o, et nunc, et sem - per, et
in - prin - ci - pi - o, et nunc, et sem -
ci - - pi - o, et nunc, et sem - per, et

* Alle Instrumente und Singstimmen, und alle singen und spielen forte.
All instruments and voices, and all should sing and play loudly (forte).

19

et _____ in sae - cu - la _____ sae - cu - lo -
per,
nunc, et sem - per, et _____ in sae - cu - la _____ sae - cu - lo -
et nunc, et sem - per, et _____ in sae - cu - la _____ sae - cu - lo -
per,

per, et _____ in sae - cu - la _____ sae - cu - lo -
nunc, et sem - per,

29

rum, et _____ in sae - cu - la _____ sae - cu - lo - -
et _____ in sae - cu - la _____ sae - cu - lo - -
rum, et _____ in sae - cu - la _____ sae - cu - lo - -
et _____ in sae - cu - la _____ sae - cu - lo - -
et _____ in sae - cu - la _____ sae - cu - lo - -

39

- rum, et in sae cu la sae -
- rum, et in sae cu la sae -
et in sae cu la -
et in sae cu la sae cu lo -
rum, et in sae cu la -
et in sae cu la -
rum, et in sae cu la sae -
rum, et in sae cu la sae -

49

cu - rum. A -
rum. A -
rum. A -
rum. A -
rum. A -
rum. A -
rum. A -
rum. A -
cu - lo - rum. A -
cu - lo - rum. A -
lo - rum.
rum.

56

A

A

61

men.

men.

men.

men.

men.

men.

men.

C

This image shows two pages of a musical score. The top page (measures 56-57) features a treble clef, a bass clef, and a C clef. The bottom page (measure 61) features a treble clef, a bass clef, and a C clef. Hand-drawn musical notes and letters are overlaid on the score. In measure 56, there are large hand-drawn letters 'A' and 'A'. In measure 61, there are large hand-drawn letters 'C' and 'C'. There are also smaller hand-drawn musical notes and stems. The score consists of six staves, each with a different clef: treble, bass, alto, tenor, bass, and another bass. The music is in common time, and the key signature changes between measures.

Übersetzung des Singtextes

1. Deus in adjutorium. Vesper-Ingressus.

Psalm 69.2 (Vulgata 69.2)

Vors.: Gott, auf meine Hilfe sei bedacht. *Tutti:* Herr, eile mir zu helfen. *Doxologie:* Ehre sei dem Vater, und dem Sohne, und dem Heiligen Geiste: wie es war im Anfange, und jetzt, und allezeit und von Ewigkeit zu Ewigkeit. Amen. Alleluja.

2. Dixit Dominus. Psalm 110 (Vulgata 109)

1. Es sprach der Herr zu meinem Herrn: Setze dich zu meiner Rechten, bis ich deine Feinde hinlege als Schemel für deine Füße. 2. Das Zepter deiner Macht wird der Herr von Sion ausgehen lassen. Herrsche inmitten deiner Feinde. 3. Bei dir ist Herrschaft am Tage deiner Macht im Glanze der Heiligen; ich habe dich aus meinem Schoße gezeugt vor dem Morgensterne. 4. Der Herr hat geschworen, und es wird ihn nicht gereuen: Auf ewig bist du Priester nach der Ordnung des Melchisedechs. 5. Der Herr zerschmettert zu deiner Rechten Könige am Tage seines Zornes. 6. Er wird Gericht halten über die Völker, er wird Trümmer aufhäufen, die Häupter im Lande vieler zerschmettern. 7. Aus dem Bache am Wege wird er trinken; darum wird er das Haupt erheben. *Dox.:* Ehre sei dem Vater ...

3. Nigra sum. Antiphon aus dem Commune Virginum.

nach Hl. 1,5 (4); 2,10–12

Schwarz bin ich, aber schön, ihr Töchter Jerusalems: darum hat mich der König geliebt, und eingeführt in sein Gemach und mir gesagt: Steh auf, meine Freundin, steh auf und komme! Denn siehe, der Winter ist vergangen, der Regen ist weg und dahin; die Blumen sind hervorgekommen in unserem Lande, die Zeit, die Weinstöcke zu beschneiden, naht.

4. Laudate pueri. Psalm 113 (Vulgata 112)

1. Lobet den Herrn, ihr Diener! Lobet den Namen des Herrn! 2. Der Name des Herrn sei gepriesen, von nun an bis in Ewigkeit. 3. Vom Aufgang der Sonne bis zu ihrem Niedergang sei der Name des Herrn gelobt. 4. Hocherhaben über alle Völker ist der Herr, die Himmel überragt seine Herrlichkeit. 5. Wer ist wie der Herr, unser Gott, der in der Höhe thront, 6. der tief herabschaut im Himmel und auf Erden? 7. Der den Geringen aus dem Staube aufrichtet, und den Armen aus dem Kote erhebt, 8. um ihn neben die Fürsten, neben die Fürsten seines Volkes zu setzen. 9. Der die Unfruchtbare im Hause wohnen lässt, als fröhliche Mutter von Kindern. *Dox.:* Ehre sei dem Vater ...

5. Pulchra es. Antiphon auf Mariae Himmelfahrt.

Hl 6,4.5 (Hl 6,3,4)

Schön bist du und lieblich, Tochter Jerusalems, furchtbar wie eine geordnete Heeresmacht. Wende deine Augen von mir; denn sie verwirren mich.

6. Laetatus sum. Psalm 122 (Vulgata 121)

1. Ich freute mich, als man zu mir sprach: Lasset uns zum Hause des Herrn gehen! 2. Unsere Füße stehen in deinen Torhallen, Jerusalem! 3. Jerusalem, das wieder gebaut wird

wie eine Stadt, die sich zur Gemeinschaft zusammenfügt.

4. Dorthin ziehen ja die Stämme hinauf, die Stämme des Herrn, nach dem Gesetze für Israel, den Namen des Herrn zu preisen. 5. Denn dort stehen die Stühle zum Gerichte, die Stühle für das Haus Davids. 6. Erfleht Jerusalem Frieden, und Überfluss werde denen zuteil, die dich lieben. 7. Friede sei in deiner Feste; und Überfluss in deinen Türmen! 8. Um meiner Brüder und um meiner Nächsten willen wünsche ich dir Frieden! 9. Um des Hauses des Herrn, unseres Gottes willen, will ich alles Gute für dich erflehen. *Dox.:* Ehre sei dem Vater ...

7. Duo Seraphim. Responsorium zu den Sonntagen nach Epiphanias und nach Trinitatis.

nach Jesaja 6,3 und 1 Johannes 5,7–8

R: Zwei Seraphim riefen einer dem andern zu: Heilig, heilig, heilig ist der Herr, Gott der Heerscharen! Die ganze Erde ist voll seiner Herrlichkeit! *V:* Drei sind, die Zeugnis geben im Himmel: der Vater, das Wort und der Heilige Geist; und diese drei sind Eins. Heilig. Ehre sei dem Vater. Die ganze Erde ist voll seiner Herrlichkeit.

8. Nisi Dominus. Psalm 127 (Vulgata 126)

1. Wenn der Herr nicht das Haus baut, so mühen sich die Bauleute umsonst; wenn der Herr nicht die Stadt behütet, so wacht der Hüter umsonst. 2. Vergeblich ist es für euch, vor Tage aufzustehen; stehet immer auf, nachdem ihr lange gesessen, die ihr das Brot der Schmerzen esset. Während er seinen Geliebten Schlaf gibt, 3. sehet, vom Herrn verliehener Besitz sind Kinder, ein Lohn von ihm die Leibesfrucht. 4. Wie Pfeile in der Hand eines Helden, so sind die Kinder der Vertriebenen. 5. Glückselig der Mann, der sein Verlangen damit erfüllt sieht; er wird nicht zu Schanden, wenn er mit seinen Feinden im Tore rechtet. *Dox.:* Ehre sei dem Vater ...

9. Audi coelum (nicht biblisch)

Höre, Himmel, meine Worte voll Verlangen und mit Freude übergossen. *Echo:* Ich höre / Bitte sage mir: Wer ist diese, die im Emporsteigen rötlich schimmert wie die Morgenröte, so dass ich sie preisen kann? *Echo:* Ich werde sagen / Sag, denn sie ist schön wie der Mond, strahlend wie die Sonne und sie füllt mit ihrer Fröhlichkeit die Länder, Himmel, Meere. *Echo:* Maria / Maria, jene liebliche Jungfrau, angekündigt vom Propheten Hesekiel, die Pforte des Ostens? *Echo:* Eben jene / Jene heilige glückliche Pforte, durch die der Tod vertrieben wurde, führte sie das Leben doch herein? *Echo:* So ist es / Die, die immer sichere Mittlerin zwischen Mensch und Gott ist, Heilung für die Schuld? *Echo:* Die Mittlerin / Lasst uns ihr also alle folgen, mit deren Gnade wir das ewige Leben erwerben können, lasst uns ihr nachfolgen! *Echo:* Lasst uns folgen! / Gott ist größer als wir, der Vater und der Sohn und die Mutter, deren Namen wir anrufen, als süßer Trost den Armen. *Echo:* Amen. / Sei gepriesen, Jungfrau Maria, von Ewigkeit zu Ewigkeit!

10. Lauda Jerusalem. Psalm 147,12–20 (Vulgata 147)

1. Lobe, Jerusalem, den Herrn; lobe, Sion, deinen Gott!
 2. Denn er hat die Riegel deiner Tore festgemacht, deine Kinder in dir gesegnet. 3. Er hat deinen Marken Frieden gewährt, und sättiget dich mit dem Fette des Weizens. 4. Er sendet sein Wort aus auf die Erde; gar schnell eilt sein Wort. 5. Er gibt Schnee wie Wolle, streut Nebel wie Asche aus. 6. Er wirft seinen Hagel wie Bissen hernieder; wer kann bestehen vor seinem Froste? 7. Er entsendet sein Wort und lässt ihn schmelzen; es weht sein Wind, da fließen die Wasser. 8. Er tut Jakob sein Wort kund, seine Rechte und seine Satzungen Israel. 9. Nicht also hat er irgendeinem anderen Volke getan, und seine Rechte ihnen nicht offenbart. *Dox.:* Ehre sei dem Vater ...

11. Sonata sopra Sancta Maria, ora pro nobis

Heilige Maria, bete für uns.

12. Ave maris stella (Hymnus)

12a. Ave, Stern des Meeres, hehre Mutter Gottes, allezeit reine Jungfrau, sel'ge Himmelspforte! b. Du vernahmst das Ave, aus des Engels Munde; Evas Namen wendend, fest'ge uns in Frieden. d. Lös der Sünder Bande, heil die Nacht der Blinden, unsre Übel scheue, was uns gut, erbitte. f. Zeige dich als Mutter, durch dich hör die Bitten der, für uns geboren, dein zu sein sich würdigt. h. Auserwählte Jungfrau, milde über alle, mach uns rein von Sünden, sanft und keuschen Sinnes! j. Schaff uns reines Leben, mach den Weg uns sicher, dass, anschauend Jesum, ewig wir uns freuen. k. Lob sei Gott dem Vater, Preis dem höchsten Sohne und dem heil'gen Geiste, eine Ehr den Dreien! Amen.

13. Magnificat (Lukas 1,46–55)

13a. Hoch preiset meine Seele den Herrn, b. und mein Geist frohlocket in Gott meinem Heilande. c. Denn er hat angesehen die Niedrigkeit seiner Magd; siehe, von nun werden mich selig preisen alle Geschlechter! d. Denn Großes hat an mir getan, der da mächtig ist, und dessen Name heilig. e. Er ist barmherzig von Geschlecht zu Geschlecht denen, die ihn fürchten. f. Er übt Macht mit seinem Arme; zerstreuet, die da hoffärtig sind in ihres Herzens Sinne. g. Die Gewaltigen stürzt er vom Throne und erhöhet die Niedrigen. h. Die Hungrigen erfüllt er mit Gütern, die Reichen lässt er leer ausgehen. i. Er nimmt sich Israels an, seines Knechtes, eingedenk seiner Barmherzigkeit. j. Wie er zu unsren Vätern gesprochen hat, zu Abraham und seinen Nachkommen, ewiglich. k. Ehre sei dem Vater, und dem Sohn und dem Heiligen Geiste: l. Wie es war im Anfange, und jetzt, und allezeit und von Ewigkeit zu Ewigkeit. Amen.

Zur Herkunft der Übersetzung siehe die Partitur.

Translation of the singing texts

1. Deus in adjutorium. Vesper-Ingressus.

Psalm 69,2 (Vulgata 69,2)

Cantor: Make haste, O God, to deliver me. *Tutti:* Make haste to help me, O Lord. *Doxology:* Glory be to the Father, and to the Son: and to the Holy Ghost; As it was in the beginning, is now, and ever shall be: world without end. Amen. Alleluia.

2. Dixit Dominus. Psalm 110 (Vulgata 109)

1. The Lord said unto my Lord, sit thou at my right hand, until I make thine enemies thy footstool. 2. The Lord shall send the rod of thy strength out of Zion: rule thou in the midst of thine enemies. 3. Thine shall be the dominion in the day of thy power, amid the brightness of the saints: from the womb, before the day star have I begotten thee. 4. The Lord hath sworn, and will not repent; Thou art a priest for ever after the order of Melchizedek. 5. The Lord at thy right hand shall strike through kings in the day of his wrath. 6. He shall judge among the nations, he shall sill them with ruin: and shake to pieces the heads of many on the Earth. 7. He shall drink of the brook in the way: therefore shall he lift up the head. *Dox.:* Glory be to the Father ...

3. Nigra sum. Antiphon from the Commune Virginum.

after Song of Solomon 1:5 (4); 2,10–12

I am black but comely, O ye daughters of Jerusalem. Therefore the King hath loved me, and brought me into his chamber and said: Rise up, my love, rise up, and come away. For, lo, the winter is past, the rain is over and gone. The flowers appear on the earth; the time to prune the vine is near.

4. Laudate pueri. Psalm 113 (Vulgata 112)

1. Praise the Lord, O ye his servants, praise the name of the Lord. 2. Blessed be the name of the Lord from this time forth and for evermore. 3. From the rising of the sun unto the going down of the same the Lord's name is to be praised. 4. The Lord is high above all nations, and his glory above the heavens. 5. Who is like unto the Lord our God, who dwelleth on high, 6. and beholdeth what is lowly in heaven, and in the earth? 7. He raiseth up the poor out of the dust, and liftest the needy out of the dunghill; 8. that he may set him with princes, even with the princes of his people. 9. He maketh the barren woman to keep house, and to be a joyful mother of children. *Dox.:* Glory be to the Father ...

5. Pulchra es. Antiphon to the Assumption.

Song of Sol. 6,4.5 (6,3.4)

Thou art beautiful, my love, sweet and comely, O daughter of Jerusalem, terrible as a fenced camp set in battle array. Turn away thine eyes from me, for they have overcome me.

6. Laetatus sum. Psalm 122 (Vulgata 121)

1. I was glad when they said unto me, let us go into the house of the Lord. 2. Our feet have been wont to stand within thy gates, O Jerusalem. 3. Jerusalem is builded as a city that is compact together: 4. Whither the tribes go up, the tribes of the Lord, the testimony of Israel, to give thanks unto the

name of the Lord. 5. For there are set thrones of judgment, the thrones of the house of David. 6. Pray for the peace of Jerusalem: they shall prosper that love thee. 7. Peace be within thy walls, and prosperity within thy palaces. 8. For my brethren and companions' sakes, I will now say, Peace be within thee. 9. Because of the house of the Lord our God I will seek thy good. *Dox.*: Glory be to the Father ...

7. Duo Seraphim. Responsorium for the Sundays after Epiphany and after Trinity. (after Isaiah 6:3 and 1 John 5:7–8)

R: One Seraph cried unto another: Holy, Holy, Holy is the Lord God of hosts. The whole earth is full of his glory. *V:* There are Three that bear record in heaven, the Father, the Word, and the Holy Ghost: and these Three are One. Holy, Holy, Holy is the Lord God of hosts. The whole earth is full of his glory.

8. Nisi Dominus. Psalm 127 (Vulgate 126)

1. Except the Lord build the house, they labour in vain that build it: except the Lord keep the city, the watchman waketh but in vain. 2. It is vain for us to rise up early, rise up when ye are rested, ye that eat the bread of sorrow. For he giveth his beloved sleep. 3. Lo, children are an heritage of the Lord: and the fruit of the womb is his reward. 4. As arrows are in the hand of a mighty man; so are children of the outcast. 5. Happy is the man that hath his desire satisfied with them: he shall not be ashamed when he speaketh with his enemies in the gate. *Dox.*: Glory be to the Father ...

9. Audi coelum (non-biblical)

Heaven, hear my words, full of longing and filled with joy. / *Echo:* I hear / Tell me, I pray, who is she that glows like the dawn rising, that I may bless her? / *Echo:* I will tell / Tell me, for she, as fair as the moon, radiant as the sun, fills the earth, sky and seas with joy. *Echo:* Mary / Mary, that sweet virgin, foretold by the prophet Ezekiel, the portal of the East? *Echo:* Even she / That sacred and happy portal, through which death was driven out and life brought in? *Echo:* Even so / She, who is always a sure intermediary between men and God, a cure for our sins? *Echo:* The Mediator / Let us therefore follow her, by whose grace we may attain eternal life. Let us follow her. / *Echo:* Let us follow. / God is greater than we, God the Father, and the Son, and the Mother on whose name we call as a sweet comfort to the wretched. *Echo:* Amen. / Blessed are thou, virgin Mary, forever and ever.

10. Lauda Jerusalem. Psalm 147,12–20 (Vulgate 147)

1. Praise the Lord, O Jerusalem; praise thy God, O Zion. 2. For he hath strengthened the bars of thy gates; he hath blessed thy children within thee. 3. He maketh peace in thy borders, and filleth thee with the finest of the wheat. 4. He sendeth forth his commandment upon earth: his word runneth very swiftly. 5. He giveth snow like wool: he scattereth the hoar-frost like ashes. 6. He casteth forth his ice like morsels: who can stand before his cold? 7. He sendeth out his word, and melteth them: he causeth his wind to blow, and the waters flow. 8. He declareth his word unto Jacob, his statutes and his judgments unto Israel.

9. He hath not dealt so with any nation: and as for his judgments, they have not known them. *Dox.:* Glory be to the Father ...

11. Sonata sopra Sancta Maria, ora pro nobis
Holy Mary, pray for us.

12. Ave maris stella (Hymn)

12a. Hail, thou Star of the Ocean, portal of the sky. Ever Virgin Mother of the Lord most High! *b.* O! by Gabriel's Ave, Utter'd long ago, Eva's name reversing, establish peace below. *d.* Break the captive's fetters; light on blindness pour; all our ills expelling, every bliss implore. *f.* Show thyself a mother; offer Him our sighs, who for us incarnate did not thee despise. *h.* Virgin of all Virgins! To thy shelter take us; Gentlest of the gentle! Chaste and gentle make us. *j.* Still as on we journey, help our weak endeavor; till with thee and Jesus we rejoice forever. *k.* Through the highest Heaven, To the Almighty Three, Father, Son, and Spirit, One same glory be. Amen

13. Magnificat (Luke 1:46–55)

13a. My soul doth magnify the Lord: *b.* and my spirit hath rejoiced in God my Saviour. *c.* For he hath regarded the lowliness of his hand-maiden. For behold, from henceforth: all generations shall call me blessed. *d.* For he that is mighty hath done to me great things, and holy is his Name. *e.* And his mercy is on them that fear him: from generation to generation. *f.* He hath showed strength with his arm: he hath scattered the proud in the imagination of their heart. *g.* He hath put down the mighty from their seat: and hath exalted them of low degree. *h.* He hath filled the hungry with good things: and the rich he hath sent empty away. *i.* He hath holpen his servant Israel, in remembrance of his mercy *j.* as he spake to our fathers, to Abraham and to his seed, forever. *k.* Glory be to the Father, and to the Son: and to the Holy Ghost; *l.* As it was in the beginning, is now, and ever shall be: world without end. Amen.

For the sources of the English text translations please refer to the full score.