

César

# FRANCK

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## Die Sieben Worte Jesu am Kreuz

Seven Last Words of Christ

Soli (STBar), Coro (SATB)

2 Flauti, 2 Oboi, 2 Fagotti, 2 Corni

2 Trombe, 3 Tromboni, Timpani, Arpa

2 Violini, Viola, Violoncello, Contrabbasso

Erstausgabe / First edition

herausgegeben von / edited by

Wolfgang Hochstein

Klavierauszug / Vocal score

Armin Landgraf



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Carus 40.095/03

## Vorwort

Wenn hier ein größeres kirchenmusikalisches Werk des längst als „Meister“ in die Musikgeschichte eingegangenen César Franck fast neunzig Jahre nach seinem Tode im Erstdruck erscheint, so fragt man sich, was die Gründe für eine derart späte Veröffentlichung sind. Bis jetzt läßt sich nur festhalten, daß die Existenz der nun edierten *Sieben Worte Jesu am Kreuz* für vier Solostimmen, Chor und Orchester bis zum Jahre 1955 völlig unbekannt war. Damals erwarb die Universitätsbibliothek in Lüttich (Francks Geburtsstadt) aus Privathand ein 100 Seiten umfassendes Autograph der Partitur (Signatur Ms. 3288). Zwanzig Jahre später stieß der Herausgeber im Rahmen einer Studie zur Kirchenmusik César Francks auf das Manuskript und stellte das Werk dann in einer Monographie über den genannten Gegenstand der Fachwelt vor.<sup>1</sup>

Die laut Francks eigenhändiger Datierung am 14. August 1859, also während seiner Amtszeit an St<sup>e</sup> Clotilde abgeschlossene Komposition hat nach gegenwärtiger Kenntnis zu Lebzeiten ihres Schöpfers nie eine Aufführung erlebt. Abgesehen davon, daß kein Stimmenmaterial überliefert ist, schließt ein Zeugnis der Chronik von St<sup>e</sup> Clotilde eine Wiedergabe an Francks eigener Kirche mit Sicherheit aus: Unter der Jahreszahl 1867 wird dort als herausragende kirchenmusikalische Novität die Aufführung einer Sieben-Worte-Vertonung von Théodore Dubois, dem Kollegen und Nachfolger Francks als *maitre de chapelle*, vermerkt, ohne daß aber das gleichartige, acht Jahre früher entstandene Opus César Francks in diesem Zusammenhang oder an anderer Stelle auch nur mit einem einzigen Wort erwähnt wird.<sup>2</sup> Erst 118 Jahre nach ihrer Entstehung wurden die *Sieben Worte* Francks am 6. März 1977 unter der Leitung des Herausgebers in der Martinskirche zu Geislingen an der Steige uraufgeführt.

Obgleich die vorliegende Komposition nicht als Frühwerk Francks zu bezeichnen ist, steht sie noch ganz in der Tradition des von der Klassik geprägten Stils, durchsetzt mit Elementen der *grande opéra*. Noch ist die persönliche und unverwechselbare Stimme des Meisters, wie sie etwa aus den *Béatitudes* uns entgegenklingt, kaum zu vernehmen, doch wird mit dieser Passionsmusik deutlich, daß Franck die lange Wegstrecke beschritten hat, die ihn von den Erzeugnissen einer gefälligen Musik des Tages zur tiefdringenden Gestaltung einer im Geistig-Seelischen wurzelnden Erlebniswelt führen sollte.

Schon das Sujet ist für Franck charakteristisch. Nicht die Leidengeschichte Jesu wählte er als textliche Vorlage, es sind allein die Kreuzesworte. Es ging ihm nicht um eine dramatische Darstellung der Passion Christi, sondern um die musikalische Vertiefung dessen, was hinter dem äußeren Handlungsablauf des Geschehens von Golgatha steht und in den Worten des Gekreuzigten sich zeichenhaft zu erkennen gibt: Vergebung, Heilsusage, Mit-Leiden, Verlassenheit und Not, Erlösung, Gottergebenheit. Die Neigung, inneren Empfindungen, gläubigem Schauen musicalischen Ausdruck zu verleihen, zeigt unübersehbare Parallelen zu Francks Hauptwerk, den *Seligpreisungen*.

Die für eine Vertonung der Sieben Worte sich ergebende Problematik, die einmal in der Kürze der Aussprüche Jesu, zum andern im Fehlen affektiver Gegenstände liegt, wird in diesem Werk aufgefangen durch Verbindung der Kreuzesworte mit auslegenden Texten der Bibel und Liturgie. Damit ist eine größere Basis für eine musikalische Ausführung gegeben,

zugeleich aber erfolgt eine Konzentration auf das Wesentliche, wobei vordergründige Zusammenhänge unbeachtet bzw. untergeordnet bleiben.

Das Werk umfaßt, der textlichen Vorlage entsprechend, zusammen mit einem Prolog acht Sätze, deren langsame Zeitmaße lediglich zweimal durch schnelle Zwischenteile unterbrochen werden. Die formale Anlage läßt vermuten, daß der ca. 40 Minuten dauernde Zyklus höchstwahrscheinlich in einen liturgischen Ablauf eingebracht werden sollte.<sup>3</sup> Welchen Platz man dieser Musik auch geben mag, auf jeden Fall scheint es ratsam, die Sätze nicht unmittelbar aufeinander folgen zu lassen, sondern durch Einschaltung von Lesungen, Gebeten oder dergleichen das meditative Moment des Werkes voll wirksam werden zu lassen.

Der Bibliothek der Universität Lüttich (Belgien) sei an dieser Stelle gedankt für die Einsichtnahme in das Autograph und die freundliche Zustimmung für eine Veröffentlichung.

Geislingen an der Steige, im August 1977 Armin Landgraf

<sup>1</sup> A. Landgraf, *Musica sacra zwischen Symphonie und Improvisation: César Franck und seine Musik für den Gottesdienst*, Tutzing 1975, S. 74-90.

<sup>2</sup> R. de Courcel schreibt in seinem Buch *La Basilique de St<sup>e</sup> Clotilde*, Paris 1957, S. 174:

„Dubois‘ Aufenthalt an St<sup>e</sup> Clotilde ist markiert durch die Komposition und Aufführung der ‘Sept paroles du Christ’, die er während der Fastenzeit des Jahres 1867 schrieb; sie wurden am Karfreitag des selben Jahres in unserer Kirche dargeboten. Es geschah auf Wunsch von Abbé Hamelin, der es begrüßte, daß St<sup>e</sup> Clotilde als erste Kirche in Paris in den Genuß eines Werkes von solcher Spannweite kam, und auf den Ratschlag von Abbé Jaunay, seinem Freund, seinerzeit Vikar an St<sup>e</sup> Clotilde, daß Théodore Dubois dieses Werk komponierte ...“

Hamelin und Jaunay hatten 1857 zusammen mit Franck, dieser als Kirchenmusiker, ihr Amt in der neugebildeten Pariser Gemeinde angetreten und lange Jahre dienstlichen Umgang miteinander. Daß unter Berücksichtigung dieses Umstands Francks Vertonung der Sieben Worte – die, gemessen an der Dubois‘, keinen Vergleich zu scheuen braucht – an St<sup>e</sup> Clotilde absolut unbekannt blieb, ist um so verwunderlicher.

<sup>3</sup> Auch J. Haydns *Die Sieben letzten Worte unseres Erlösers am Kreuze* hatten als Auftragswerk eine liturgische Zweckbestimmung. Vgl. dazu das Vorwort der Bärenreiter-TP 92, Kassel 1961, S. VII.

## Preface

César Franck has long gone down in music history as one of the "masters". Upon realizing that this is the first printing of a sacred work of large musical proportions by him almost 90 years after his death, one asks immediately what is the reason behind such late publication. At present it is only possible to say that the *Seven Last Words of Christ on the Cross*, the work presented in this edition for four solo voices, chorus and orchestra, remained completely unknown until 1955, when the library of the University of Liège (the city of Franck's birth) acquired a 100-page autograph of the score (Cat. No. Ms. 3288) from a private owner. Twenty years later, the editor came across the manuscript while making a study of César Franck's church music and, thereupon, introduced the work to the musical world in a monograph on his research subject.<sup>1</sup>

The composition is dated 14 August 1859, in Franck's own handwriting; in other words, it was completed during the time that he was titular organist at Sainte-Clothilde. As far as can be determined today, the work was never performed during the lifetime of its composer. Aside from the fact that no vocal part scores have come down to us, one entry in the chronicles at Sainte-Clothilde's gives us certainty that the work was never performed in Franck's own church: For the year 1867, the outstanding novum in church music is listed as the performance of a setting of the Seven Last Words by Théodore Dubois, Franck's colleague and successor as „maître de chapelle“, but without a single word of mention (here or elsewhere) of César Franck's similar opus that he had written eight years earlier.<sup>2</sup>

On 6 March 1977, 118 years after its composition, Franck's *Seven Last Words* received its first performance under the editor's baton in St. Martin's Church in Geislingen-an-der-Steige (near Stuttgart).

Although this composition cannot be classified as one of Franck's early works, it is still entirely in the tradition of the classical style, interspersed with elements of grand opera. There is yet hardly a hint of this master's very personal and unmistakable voice as it is heard in *Les Beatitudes*, for example. But with this Passio-tide music it becomes clear that Franck had already set foot on the long road that was to lead him from writing just pleasant music "du jour" to the deeply penetrating statement of a world that was rooted in spiritual and psychical perceptions.

The subject itself is characteristic for Franck. He did not choose the story of Christ's suffering as his text base, but only the words spoken on the cross. He was not interested in a dramatic depiction of the Passion of Christ, but rather in the musical depths of what lay beneath the surface of what happened at Golgatha and in what is symbolically revealed by the words from the cross: forgiveness, the promise of salvation, compassion, destitution and distress, release, submissive obedience to God. The tendency to give musical expression to inner feelings, to contemplation of the world through the eyes of faith, reveals parallels to Franck's major work, *The Beatitudes*, that cannot be overlooked.

The problems in setting the *Seven Last Words of Christ on the Cross*, that result from the brevity of Christ's utterances as well as from the lack of opposing emotions, were solved by using interpretive texts taken from the Scriptures and from the liturgy to connect the words from the cross. In this way, the basis for musical execution is expanded while still concentrating on what is essential and leaving superficial asso-

ciations either unnoticed or subordinated. Corresponding to its text source, the work consists of a prologue together with eight numbers in which slow tempos are interrupted by fast intermediate sections only twice. The formal arrangement lets us assume the approximately 40-minute-long cyclical work was most likely meant for use in a liturgical service.<sup>3</sup> No matter where this music is used in the service, it seems advisable not to perform the numbers in succession, one after the other, but rather to insert readings, prayers or the like in order to make the meditative aspect of the work fully effective. The editor takes this opportunity to express his gratitude to the Library of the University of Liège (Belgium) for allowing study of the autograph and for the kind permission to publish the work.

Geislingen-an-der-Steige, August 1977

Armin Landgraf

1 A. Landgraf, *Musica sacra zwischen Symphonie und Improvisation: César Franck und seine Musik für den Gottesdienst*, Tutzing 1975, pp. 74 – 90.

2 R. de Courcel writes in his book *La Basilique de St<sup>e</sup> Clotilde*, Paris 1957, p. 174:

"Dubois' stay at St<sup>e</sup> Clotilde is marked by the composition and performance of the 'Sept Paroles du Christ' that he wrote during Lent in 1867. It was presented in our church on Good Friday of the same year. It was performed at the wish of Abbé Hamelin who welcomed the fact that St<sup>e</sup> Clotilde was the first church in Paris to enjoy a work of such breadth, and it was at the advice of Abbé Jaunay, his friend who was vicar of St<sup>e</sup> Clotilde for a time, that Théodore Dubois had composed the work ..."

In 1857, Hamelin, Jaunay and Franck (Franck as church musician) all entered upon their offices in the newly formed Parisian parish and upon long years of official contact with one another. Considering these circumstances, it is all the more surprising that Franck's setting of the Seven Last Words – that will stand any comparison with Dubois' – remained absolutely unknown at St<sup>e</sup> Clotilde's.

3 J. Haydn's *Seven Last Words of Our Redeemer on the Cross* was also commissioned for use in the liturgy. Cf the foreword to Bärenreiter-TP 92, Kassel 1961, p. vii.

English translation by E.D.Echols

## Préface

César Franck est entré depuis longtemps dans l'histoire de la musique, dont il est justement considéré comme l'un des grands maîtres. Il est donc singulier qu'une importante composition religieuse due à sa plume soit éditée pour la première fois près de quatre vingt dix ans après sa mort et l'on est en droit de s'interroger sur les raisons d'une publication aussi tardive. La seule certitude que nous possédions actuellement est que l'existence des *Sept paroles du Christ en croix* pour quatre solistes, chœur et orchestre, que nous présentons ici, était totalement inconnue jusqu'en 1955, année où la bibliothèque de l'Université de Liège, ville natale de Franck, se rendit acquéreur d'un manuscrit autographe de la partition ne comportant pas moins de 100 pages (référencé sous la cote Ms. 3288) et précédemment conservé dans une collection privée. Ce n'est que vingt ans plus tard que des recherches sur la musique d'église de César Franck me mirent en présence du manuscrit et que je pus révéler l'œuvre aux musicologues dans le cadre d'une monographie consacrée au sujet en question.<sup>1</sup>

Selon une indication de la main même de Franck, la composition fut achevée le 14 août 1859, à l'époque, par conséquent, où il était organiste de Ste-Clotilde, mais dans l'état actuel de nos investigations il semble que l'œuvre n'ait jamais été exécutée du vivant de son auteur. On n'en connaît pas de copie en parties séparées et la chronique de Ste-Clotilde, elle aussi, exclut qu'elle ait été exécutée à la propre église de Franck. Sous le millésime de 1867, cette chronique consigne bien, comme événement musical marquant, l'exécution d'une composition sur les *Sept paroles* due à Théodore Dubois, collègue et successeur de Franck dans les fonctions de *maitre de chapelle*, mais sans que l'ouvrage similaire écrit huit ans plus tôt par celui-ci y soit mentionné, même d'un seul mot, à cette occasion ou en d'autres circonstances.<sup>2</sup> Et c'est seulement cent dix huit ans après leur composition que les *Sept paroles* de Franck connurent leur première exécution, le 6 mars 1977, à l'église St Martin de Geislingen an der Steige, sous la direction du signataire de ces lignes. Bien qu'il ne s'agisse pas d'une œuvre de jeunesse de Franck, elle se situe encore tout à fait dans la tradition stylistique héritée du classicisme et imprégnée d'éléments du grand opéra. Les accents personnels et si typiques du musicien, tels que nous les rencontrons par exemple dans les *Béatitudes*, y sont encore à peine perceptibles, mais cette œuvre inspirée de la Passion atteste néanmoins de façon évidente que Franck s'est déjà engagé sur la longue voie qui, après les premières productions d'un art complaisant et éphémère, devait lui permettre d'atteindre à la grandiose expression d'une spiritualité religieuse profondément sentie et intimement vécue.

Le sujet, déjà, est bien caractéristique de Franck. Le texte qu'il choisit d'illustrer, ne consiste pas en la relation des souffrances du Christ; ce sont uniquement les paroles du Crucifié. Pour lui, il ne s'agit pas de dépeindre de façon dramatique la Passion elle-même, mais d'approfondir musicalement la véritable signification qui se cache derrière le déroulement extérieur des événements sur le mont Golgotha et se révèle symboliquement dans les paroles de Jésus en croix: le pardon, la promesse du salut, la compassion, l'abandon et la détresse, la rédemption, la soumission à la volonté divine. La tendance à exprimer musicalement les sentiments intérieurs et la foi contemplative atteste un parallélisme évident avec l'œuvre maîtresse de Franck, les *Béatitudes*.

Confronté aux problèmes relatifs à la traduction musicale des *Sept dernières paroles du Christ en croix*, et qui tiennent à la fois à la brièveté des paroles prononcées par Jésus et à l'absence de contrastes affectifs, Franck choisit ici de combiner les paroles elles-mêmes à des commentaires de celles-ci empruntés à la Bible et à la liturgie, solution qui fournit une assise plus large à la réalisation musicale, mais a aussi pour effet de concentrer l'attention sur l'essentiel en laissant de côté les relations évidentes ou en leur assignant un rôle de second plan.

En conformité avec le texte dont elle s'inspire, l'œuvre comporte, y compris un prologue, huit mouvements dont le tempo lent n'est interrompu que deux fois par des intervalles plus rapides, et sa disposition formelle ainsi que sa durée (40 minutes) donnent à penser que Franck, selon toute vraisemblance, en prévoyait l'exécution dans le cadre d'un service liturgique.<sup>3</sup>

Quelle que soit la place qu'on lui attribue, il semble en tout cas opportun de ne pas en exécuter les mouvements immédiatement l'un à la suite de l'autre, mais d'en rompre la succession en y intercalant des lectures, prières ou autres exercices spirituels afin de permettre à l'élément méditatif de l'œuvre de produire tout son effet.

Nous ne saurions manquer de remercier ici la bibliothèque de l'Université de Liège (Belgique), qui nous a permis d'examiner le manuscrit autographe et aimablement donné son accord à la présente publication.

Geislingen an der Steige, août 1977

Armin Landgraf

<sup>1</sup> A. Landgraf, *Musica sacra zwischen Symphonie und Improvisation: César Franck und seine Musik für den Gottesdienst*, Tutzing 1975, pp. 74-90.

<sup>2</sup> Voici ce qu'écrit R. de Courcel dans son livre *La Basilique de Ste-Clotilde*, Paris 1957, p. 174:  
"Son passage à Sainte-Clotilde est marqué par la composition et l'audition des 'Sept Paroles du Christ' qu'il écrivit pendant le carême de 1867; elles furent données dans notre église le Vendredi-Saint de cette année. C'est sur le désir de l'Abbé Hamelin, souhaitant que Sainte-Clotilde eût la primeur d'une œuvre d'une assez large envergure et sur le conseil de l'Abbé Jaunay, son ami, alors vicaire de Sainte-Clotilde, que Théodore Dubois composa cette œuvre..."

Hamelin et Jaunay étaient entrés en fonctions dans cette paroisse parisienne de fondation récente en 1857, donc en même temps que Franck, ce dernier en qualité de chef de chœur, et leurs relations de service durèrent de nombreuses années. Compte tenu de cette circonstance, il est d'autant plus surprenant que la musique écrite par Franck sur les *Sept paroles* — et qui supporte vaillamment toute comparaison avec celle de Dubois — soit restée absolument ignorée à Ste-Clotilde.

<sup>3</sup> *Les sept dernières paroles de notre Sauveur sur la croix* de Joseph Haydn, composées à la suite d'une commande, répondent elles aussi à une destination liturgique. Voir à ce sujet l'avant-propos de la partition de poche Bärenreiter TP 92, Kassel 1961, p. VII.

Traduction française de Jacques Delalande

# Die Sieben Worte Jesu am Kreuz

## für Soli, Chor und Orchester

Die textliche Grundlage von César Francks Passionsmusik bilden die Worte Jesu am Kreuz, wie sie die Evangelisten überliefert haben. Sie werden vertieft und ausgelegt durch andere biblische Texte und durch liturgische Gesänge, die, wie die Klagelieder Jeremieas, das Stabat mater und die Improperien – Heilandsklagen – von alters her zu den Meditationstexten der Passionszeit gehören.

Die Übersetzung folgt weitgehend Luthers Bibelübersetzung. Die deutschen Texte der liturgischen Gesänge sind Anselm Schotts Meßbuch entnommen.

### O vos omnes

O vos omnes, qui transitis per viam, attendite et videte, si est dolor sicut dolor meus. Posuit me, Domine, desolatum tota die maerore confectum.

Ne vocatis me Naëmi, sed vocate me Mara.

### 1. Wort

Pater, dimitte illis: non enim sciunt quid faciunt.  
Crucifixerunt Iesum et latrones, unum a dextris et alterum a sinistris, Iesum autem dicebat: Pater, dimitte illis: non enim sciunt quid faciunt.

Cum sceleratis reputatus est, et ipse peccata multorum tulit, et pro transgressoribus rogavit.

O alle, die ihr des Weges kommt, merket auf und schauet, ob je ein Schmerz wohl meinem Schmerze gleichet. Er hat mich, o Herr, einsam gemacht und voll Trauer den ganzen Tag.  
(*Klagelieder Jer. 1, 12*)

Nennt mich nicht Naëmi (d.h. lieblich), sondern Mara (d.h. bitter). (*Ruth 1, 20*)

### 2. Wort

Amen, dico tibi: Hodie tecum eris in paradiiso.  
Domine, memento mei, cum veneris in regnum tuum.

Vater, vergib ihnen, denn sie wissen nicht, was sie tun. (*Lukas 23, 34*)

Sie kreuzigten Jesus und die Übeltäter, einen zur Rechten und einen zur Linken, Jesus aber sprach (*Lukas 23, 33*): Vater, vergib ihnen, denn sie wissen nicht, was sie tun.

Er ist unter die Übeltäter gerechnet und hat die Sünden vieler getragen, und selbst für die Missetäter hat er noch Fürbitte getan. (*Jesaja 53, 12*)

### 3. Wort

Mulier, ecce filius tuus.  
O quam tristis et afflita / fuit illa benedicta / mater unigeniti!  
Quis est homo, qui non fleret, Christi matrem si videret / in tanto supplicio?  
Quis posset non contristari, piam matrem contemplari / dolentem cum filio?

Wahrlich, ich sage dir: Heute wirst du mit mir im Paradiese sein. (*Lukas 23, 43*) Herr, gedenke meiner, wenn du in dein Reich kommst. (*Lukas 23, 42*)

Weib, siehe, dein Sohn. (*Johannes 19, 26*) Welch ein Weh der Auserkornen, da sie sah den Eingebornen, wie er mit dem Tode rang! Wer könnt ohne Tränen sehen / Christi Mutter also stehen / in so tiefen Jammers Not? Wer nicht mit der Mutter weinen, seinen Schmerz mit ihrem einen, leidend bei des Sohnes Tod? (*aus der Sequenz „Stabat mater“*)

### 4. Wort

Deus meus, deus meus, ut quid dereliquisti me?  
Noti mei quasi alieni recesserunt a me et qui me noverant  
obliti sunt mei.

Mein Gott, mein Gott, warum hast du mich verlassen?  
(*Markus 15, 34*)

Meine Freunde haben sich wie Fremde von mir zurückgezogen, und die mich kannten, haben mich vergessen. (*Hiob 19, 14*)

### 5. Wort

Sitio.  
Dederunt ei vinum bibere cum felle mixtum. Et milites acetum offerentes ei, blasphemabant dicentes: Si tu es Rex Iudeorum, salvum te fac.  
Popule meus, quid feci tibi? Aut in quo contrastavi te?  
Responde mihi! Quia eduxi te de terra Aegypti: Parasti crucem Salvatori tuo.

Mich dürstet. (*Johannes 19, 28*)

Da reichten sie ihm Wein mit Galle vermischt. Und die Soldaten reichten ihm Essig, lästerten und sprachen: Wenn du der König der Juden bist, so hilf dir selbst!

(*Matthäus 27, 34; Lukas 23, 36, 37*)

Mein Volk, was habe ich dir getan? Womit habe ich dich betrübt? Antwortete mir! Ich habe dich herausgeführt aus dem Lande Agypten: Dafür bereitest du deinem Heiland das Kreuz! (*aus den Improperien [Heilands Klagen]*)

### 6. Wort

Consummatum est.  
Peccata nostra ipse pertulit in corpore suo super lignum: Ut,  
peccatis mortui, justitiae vivamus.

Es ist vollbracht. (*Johannes 19, 30*)

Er selbst trug unsere Sünden an seinem Leibe hinauf auf das Kreuzesholz, damit wir, der Sünde abgestorben, der Gerechtigkeit leben. (*1. Petrus 2, 24*)

Wahrlich, er selbst trug unsere Leiden, und durch seine Wunden sind wir geheilt. (*Jesaja 53, 4, 5*)

### 7. Wort

Pater, in manus tuas commendo spiritum meum.  
Pater meus es tu, Deus meus, susceptor salutis meae.

Vater, in deine Hände befehle ich meinen Geist. (*Lukas 23, 46*)  
Du bist mein Vater, mein Gott, Hort meines Heils.  
(*Psalm 88 (89), 26*)

*o vad ommer*

Aus dem Partitur-Autograph. Prolog. Satzbeginn bis zum Sopran-Einsatz (Takt 15)

Die Gräfin von Münchhausen

fin

J. F. Glantz  
6. 1. 1899

Aus dem Partitur-Autograph. Siebtes Wort, Schluß des Werkes mit originaler Datierung

# Die Sieben Worte Jesu am Kreuz

## Prolog „O vos omnes“

César Franck  
1822–1890

**Poco lento**

Soprano solo

Flauti  
Oboi  
Fagotti  
Corni  
Archi

Ob. I, II  
Cor. solo

Fg.

3

5

+ Fl.  
+ Viol.  
Va., Vc.

10

15

O See  
vos, now,  
o all  
vos that  
o pass  
mnes, here,  
qui you  
trans - i - tis that  
pass by the  
molto legato  
pp  
+ Vc.

Aufführungsdauer / Duration / Durée: ca. 40 min.

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Klavierauszug: Armin Landgraf  
English version by Jean Lunn

20

vi - am, at - ten - di - te, et vi - de - te, si est do - lor, si est do - lor sic -  
road - way; be - hold me now, look up - on me: is there sor - row, is there sor - row that is

25

ut \_\_\_\_\_ do - lor \_ me \_\_\_\_\_ us. Po - su - it me, Do - mi - ne, de - so -  
like \_\_\_\_\_ my \_\_\_\_\_ sor - row? For the Lord has chas - tened me nd has

+ Ob.  
Cor.  
+ Fg.

30

la - grieved - tam me: ta - di - e, to - ta - di - e mae - ro - re con - fe -  
has - left me, he - has - left me all the day in - sor -

35

etam. Ne vo - ca - tis me No - e - mi, No - e - mi,  
row. Do not call me now No - e - mi, most pleas - ant;

+ Fl., Viol., Va.

+ Vc., Cb.

40

sed vo - ca - te me Ma - ra, sed vo - ca - te me Ma - ra,  
rath - er call me now Ma - ra, rath - er call me now bit - ter.

- Fl., Ob., Fg.

44

O See vos, now, o all vos o - mnes, qui trans - i - tis per

Cor. -

ppp

abre ppp

49

vi - ten - di et vi - de - te, si est do - lor sic - ut do - lor,  
road - way, be - hold me look up on me: is there sor - row that is like, is

54 rall. a tempo rall.

do - lor me - us.  
like my sor - row.

+Fiat

p - sf - p - sf - p

# 1. Wort

**Largo maestoso**

3

Soprano

Alto

Tenore

Basso

Flauti

Oboi

Fagotti

Corni

Trombe

Tromboni

Timpani

Archi

Viol. II, Va. pizz.

*mf*

Archi

+ Trb.

Col arco

Cb. pizz.

Coro

*p*

Pa - ter,  
Fa - ther,

Coro

Ard.

Col. II pizz.

*mf*

Col arco

Col arco

Col arco

Col arco

Coro

12

for il - lis: non e - nim sci - unt quid fa - ci - unt.  
 give them, for they do not know the things they do.

di - mit - te il - lis: non e - nim sci - unt quid fa - ci - unt.  
 Fa - ther, for give them, for they do not know the things they do.

di - mit - te il - lis: non e - nim sci - unt quid fa - ci - unt.  
 Fa - ther, for give them, for they do not know the things they do.

di - mit - te il - lis: non e - nim sci - unt quid fa - ci - unt.  
 Fa - ther, for give them, for they do not know the things they do.

L'istesso tempo

19

Cru - ci - fi - xe - runt, cru - ci - fi - xe - runt, cru - ci - fi - xe - runt Je - sum et la -  
 They cru - ci - fied him, they cru - ci - fied him, they cru - ci - fied him, and two thieves there

Cru - ci - fi - xe - runt, cru - ci - fi - xe - runt Je - sum et la -  
 They cru - ci - fied him, they cru - ci - fied him, and two thieves there

Cru - ci - fi - xe - runt, cru - ci - fi - xe - runt Je - sum et la -  
 They cru - ci - fied him, they cru - ci - fied him, and two thieves there

Cru - ci - fi - xe - runt, cru - ci - fi - xe - runt Je - sum et la -  
 They cru - ci - fied him, they cru - ci - fied him, and two thieves there

Viol. I, Tr.

+ Viol. II, Va., Cor., Trb.

+ Ob., Fg.

p

simile

Vc., Cb.

p legato assai

simile

23

tro - nes, cru - ci - fi - xe - - - - runt, cru - ci - fi - xe - - - - Je - sum et la -  
 al - so, they cru - ci - fied him, they cru - ci - fied him, and two thieves there

tro - nes, cru - ci - fi - xe - - - - runt, cru - ci - fi - xe - - - - Je - sum et la -  
 al - so, they cru - ci - fied him, they cru - ci - fied him, and two thieves there

tro - nes, cru - ci - fi - xe - - - - runt, cru - ci - fi - xe - - - - Je - sum et la -  
 al - so, they cru - ci - fied him, they cru - ci - fied him, and two thieves there

Viol. I, Tr.

+ Ob., Fg.

27

u - num, u - num a dex - tris, et al - te - rum a  
 one one, on the right side, the oth - er on the

tro - nes, u - num a dex - - - tris, a dex - tris, et al - te - rum a  
 al - so, one on the right side, the right side, the oth - er on the

tro - nes, u - num a dex - - - tris, et al - te - rum a  
 al - so, one on the right side, the right side, the oth - er on the

Viol. II, Tr.

+ Viol. I, Va., Cor., Trb.

Vc., Cb.

31

p

si - ni - stris. Je - sus au - tem di - ce - bat:  
left of him; but then Je sus au tem di ce bat:  
left of him; but then Je sus au tem di ce bat:  
left of him; but then Je sus au temp di said ce bat:  
left of him; but then Je sus au sus di said ce bat:

*p Archi, Legni, Cor.*

36

pp

Pa - ter, Pa - ther, Pa - ter, Pa - ther, Pa - ter, Pa - ter,  
di - mit - te Fa - ther, for - di - mit - te Fa - ther, for - di - mit - te Fa - ther, for -  
Trb. Coro

col arco

Col arco

Archi

Cb. pizz.

42

p

lis: non e - nim sci - unt quid fa ci - unt.  
them, for they do not know the things they do.

il give lis: non e - nim sci - unt quid fa ci - unt.  
them, for they do not know the things they do.

il give lis: non e - nim sci - unt quid fa ci - unt.  
give them, for they do not know the things they do.

il give lis: non e - nim sci - unt quid fa ci - unt.  
them, for they do not know the things they do.

## 48 Allegro agitato

Cum sce - le - ra - tis,  
With the trans-gres - sors,  
Cum sce - le - ra - tis,  
With the trans-gres - sors,  
Cum sce - le - ra - tis,  
With the trans-gres - sors,  
Cum sce - le - ra - tis,  
With the trans-gres - sors,

cum sce - le - ra - tis,  
with the trans-gres - sors,  
cum sce - le - ra - tis,  
with the trans-gres - sors,  
cum sce - le - ra - tis  
with the trans-gres - sors

cum sce - le - ra - tis  
with the trans-gres - sors

re - pu - ta - tus est,  
they con - sid - ered him,  
re - pu - ta - tus est,  
they con - sid - ered him,  
re - pu - ta - tus est,  
they con - sid - ered him,  
re - pu - ta - tus est,  
they con - sid - ered him,

Tutti ff

52

cum sce - le - ra - tis,  
with the trans-gres - sors,  
cum sce - le - ra - tis  
with the trans-gres - sors

cum sce - le - ra - tis,  
with the trans-gres - sors,  
cum sce - le - ra - tis  
with the trans-gres - sors

cum sce - le - ra - tis  
with the trans-gres - sors

re - pu - ta - tus est,  
they con - sid - ered him,  
re - pu - ta - tus est,  
they con - sid - ered him,  
re - pu - ta - tus est,  
they con - sid - ered him,  
re - pu - ta - tus est,  
they con - sid - ered him,

56

- ra - tis,  
ans-gres - sors,  
cum sce - le - ra - tis,  
with the trans-gres - sors,  
cum sce - le - ra - tis  
with the trans-gres - sors

cum sce - le - ra - tis,  
with the trans-gres - sors,  
cum sce - le - ra - tis  
with the trans-gres - sors

cum sce - le - ra - tis  
with the trans-gres - sors

re - pu - ta - tus est,  
they con - sid - ered him,  
re - pu - ta - tus est,  
they con - sid - ered him,  
re - pu - ta - tus est,  
they con - sid - ered him,

cum sce - le - ra - tis,  
with the trans-gres - sors,  
cum sce - le - ra - tis  
with the trans-gres - sors

cum sce - le - ra - tis  
with the trans-gres - sors

cum sce - le - ra - tis  
with the trans-gres - sors

re - pu - ta - tus est,  
they con - sid - ered him,  
re - pu - ta - tus est,  
they con - sid - ered him,

Tempo **p**

60

cum sce - le - ra - tis,  
with the trans-gres - sors, cum sce - le - ra - tis  
with the trans-gres - sors re - pu - ta - tus est,  
they con - sid - ered him; et he

cum sce - le - ra - tis,  
with the trans-gres - sors, cum sce - le - ra - tis  
with the trans-gres - sors re - pu - ta - tus est,  
they con - sid - ered him;

cum with sce - le - ra - tis  
the trans - gres - sors re - pu - ta - tus est,  
they con - sid - ered him;

cum sce - le - ra - tis,  
with the trans-gres - sors, cum sce - le - ra - tis  
with the trans-gres - sors re - pu - ta - tus est,  
they con - sid - ered him;

**ritenuto** 64

ip took - se pec ca - ta mul to rum tu - him  
et he took of fens - es of man - y tu - on him - self,  
et he took of ca - ta mul - to tu - lit,  
et he took of ca - ta mul - to man - y tu - on him - self.

68 **p**

made trans - - gres - - so - ri - bus ro - ga -  
in - ter - ces - sion for the - sin -  
cresc.

et pro made trans - - gres - - so - ri - bus ro - ga -  
and made in - ter - ces - sion for the - sin -  
cresc.

et pro made trans - - gres - - so - ri - bus ro - ga -  
and made in - ter - ces - sion for the - sin -  
cresc.

+ Legni, Cor. **p**

trans - - gres - - so - ri - bus ro - ga -  
in - ter - ces - sion for the - sin -  
cresc.

+ Trb. **f**

a tempo

*vit. ners.* Cum sce - le - ra - tis, re - pu - con -  
*With the trans-gres - sors,* cum sce - le - ra - tis, cum sce - le - ra - tis  
*vit. ners.* Cum sce - le - ra - tis, cum sce - le - ra - tis, cum sce - le - ra - tis  
*With the trans-gres - sors,* cum sce - le - ra - tis, cum sce - le - ra - tis  
*vit. ners.* Cum sce - le - ra - tis, cum sce - le - ra - tis, cum sce - le - ra - tis  
*With the trans-gres - sors,* cum sce - le - ra - tis, cum sce - le - ra - tis  
*Tutti ff*

ta - - tus est, cum sce - le - ra - tis re - pu - ta - tus  
*sid - ered him,* with the trans-gres - sors they they con - sid - ered  
*re - pu - ta - tus est,* cum sce - le - ra - tis cum sce - le - ra - tis cum sce - le - ra - tis  
*they con - sid - ered him,* with the trans-gres - sors with the trans-gres - sors with the trans-gres - sors  
*re - pu - ta - tus est,* cum sce - le - ra - tis cum sce - le - ra - tis cum sce - le - ra - tis  
*they con - sid - ered him,* with the trans-gres - sors with the trans-gres - sors with the trans-gres - sors

*ff* cum sce - le - ra - tis, re - pu - con -  
*with the trans-gres - sors,* cum sce - le - ra - tis, cum sce - le - ra - tis  
*est, him,* cum sce - le - ra - tis, cum sce - le - ra - tis, cum sce - le - ra - tis  
*with the trans-gres - sors,* cum sce - le - ra - tis, cum sce - le - ra - tis, cum sce - le - ra - tis  
*est, him,* cum sce - le - ra - tis, cum sce - le - ra - tis, cum sce - le - ra - tis

*ff* cum sce - le - ra - tis, cum sce - le - ra - tis, cum sce - le - ra - tis  
*with the trans-gres - sors,* cum sce - le - ra - tis, cum sce - le - ra - tis, cum sce - le - ra - tis  
*est, him,* cum sce - le - ra - tis, cum sce - le - ra - tis, cum sce - le - ra - tis  
*with the trans-gres - sors,* cum sce - le - ra - tis, cum sce - le - ra - tis, cum sce - le - ra - tis

85.

ta - tus est, cum sce - le - ra - - tis re - pu - ta - tus  
 sid - ered him, with the trans - gres - sors they con - sid - ered  
 re - pu - ta - tus est, cum sce - le - ra - - tis re - pu - ta - tus  
 they con - sid - ered him, with the trans - gres - sors they con - sid - ered

8

re - pu - ta - tus est, cum sce - le - ra - - tis, cum sce - le - ra - - tis re - pu - ta - tus  
 they con - sid - ered him, with the trans - gres - sors with the trans - gres - sors they con - sid - ered

re - pu - ta - tus est, cum sce - le - ra - - tis, cum sce - le - ra - - tis re - pu - ta - tus  
 they con - sid - ered him, with the trans - gres - sors with the trans - gres - sors they con - sid - ered

Tempo ritenuito

89.

est, et ip - se pec - ca - ta mul - to rum tu - on him - self,  
 him; he took - the of - fens - es of man - y on him - self,  
 est, et ip - se pec - ca - ta mul - to rum tu - on him - self,  
 him; he took of - fens - es of man - y on him - self,  
 est, et ip - se pec - ca - ta mul - to rum tu - on him - self,  
 him; he took of - fens - es of man - y on him - self,

94 p

lade trans - - gres - - so - ri - bus ro - ga -  
 CRESC.

et pro made trans - - gres - - so - ri - bus ro - ga -  
 and CRESC.

et pro made trans - - gres - - so - ri - bus ro - ga -  
 and CRESC.

+Legni. Cor. p trans - - gres - - so - ri - bus ro - ga -  
 cresc. +Trb. f

99

rit.

vit.  
ners.

Pa - - ter,  
Fa - - ther,

pa - - ter,  
Fa - - ther,

vit.  
ners.

Pa - - ter,  
Fa - - ther,

pa - - ter,  
Fa - - ther,

vit.  
ners.

Pa - - ter,  
Fa - - ther,

pa - - ter,  
Fa - - ther,

vit.  
ners.

Pa - - ter,  
Fa - - ther,

pa - - ter,  
Fa - - ther,

rit.

Ob. Fg. *sf* Cor.

Ob. *pp*

Timp. *pp*

Timp.

Archi pizz.

Archi pizz.

Largo

104 *pp*

na - tor,  
Fa - ther,

di - m  
Fa - the

il - - - lis:  
give them, non e - nim sci - unt quid fa - ci - unt.  
for they do not know the things they do.

pa - ter,  
Fa - ther

di - m  
Fa - the

il - - - lis:  
give them, non e - nim sci - unt quid fa - ci - unt.  
for they do not know the things they do.

*pp*

ther,

di - mit - te il - - - lis:  
Fa - ther, for give them, non e - nim sci - unt quid fa - ci - unt.  
for they do not know the things they do.

pa - ter,  
Fa - ther,

di - mit - te Fa - ther, for give

il - - - lis:  
them, non e - nim sci - unt quid fa - ci - unt.  
for they do not know the things they do.

Coro

*pp*

## 2. Wort

Andante con anima

3

Tenore I solo

Tenore II solo

Flauti  
Oboi  
Fagotti  
Corni  
Violoncello solo  
Archi

Archi ***pp***

Vc. solo ***dolce***

+ Fl. solo

5

Ho - di - e, \_\_\_\_\_ ho - di - e \_\_\_\_\_ me - - cum \_\_\_\_\_ e - - ris,  
*This same day.* *this same day* *you will be* *with me,*

Fl. solo

***sempre pp e legato***

Vc. solo

14

me - cum e - ris in pa - ra - di - so. A - men,  
you will be with me, with me in heav - en. Tru - ly,

- Fl. solo + Archi  
Cor. - Vc. solo **pp**  
+ Fg.  
Vc., Cb. pizz.

19

a - men, di - co ti - bi: ho - di - e m - cum  
tru - ly, I now tell you, this same day you

Ob. Viol. - Ob.

24

e - ris, r - ris in pa - di - so.  
with me with me in heav - en.

Do - mi - ne, Bless - ed Lord, Do - mi - ne, bless - ed Lord,

- Fg. Cor. arco pizz. arco

29

me - men - to me - i, cum ve - ne - ris in  
keep me in mem - o - ry when you shall come in

Fl. Viel. Vc. solo - Fl. pizz.

re - gnum tu - um, Do - mi - ne, Do - mi - ne, me - men - to  
 to your king - dom, bless - ed Lord, bless - ed Lord, keep me in

Fl., Ob. Viol., Va. Fl., Ob.

Cor. + Archi, Fg. Vc. solo

arco

me - i, cum ve - ne - ris, cum ve - ne -  
 mem - o ry when you shall come, when you s - co

Viol., Va. Fati

Vc. solo

Ho - di - e, ho - di - e me - cum  
 This same day you will be, will be

Tutti

Vc. solo **p**

um. dom,

Fg.

e - ris, me - cum e - ris in pa - ra - di - so,  
 with me, you will be with me, with me in heav - en,

Do - mi - ne, Do - mi - ne, me - men - to me - i,  
 bless - ed Lord, bless - ed Lord, keep me in mem - o - ry,

Fg., Cor. Tutti cresc.

Vc. solo dim.

53

8 ho - di - e, ho - di - e me - cum - e - ris, me - cum  
this same day, this same day you will be with me, you will

8 Do - mi - ne, Do - mi - ne, me - men - to me - i, me - men - to me - i, cum  
bless - ed Lord, bless - ed Lord, keep me in mem - o - ry, keep me in mem - o - ry, when

Tutti *pp*

58

8 e - ris in pa - - ra - di - so, ho - di - e, ho - di - e,  
be with me, with me in heaven, this same day, this same day,

8 ve - ne - ris in re - gnum tu - um, Do - mi - ne, ho - mi - ne,  
you shall come in to your king - dom, bless - ed Lord, bless - ed Lord

63

8 me - cum e - ris in pa - - di - -  
you will be with me, with me in heaven,

me - men - to me - i, cum ve - ne - ris in re - gnum tu -  
keep me in mem - o - ry, when you shall come in to your king -

rall.

68

8 so, ho - di - e, ho - di - e.  
en, this same day, this same day.

8 um, me - men - to me - i, Do - mi - ne, me - men - to me - i, Do - mi - ne.  
dom, keep me in mem - o - ry, bless - ed Lord, keep me in mem - o - ry, bless - ed Lord.

*pp*

### 3. Wort

Lento

3

Soprano

Alto

Tenore

Basso

Flauti

Oboi

Fagotti

Corni

Trombe,  
Tromboni

Timpani

Arpa

Archi

Ob. I

p Ob. II

Fg. 8

Solo

Mu - li - er,  
Wom - an,

6

olo

u - li - er, - an, - see your son who is with you.

Archi

**p** sostenuo

14 Coro

O qu - stis, pain, o quam tri - stis how full of pain et af - flict -

O qu - stis, pain, o quam tri - stis how full of pain et af - flict -

O qu - stis, pain, o quam tri - stis how full of pain et af - flict -

O qu - stis, pain, o quam tri - stis how full of pain et af - flict -

Fl., Ob., Cor.

p + Archi

+ Fg.

19

cta  
ed fu - it il - la be - ne - di cta.  
She now was who is most bless - ed,

cta  
ed fu - it il - la be - ne - di cta.  
She now was who is most bless - ed,

cta  
ed fu - it il - la be - ne - di cta.  
She now was who is most bless - ed,

et af - fli - cta fu - it il - la be - ne - di cta.  
and af - flict - ed She now was who is most bless - ed,

24 *p*

O quam tri - stis,  
How full of pain,  
O quam tri - stis,  
How full of pain,  
O quam tri - stis,  
How full of pain,

o quam tri - stis  
how full of pain  
o quam full  
how full  
quam tri - stis  
full of pain

et af - fli - cta, et af - fli - cta, et af - fli - cta,  
and af - flict - ed, and af - flict - ed, and af - flict - ed

Timp.

Fl.

+Arch

29

fu - it il - la be - ne - di - cta,  
She now was who is most bless - ed,

cta  
ed fu - it il - la be - ne - di - cta,  
She now was who is most bless - ed,

cta  
ed fu - it il - la be - ne - di - cta,  
She now was who is most bless - ed,

cta, et af - fli - cta fu - it il - la be - ne - di - cta, o quam tri -  
ed, and af - flict - ed She now was who is most bless - ed, How full of

34

o quam tri - stis  
How full of pain  
et af - fli - cta  
and af - flict - ed

o quam tri - stis  
How full of pain  
et af - fli - cta  
and af - flict - ed

8 o quam tri - stis  
How full of pain  
et af - fli - cta  
and af - flict - ed

stis  
pain et af - fli - cta  
and af - flict - ed fu - it il -  
She now was,

38 *sf*

fu - it il - la be - ne - di - cta ma - - - ter, ma - - - ter u - ni - ge - ni -  
She now was who is most bless - ed, Moth - - - er, Moth - - - er of the bless - ed

*sf* fu - it il - la be - ne - di - cta ma - - - ter, ma - - - ter u - ni - ge - ni -  
She now was who is most bless - ed, Moth - - - er, Moth - - - er of the bless - ed

*sf* 8 fu - it il - la be - ne - di - cta ma - - - ter, ma - - - ter u - ni - ge - ni -  
She now was who is most bless - ed, Moth - - - er, Moth - - - er of the bless - ed

la, fu - it il - la be - ne - di - cta ma - - - ter, ma - - - ter u - ni - ge - ni -  
who, Sh - who is most bless - ed, Moth - - - er, Moth - - - er of the bless - ed

43

ti!  
One.

ti!  
One.

ti!  
One.

Arpa

Legni *pp*

*rit. molto*

**Andante**

46 Soprano solo

Musical score page 46. The top two staves are empty. The third staff begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one flat, and a common time signature. It features a dynamic marking *pp*. The instruments listed are Arpa, Corni, and Fagotti. The music consists of six measures of eighth-note patterns.

48

Quis est ho - mo qui non weep.

*O* what per son would not

Musical score page 48. The soprano and tenor parts are empty. The third staff starts with a treble clef, one flat key signature, and common time. It includes a dynamic marking *+Archi pizz.* The music consists of six measures of eighth-note patterns.

51

ret ther Chri - sti ma - trem

*ther* Christ's own moth er

Musical score page 51. The soprano and tenor parts are empty. The third staff starts with a treble clef, one flat key signature, and common time. It includes a dynamic marking *+Fl. I.* The music consists of six measures of eighth-note patterns.

54

si to vi - de - ret, there,

*be hold*

Musical score page 54. The soprano and tenor parts are empty. The third staff starts with a treble clef, one flat key signature, and common time. It includes a dynamic marking *+Fl. I.* The music consists of six measures of eighth-note patterns.

56

Chri - sti - ma - trem  
Christ's own moth- er

- Fl.

58

si - vi - de - ret  
to be - hold there

poco cresc.

60

in - tan - sup  
In such so. row

mf

62

pli - ci - o?  
and such pain?

Viol. I col arco

Fl. I

64

Quis  
Who  
pos  
could  
set  
not

+ Ob. I, Arpa

Fl.

Arpa

Fl.

*pp*

66

non  
be  
con  
griev  
tri  
ed  
sta  
with  
ri  
her

Arpa

Fl.

Arpa

Fl.

68

am  
be  
ma  
hold  
trem  
the

Fl.

Arpa

Fl.

70

con  
bless  
tem  
ed  
pla  
Moth  
ri,  
+ Fl.  
6

Arpa

Fl.

Arpa

Fl.

72

pi - to am be ma hold trem the

Arpa Fl. Arpa Fl.

74

con - tem - pla - ri  
bless ed Moth er

Arpa Fl. Arpa

76

len in cum fi li o.  
in f'ring with her son?

Quis est O what

Arpa

- Legni, Archi col arco

**pp** sostenuto espr.

80

ho - mo qui non fle - ret, quis est ho - mo qui non  
per son would not weep there, O what per son would not

Quis est ho - mo qui non fle - ret, quis est ho - mo qui non  
O what per son would not weep there, O what per son would not

sim. cresc. f p sostenuto

85

fle - ret, Chri - sti ma-trem si vi - de - ret, si vi - de - ret in tan - to sup - pli - ci -  
weep there, Christ's own moth - er to be - hold there, to be - hold there In such sor - row and such

fle - ret, Chri - sti ma-trem si vi - de - ret, si vi - de - ret in tan - to sup - pli - ci -  
weep there, Christ's own moth - er to be - hold there, to be - hold there In such sor - row and such

*cresc.* *f*

90 *pain.*

Tutti *p* Quis est ho - mo qui non fle - ret,  
Tutti *O* what per - son would not weep there,

Quis est ho - mo qui non fle - ret,  
*O* what per - son would not weep there,

*pain.*

Tutti *p* Quis est ho - mo qui non fle - ret,  
Tutti *O* what per - son would not weep there,

Quis est ho - mo qui non fle - ret,  
*O* what per - son would not weep there,

Tutti *pp* *legato*

94

Christ's ma - trem si vi - de - ret, Christ's - sti own  
Christ's moth - er to be - hold there, Christ's - sti own

Christ's ma - trem si vi - de - ret, Christ's - sti own  
Christ's moth - er to be - hold there, Christ's - sti own

Christ's ma - trem si vi - de - ret, Christ's - sti own  
Christ's moth - er to be - hold there, Christ's - sti own

99

ma moth : - trem si vi de - ret  
er to be hold there  
in In tan such - to sor sup -  
row

ma moth : - trem si vi de - ret  
er to be hold there  
in In tan such - to sor sup -  
row

ma moth : - trem si vi de - ret  
er to be hold there  
in In tan such - to sor sup -  
row

ma moth : - trem si vi de - ret  
er to be hold there  
in In tan such - to sor sup -  
row

ma moth : - trem si vi de - ret  
er to be hold there  
in In tan such - to sor sup -  
row

ma moth : - trem si vi de - ret  
er to be hold there  
in In tan such - to sor sup -  
row

ma moth : - trem si vi de - ret  
er to be hold there  
in In tan such - to sor sup -  
row

104

pli - ci - o, in tan to  
and such pain, in such sor - sup row  
sup row li such

pli - ci - o, in in to  
and such pain, in such sor - pli and ci such

pli - ci - o, in in tan to  
and such pain, in such sor - sup row pli and ci such

pli - ci - o, in in tan to  
and such pain, in such sor - sup row pli and ci such

poco rinf.

dim.

109

poco rall.

in in tan to sor sup pli ci o?  
such pain, in such sor and such pain?

o, in in tan to sor sup pli ci o?  
pain, in such sor and such pain?

o, in in tan to sor sup pli ci o?  
pain, in such sor and such pain?

poco rall.

## 4. Wort

Lento

Coro

3

Soprano

De - us me - us, God, De - us me - us, God,

De - us me - us, God, De - us me - us, God,

De - us me - us, God, De - us me - us, God,

De - us me - us, God, De - us me - us, God,

*Coro*

8

*p* —> *p*

Archi

6

ut why quid de - re - li - qui - sti me? The - ti who now i,

ut why quid de - re - li - qui - sti me? No - who me - i,

ut why quid de - re - li - qui - sti me? No - ti who me - i,

ut why quid de - re - li - qui - sti me? No - ti Those who me - i,

ut why quid de - re - li - qui - sti me? No - ti Those who me - i,

Archi

*p' molto sostenuto*

12

who - me - i - qua - si, mere qua - si, a like - - - li mere

no - ti - me - i - qua - si, mere qua - si, a like - - - li mere

no - ti - me - i - qua - si, mere qua - si, a like - - - li mere

no - ti - me - i - qua - si, mere qua - si, a like - - - li mere

*sim.*

17

e - ni  
stran - gers re have - ces - se - runt a me.  
now with - drawn from me,  
e - ni  
stran - gers re have - ces - se - runt a me.  
now with - drawn from me,  
e - ni  
stran - gers re have - ces - se - runt a me.  
now with - drawn from me,

e - ni  
stran - gers re have - ces - se - runt a me.  
now with - drawn from me,

22

No - ti me - i qua - si a ali - e  
those who know me like mere stran - gers, stran -  
No - ti me - i qua - si a ali - e  
those who know me like mere stran - gers, stran -  
No - ti me - i qua - si a ali - e  
those who know me like mere stran - gers, stran -  
No - ti me - i qua - si a ali - e  
those who know me like mere stran - gers, stran -

27

runt a me, et qui me  
drawn from me, those who were  
ces - se - runt a me, et qui me  
now with - drawn from me, those who were  
ces - se - runt a me, no - ti me - i, et qui me  
now with - drawn from me, those who know me, those who know me

ces - se - runt a me, et qui me  
now with - drawn from me, no - ti me - i, et qui me  
ces - se - runt a me, et qui me  
now with - drawn from me, no - ti me - i, et qui me

32

cresc.

no - ve - rant,  
my dear friends  
have all for - got - ten - me, o -  
no - ve - rant,  
my dear friends  
have all for - got - ten - me, o -  
me have all for - got - ten - me, o -  
me have all for - got - ten - me, o -  
me have all for - got - ten - me, o -  
me have all for - got - ten - me, o -  
me have all for - got - ten - me, o -  
me have all for - got - ten - me, o -

cresc.

37 dim.

bli - - - ti sunt me - i.  
all for got ten me.  
De - L me - e -  
dim.

bli - - - ti sunt me - i.  
all for got ten me.  
De - us ri - us, De -  
dim.

bli - - - ti sunt me - i.  
all for got ten me.  
De - us Lord me my us, God, De -  
dim.

bli - - - ti sunt me - i.  
all for got ten me.  
De - us Lord me my us, God, De -  
dim.

Lento

Coro

42

us, God, ut why quid de re - li - qui - sti me?  
Lord me my us, God, ut why quid de re - li - qui - sti me?  
us, God, ut why quid de re - li - qui - sti me?  
Lord me my us, God, ut why quid de re - li - qui - sti me?  
us, God, ut why quid de re - li - qui - sti me?

# 5. Wort

Andante ma non troppo

Basso solo

Flauti  
Oboi  
Fagotti  
Corni  
Trombe  
Tromboni  
Timpani  
Violoncello solo  
Archi

Vc. solo  
Va., Vc.  
+ Viol.  
+ Cb.  
+ Fg., Cb.

Si - ti -  
Now I

o! thirst.

De - de - runt e - i num bi oe - re - de - de - runt  
So they gave him wine to drink of they gave it

e - i cum mix tum. Et Then mi - li - tes

to him a with gall. Then he re - ceived

vin - e - gar of fe ren - tes e - i blas - phe - ma - bant di - cen - tes:  
from the Ro - man sol - diers, and they cursed him and mocked him:

Archi  
Cor.

Tutti

## Allegro

28 ff Coro

Si tu es If you are Rex King Ju - dae o - rum, sal - vum te fac,  
If you are of the He brews, save your - self now.

Si tu es If you are Rex King Ju - dae o - rum, sal - vum te fac,  
If you are of the He brews, save your - self now.

Si tu es If you are Rex King Ju - dae o - rum, sal - vum te fac,  
If you are of the He brews, save your - self now.

Si tu es If you are Rex King Ju - dae o - rum, sal - vum te fac,  
If you are of the He brews, save your - self now.

Tutti ff

33

sal - vum te fac, sal - vum te fac, si if tu es  
save your - self now, save your - self now, si if tu es  
sal - vum te fac, sal - vum te fac, si if tu es  
save your - self now, save your - self now, si if tu es  
sal - vum te fac, sal - vum te fac, si if tu es  
save your - self now, save your - self now, si if tu es  
sal - vum te fac, sal - vum te fac, si if tu es  
save your - self now, save your - self now, si if tu es  
- Timp.

38

dae o - rum, sal - vum te fac, sal - vum te fac, sal - vum te fac,  
of the He brews, save your - self now, gave your - self now, save your - self now,

Rex King Ju - dae o - rum, sal - vum te fac, sal - vum te fac, sal - vum te fac,  
of the He brews, save your - self now, save your - self now, save your - self now,

Rex King Ju - dae o - rum, sal - vum te fac, sal - vum te fac, sal - vum te fac,  
of the He brews, save your - self now, save your - self now, save your - self now,

Rex King Ju - dae o - rum, sal - vum te fac, sal - vum te fac, sal - vum te fac,  
of the He brews, save your - self now, save your - self now, save your - self now,

44

si tu es Rex Ju - - dae o rum,  
if you are King He brews,

si tu es Rex Ju - - dae o rum,  
if you are King He brews,

8 si tu es Rex Ju - - dae o rum,  
if you are King He brews,

si tu es Rex Ju - - dae o rum,  
if you are King He brews,

si if tu es Rex Ju - - dae o rum,  
you are King He brews,

48

si tu es Rex Ju - - dae o rum,  
if you are King He brews,

si tu es Rex Ju - - dae o rum,  
if you are King He brews,

si if tu es Rex Ju - - dae o rum,  
if you are King He brews,

si if tu es Rex Ju - - dae o rum,  
if you are King He brews,

52

sal - vum, sal - vum, sal - vum te fac, sal - vum,  
your self, save, save your self now, save your - your -  
sal - vum, sal - vum, sal - vum te fac, sal - vum,  
self, save, save your self now, save your - your -  
sal - vum, sal - vum, sal - vum te fac, sal - vum,  
self, save, save your self now, save your - your -  
sal - vum, sal - vum, sal - vum te fac, sal - vum,  
self, save, save your self now, save your - your -  
(Tutti) *ff*

Timp.

57

sal - - vum, sal - vum te fac, si tu es Rex  
 self now, save your self now, if you are  
 sal - - vum, sal - vum te fac, si tu es Rex  
 self now, save your self now, if you are  
 sal - - vum, sal - vum te fac, si tu es Rex  
 self now, save your self now, if you are

Timp.

62

Ju - - dae o rum, si es are Rex  
 King of the He brews, if tu sou are Rex  
 Ju - - dae o rum, si tu es are Rex  
 King of the He brews, if tu sou are Rex  
 Ju - - dae o rum, si tu es are Rex  
 King of the He brews, if tu sou are Rex

66

Ju - - dae o rum, sal save your vum, sal save,  
 King of the He brews, sal save your vum, sal save,  
 Ju - - dae o rum, sal save your vum, sal save,  
 King of the He brews, sal save your vum, sal save,  
 Ju - - dae o rum, sal save your vum, sal save,  
 King of the He brews, sal save your vum, sal save,

+ Timp.

70

vum, sal - vum te fac, sal - vum, sal - vum,  
 save your self now, save your self,

vum, sal - vum te fac, sal - vum, sal - vum,  
 save your self now, save your self,

vum, sal - vum te fac, sal - vum, sal - vum,  
 save your self now, save your self,

vum, sal - vum te fac, sal - vum, sal - vum,  
 save your self now, save your self,

Tutti

71

Tim.

74

sal - vum - te fac, sal - vum - te fac, sal - vum - te  
 save your self now, save your self now, save your self now,

sal - vum - te fac, sal - vum - te fac, sal - vum - te  
 save your self now, save your self now, save your self now,

sal - vum - te fac, sal - vum - te fac, sal - vum - te  
 save your self now, save your self now, save your self now,

sal - vum - te fac, sal - vum - te fac, sal - vum - te  
 save your self now, save your self now, save your self now,

sal - vum - te fac, sal - vum - te fac, sal - vum - te  
 save your self now, save your self now, save your self now,

sal - vum - te fac, sal - vum - te fac, sal - vum - te  
 save your self now, save your self now, save your self now,

sal - vum - te fac, sal - vum - te fac, sal - vum - te  
 save your self now, save your self now, save your self now,

sal - vum - te fac, sal - vum - te fac, sal - vum - te  
 save your self now, save your self now, save your self now,

77

Andante ma non troppo  
 secco

te fac, sal - vum - te fac, sal - vum - te fac, sal - vum - te fac.  
 your self, now save your self, now save your self, now save your self.  
 secco

fac, sal - vum - te fac, sal - vum - te fac, sal - vum - te fac.  
 self, now save your self, now save your self, now save your self.  
 secco

fac, sal - vum - te fac, sal - vum - te fac, sal - vum - te fac.  
 self, now save your self, now save your self, now save your self.  
 secco

fac, sal - vum - te fac, sal - vum - te fac, sal - vum - te fac.  
 self, now save your self, now save your self, now save your self.  
 secco

fac, sal - vum - te fac, sal - vum - te fac, sal - vum - te fac.  
 self, now save your self, now save your self, now save your self.  
 secco

81

o!  
thirst.

Vc. solo  
Va., Vc.  
+ Viol.  
+ Cb.

85

Po - - - pu - le

Archi Cor.

Fg.

p. pizz.

Tim. ppp

88

me peo - - -

quid what fe - - ci ti - - bi,

sim.

91

po - - - pu - le my

me - - us, quid what fe - - ci done ti - - to - -

94

bi?  
you? Legni  
Cor. p  
Va. sf  
Cb. col arco  
Aut or in where

98

quo in con tri - sta - vi te? Po - - - le  
have I wea - - ried you? O ny  
+ Ob., Fg. - Ob., Fg. + Fl., Fg. - Fl., Fg.  
p

102

me peo - id fe - ci ti - bi? Re - spon - de  
have I done to you? O an - swer  
Fg. + Fl. Archi  
sostenuto

106

mi - hi, re - spon - de mi - hi.  
me, O an - - - swer me.

Cor. Legni  
Va. Archi p

110

Qui - - - a know  
You  
e - - du - xi te  
led you forth

+ Cor., Fg.  
Vc. solo  
sf

115

de ter - ra Ae - gyp - ti, from bond - age in E - gypt,  
from bond - age in E - gypt,

+ Ob.  
Vc. solo

119

pa - - - sti - - - cem - - - Sal - va - to - - - tu - - - o,  
but - - - have - - - a - - - cross - for your - one Sav - - - iour,

Vc. solo  
Cor.

123

Sal - - - va - to - - - ri, Sal - - - va - to - - - ri tu - - - o,  
your - - - one Sav - - - iour, for - - - your - - - one Sav - - - iour,

- Cor.  
sf  
pp  
Cb. pizz.

127

po - - pu - le my  
me - - us,  
quid what  
fe - - ci

+ Fl.  
+ Ob.  
sim.  
+ Bassoon

+ Fg.

130

ti - - bi,  
done,  
po - - pu - le my  
+ Fl.  
+ Ob.  
sempre pp

133

quid what - ci I  
ti - - bi?  
done?  
Re - - - spon - - -  
An - - -

136

de me,  
mi an - - - - - swer - hi. me.

**Allegro**

139 ff Coro

Si tu es  
If you are Rex King Ju - dae - o - rum, sal - vum te fac,  
of the He - brews, save your - self now.

Si tu es Rex King Ju - dae - o - rum, sal - vum te fac,  
If you are of the He - brews, save your - self now.

Si tu es Rex King Ju - dae - o - rum, sal - vum te fac,  
If you are of the He - brews, save your - self now.

Si tu es Rex King Ju - dae - o - rum, sal - vum te fac,  
If you are of the He - brews, save your - self now.

Tutti ff

144

sal - vum te fac, sal - vum te fac, si if tu you es are  
save your - self now, save your - self now, si if tu you es are  
sal - vum te fac, sal - vum te fac, si if tu you es are  
save your - self now, save your - self now, si if tu you es are  
sal - vum te fac, sal - vum te fac, si if tu you es are  
save your - self now, save your - self now, si if tu you es are  
sal - vum te fac, sal - vum te fac, si if tu you es are  
save your - self now, save your - self now, si if tu you es are  
Timp.

149

u - dae - o - rum, sal - vum te fac, sal - vum te fac, sal - vum te fac,  
of the He - brews, save your - self now, gave your - self now, save your - self now,

Rex King Ju - dae - o - rum, sal - vum te fac, sal - vum te fac, sal - vum te fac,  
of the He - brews, save your - self now, save your - self now, save your - self now,

Rex King Ju - dae - o - rum, sal - vum te fac, sal - vum te fac, sal - vum te fac,  
of the He - brews, save your - self now, save your - self now, save your - self now,

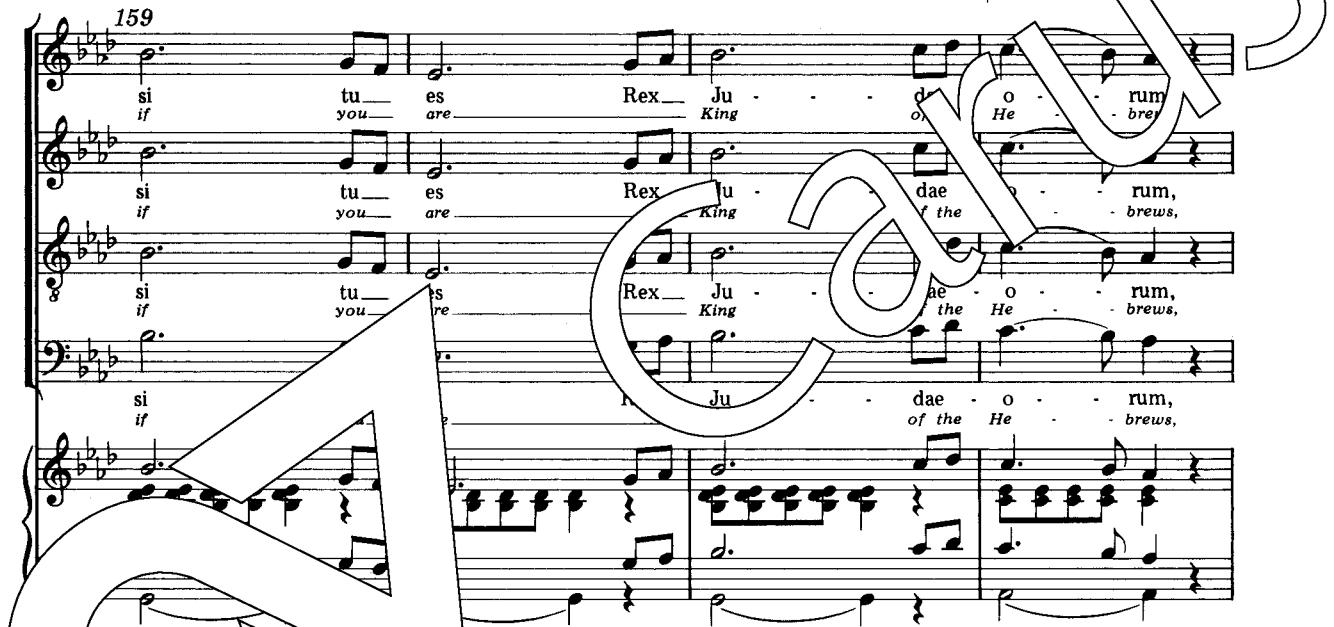
Rex King Ju - dae - o - rum, sal - vum te fac, sal - vum te fac, sal - vum te fac,  
of the He - brews, save your - self now, save your - self now, save your - self now,

155

si tu es Rex Ju - dae o rum,  
if you are King of the He brews,  
si tu es Rex Ju - dae o rum,  
if you are King of the He brews,  
si tu es Rex Ju - dae o rum,  
if you are King of the He brews,

159

si tu es Rex Ju - dae o rum,  
if you are King of the He brews,  
si tu es Rex Ju - dae o rum,  
if you are King of the He brews,  
si tu es Rex Ju - dae o rum,  
if you are King of the He brews,



163

sal - vum, sal - vum te fac, sal - vum,  
self, your self, save, save your self now, save your -  
sal - vum, sal - vum te fac, sal - vum,  
self, your self, save, save your self now, save your -  
sal - vum, sal - vum te fac, sal - vum,  
self, your self, save, save your self now, save your -  
sal - vum, sal - vum, sal - vum te fac, sal - vum,  
self, your self, save, save your self now, save your -

(Tutti)

ff

Timp.

168

sal - - vum, sal - vum te fac, si tu es Rex  
 self now, save your - self now, if you are  
 sal - - vum, sal - vum te fac, si tu es Rex  
 self now, save your - self now, if you are  
 sal - - vum, sal - vum te fac, si tu es Rex  
 self now, save your - self now, if you are  
 sal - - vum, sal - vum te fac, si tu es Rex  
 self now, save your - self now, if you are

Timp.

173

Ju - - dae o - rum, si es are x  
 King of the He brews, if tu Rex  
 Ju - - dae o - rum, si tu you Rex  
 King of the He brews, if you es are Rex  
 Ju - - dae o - rum, si tu you es are Rex  
 King of the He brews, if you are

177

Ju - - dae o - rum, sal - your - vum, sal -  
 King of the He brews, save self, save,  
 Ju - - dae o - rum, sal - your - vum, sal -  
 King of the He brews, save self, save,  
 Ju - - dae o - rum, sal - your - vum, sal -  
 King of the He brews, save self, save,

+ Timp.

vum, sal - vum te fac, sal - vum, sal - vum,

vum, sal - vum te fac, sal - vum, sal - vum,

vum, sal - vum te fac, sal - vum, sal - vum,

vum, sal - vum te fac, sal - vum, sal - vum,

Tutti

Timp.

sal - vum te fac, now, sal - vum te your fac, now, sal - vum te

sal - vum te fac, now, sal - vum te your fac, now, sal - vum te

sal - vum te fac, now, sal - vum te your fac, now, sal - vum te

sal - vum te fac, now, sal - vum te your fac, now, sal - vum te

88  
fac,

secco

te your fac, now - vum save te your fac, now - vum save te your fac.

fac, self, now - vum save te your fac, self, now - vum save te your fac.

fac, self, now - vum save te your fac, self, now - vum save te your fac.

fac, self, now - vum save te your fac, self, now - vum save te your fac.

secco

# 6. Wort

Poco lento

3

Coro

**pp**

Con - sum -  
It is

**pp**

Flauti

Oboi

Fagotti

Corni

Trombe

Tromboni

Timpani

Arpa,

Archi

Ob.

**p** Fg. I, II

**pp**

Coro

**pp**

Con - sum -  
It is

**pp**

Ob.

**p** Fg.

+ Va., Vc.

12

*low.*

Legni

**p** + Archi

mf Arpa, Cor.,  
Tr., Trb.

18

Pec - ca - ta no - stra ip - se per - tu - lit in cor - bo -  
All our trans - gres - sions he him self did bear his own

Pec - ca - ta no - stra ip - se per - tu - lit in cor - bo -  
All our trans - gres - sions he him self did bear his own

Pec - ca - ta no - stra ip - se per - tu - lit in cor - bo -  
All our trans - gres - sions he him self did bear his own

*p*

Pe

Arch! *p*

Cresc.

re su - o per li - gnum:  
bod - y, e - ven tree,

re su - o per li - gnum:  
bod - y, e - ven tree,

re su - o per li - gnum:  
bod - y, e - ven tree,

cresc.

*mf* Arpa, Cor., Tr., Trb.

Timp. *pp*

37

rit. molto

p

ut, pec - ca - tis mor - tu - i ju - sti - ti - ae vi - va - - mus.  
*that we all might die to sin and live a gain to vir - - tue.*

ut, pec - ca - tis mor - tu - i ju - sti - ti - ae vi - va - - mus.  
*that we all might die to sin and live a gain to vir - - tue.*

ut, pec - ca - tis mor - tu - i ju - sti - ti - ae vi - va - - mus.  
*that we all might die to sin and live a gain to vir - - tue.*

**Archi**

p rit. molto

Timp. pppp

41 a tempo

Solo p

Ve - re, ve - re, ly, re, ly, guo - res  
*Tru - - - re, - - - ly, - - - ne - - - bore our*

a temp

44

no - stros, lan - guo - res no - stros  
*griev - - - ing, he - - - bore - our griev - - - ing*

47

Ve - - - re,  
tru - - - ly,

Tutti Ve - - - re,  
tru - - - ly,

ip - - - se tu - - - lit.  
in him self,

Ve - - - re,  
tru - - - ly,

Ve - - - re,  
tru - - - ly,

Ve - - - re,  
tru - - - ly,

*cantabile*

*p* Archi col arco

This musical score page contains five staves of vocal music. The top staff has a treble clef and a dynamic marking of *p*. The lyrics are "Ve - - - re, tru - - - ly," followed by "Tutti Ve - - - re, tru - - - ly," and then "ip - - - se tu - - - lit." with a note "in" below it. The next three staves have bass clefs and lyrics "Ve - - - re, tru - - - ly," "Ve - - - re, tru - - - ly," and "Ve - - - re, tru - - - ly." A dynamic marking of *p* and the instruction "Archi col arco" are placed above the fourth staff.

50

ve - - - re, lan - - - guo - - - no - - - s  
tru - - - ly he bore our griev - - - in

ve - - - re, lan - - - res our - - - - - -  
tru - - - ly he bore our - - - - - -

ve - - - re, lan - - - guo - - - no - - - s  
tru - - - ly he bore our griev - - - - - -

ve - - - re, lan - - - res our - - - - - -  
tru - - - ly he bore our - - - - - -

ve - - - re, lan - - - guo - - - no - - - s  
tru - - - ly he bore our griev - - - - - -

ve - - - re, lan - - - res our - - - - - -  
tru - - - ly he bore our - - - - - -

3

re - - - no - - - stro - - - ip - - - se tu - - -  
our griev - - - - - - in - - - - - - him

lan - - - guo - - - res our - - - - - - ip - - - se tu - - -  
he bore our griev - - - - - - in - - - - - - him

lan - - - guo - - - res our - - - - - - ip - - - se tu - - -  
he bore our griev - - - - - - in - - - - - - him

lan - - - guo - - - res our - - - - - - ip - - - se tu - - -  
he bore our griev - - - - - - in - - - - - - him

lan - - - guo - - - res our - - - - - - ip - - - se tu - - -  
he bore our griev - - - - - - in - - - - - - him

*p*

This musical score page features ten staves of vocal music. The lyrics are repeated in two groups of five staves each. The first group includes lyrics like "ve - - - re, lan - - - guo - - - no - - - s" and "ve - - - re, lan - - - res our - - - - - -". The second group includes "ve - - - re, lan - - - guo - - - no - - - s" and "ve - - - re, lan - - - res our - - - - - -". Large, abstract white shapes are overlaid on the staves: a large circle on the left side, several smaller circles and ovals in the center, and a large S-shaped line on the right side. The dynamic marking *p* is present at the bottom of the page.

56

lit. self. Ve - re, ve - re, lan - guo - res no - stros, lan - guo - res no - stros  
Tru - ly, tru - ly he bore our griev - ing, he bore our griev - ing

lit. self. Ve - re, ve - re, lan - guo - res no - stros, lan - guo - res no - stros  
Tru - ly, tru - ly he bore our griev - ing, he bore our griev - ing

lit. self. Ve - re, ve - re, lan - guo - res no - stros, lan - guo - res no - stros  
Tru - ly, tru - ly he bore our griev - ing, he bore our griev - ing

Arch, Legni

Cor.

Cor.

Cor.

63

ip - se tu - lit, et li - vo - re e - ius sa - na - ti mus, et li - vo - re  
in him - self, and by all his scourg - ing we are made health - y, and by all his

ip - se tu - lit, et li - vo - re ius sa - na - su - m et li - vo - re  
in him - self, and by all his scourg - ing we are made health - y, and by all his

ip - se tu - lit, et li - vo - re e - ius sa - na - su - m et li - vo - re  
in him - self, and by all his scourg - ing we are made health - y, and by all his

ip - se tu - lit, et li - vo - re e - ius sa - na - su - m et li - vo - re  
in him - self, and by all his scourg - ing we are made health - y, and by all his

70

Cor.

Cor.

Cor.

na - ti su - mus. et li - vo - re

na - ti su - mus. and by all his

e - ius sa - na - ti su - mus. scourg - ing we are made health - y.

e - ius sa - na - ti su - mus. scourg - ing we are made health - y.

e - ius sa - na - ti su - mus. scourg - ing we are made health - y.

-Legni

Timp.

## 7. Wort

Andante

Tenore I solo

Flauti  
Oboi  
Fagotti  
Corni  
Tromboni  
Archi

3

*molto cantabile*

Va., Vc.

Fg., Cor., ***pp***  
Trb.,  
Archi pizz.

5

Pa - ter, ther,  
Fa - in to ma thine - nus tu - as  
or, ***pp*** Fl. com - men - com -  
Fl. -FL.

10

do mend spi - ri - tum my spir - it and my um,  
mend my life,

15

cantabile

Viol., pizz.

Va., Vc.

+ Fg., Cor., Trb.

Cb. col arco

Cb. pizz.

This musical score page features a complex arrangement for orchestra and tenor solo. The instrumentation includes Tenore I solo, Flauti, Oboi, Fagotti, Corni, Tromboni, and Archi. The score is marked 'Andante' and includes dynamic instructions like 'molto cantabile' and dynamics such as 'pp'. The vocal part has lyrics in Latin: 'Pa - ter, ther,' (Fa), 'in to ma thine - nus tu - as' (or, pp), 'com - men - com -' (Fl), 'do mend spi - ri - tum my spir - it and my um,' (mend), and 'my life,' (life). Large, stylized letters 'C' and 'A' are overlaid on the musical staves, particularly in the middle section. The score is numbered 3 at the top right, 5, 10, 15, and 17 from left to right along the bottom.

19

in to ma - - - nus tu - - as com - - men com -

Fl., Ob.

Fl., Ob.

Viol. col arco

23

do, com - men - do spi - ri - tum me - um.  
mend, com - mend my spir - it and - my life,

*cantabile*

Viol. pizz.  
Va., Vc.

+ Fg.  
Cor.  
Trb.

28

Pa - - ter  
my  
us, pa - - ter me - us es - tu,  
my God and Fa - - ther,

arco

*pp*

32

De - - us, De - - us me - - - us.  
O my God and Fa - - - - - ther,

Fl., Ob., Cor.

+ Cor. I

*pp*

36

**pp** Coro

Su - scep - tor      sa - lu - tis,      su - scep -  
 thou who art      sal - va - tion,      thou who

**pp**

Su - scep - tor      sa - lu - tis,      su - scep -  
 thou who art      sal - va - tion,      thou who

**pp**

Su - scep - tor      sa - lu - tis,      su - scep -  
 thou who art      sal - va - tion,      thou who

**pp**

Su - scep - tor      sa - lu - tis,      su - scep -  
 thou who art      sal - va - tion,      thou who

Legni, Cor.

Archi

+ Fg.

Archi

Legni, Cor.

Archi

Sc. **p**

In ma - nus, in  
 Fa - - - - - ther, to

**p**

In ma - nus tu - as,  
 to thine own keep - ing,

**p**

In ma - nus tu - as,  
 to thine own keep - ing,

**p**

In ma - nus tu - as,  
 to thine own keep - ing,

**p**

+ Legni, Viol. pizz.

Cor.

8

8

canabile

Va., Vc.

Cb. pizz.

This page contains musical notation for multiple voices and woodwind instruments. The vocal parts include 'Coro' (chorus) and individual voices ('Archi', 'Legni'). The woodwind parts include 'Fg.' (French horn), 'Viol. pizz.' (violin pizzicato), 'C. pizz.' (cello pizzicato), and 'Cb.' (double bass). The music is set against a background featuring large, expressive, hand-drawn markings such as loops and arrows, which appear to be part of the original manuscript. The vocal parts sing lyrics related to salvation ('scep - tor', 'sal - lu - tis', 'thou who art'). The woodwind parts provide harmonic support, with specific dynamics like 'pp' (pianissimo) and 'Sc. p' (soft dynamic for the woodwinds).

46

ma - - - nus tu - - as com - - men - - do, com - men - do  
thine own keep - - ing I now com - mend, com - mend my

in ma - nus tu - as com - men - do spi - - - ri - com  
to thine own keep - - ing I now com - mend, \_\_\_\_\_

in ma - nus tu - as com - men - do spi - - - ri - com  
to thine own keep - - ing I now com - mend, \_\_\_\_\_

in ma - nus tu - as com - men - do spi - - - ri - com  
to thine own keep - - ing I now com - mend, \_\_\_\_\_

in ma - nus tu - as com - men - do spi - - - ri - com  
to thine own keep - - ing I now com - mend, \_\_\_\_\_

in ma - nus tu - as com - men - do spi - - - ri - com  
to thine own keep - - ing I now com - mend, \_\_\_\_\_

50

spi - spir - ate - my.

n. e.

pp morendo

spi - - ri - tum me - - um. life.  
I com - mend my my

pp morendo

spi - - ri - tum me - - um. life.  
I com - mend my my

tum mend me - - um. life.

Legni, Cor. + Archi pizz.

pp morendo

spi - - ri - tum me - - um. life.  
I com - mend my my