

Giovanni Legrenzi

Sonata in g

für Streicher und Basso continuo

herausgegeben von / edited by
Rudolf Ewerhart

Vornehmlich mit seinen Instrumentalkompositionen hat Giovanni Legrenzi (1626—1690) in der Musikpraxis unserer Zeit wieder Wurzel gefaßt. Legrenzi wirkte zwar — nach Stationen in Bergamo und Ferrara — nur wenige Jahre an S. Marco in Venedig, doch kommt ihm in der Reihe der Markuskapellmeister ein ehrenvoller Rang zu. Seine Zeitgenossen sahen in Legrenzi in erster Linie den erfolgreichen Opernkomponisten, der die große venezianische Tradition eines Monteverdi und Cavalli weiterführte. In der Geschichte der italienischen Kirchen-sonate stellen seine reifen Kompositionen, unter ihnen einige Werke von klassischer Ausgewogenheit, eine gewichtige Stufe der Entwicklung zwischen Cazzati und Corelli dar.

Aus mehreren Druckveröffentlichungen, die ganz oder teilweise Instrumentalmusik für die Kirche vorstellen, ragt das vierte Sonatenbuch mit dem Titel „La Cetra“ (Op. 11, als Op. 10 gedruckt) heraus, das insgesamt 18 Werke in drei Gruppen zu je sechs Sonaten in unterschiedlicher Besetzung und Stimmenzahl bietet. Erstmals 1673 bei Magni in Venedig gedruckt, erlebte es 1682 bei Gardano eine zweite Auflage. Der Druck ist keinem Geringeren gewidmet als Kaiser Leopold I. von Österreich, der selbst schöpferischer Musiker von beachtlichem Rang war und das Musikleben Wiens in einer politisch bewegten Periode zu höchster Blüte führte. Vergeblich hatte Legrenzi danach getrachtet, die angesehene und hochdotierte Stellung des Hofkapellmeisters in der Kaiserstadt zu erlangen.

Die letzten Sonaten der dritten Sechsergruppe erregen besondere Aufmerksamkeit wegen ihrer ungewöhnlichen Schlüsselung. Die im Inhaltsverzeichnis gegebene Besetzungsanweisung „à quatro viole da gamba ò come piace“ gibt Aufschluß darüber, daß die doppelte Anordnung der Schlüssel (siehe die Originalschlüssel) diese Sonaten in einer höheren Disposition für Streichensemble, in einer tieferen Kombination für Gambaquartett bestimmt. Bei den Akzidentien innerhalb der Zeilen konnte es zu Mißverständnissen kommen, da die Vorzeichen jeweils nur für eine der beiden Tonarten passend sind.

In der Reihenfolge unserer Partitur umfaßt Legrenzis Sammlung folgende Stimmbücher: Violino Primo, Violino Secondo, Terza Parte, Viola, Basso Continuo. Die Vorzeichen in unserer Sonate („Sonata Quinta“) sind in der Vorlage auf die Tonart g-moll bezogen. Im Basso continuo wurden falsch stehende Ziffern an die richtige Stelle gerückt, einige Druckfehler verbessert.


Eine separate Stimmenausgabe dieser Sonate in der für Gamben bestimmten Tonart e-moll erschien in der gleichen Reihe (MSI 5 a).

Änderungen gegenüber dem Original

(Ziffern in Klammern beziehen sich auf das Partitursystem)

	28 (1)
⋮	28/29 (1—5)
<i>allegro</i>	45 (5)
<i>p</i> und <i>f</i> nur in (1)	47/48
<i>p</i> und <i>f</i> nur in (1)	58/59
⋮	100 (1—5)
auf erster Note Bezifferung \sharp	102 (5)
fehlt <i>presto</i> und Taktangabe; statt der ersten Note	111 (5)

♦ ♦ , in unserem Exemplar handschriftlich korrigiert in $\uparrow \uparrow$.

An den in der Partitur mit * bezeichneten Stellen ist in den Stimmen dieser Ausgabe der Rhythmus  abgedruckt. Der die Partitur benutzende Continuo-Spieler muß die Rhythmen entsprechend ausführen. Die Continuo-Stimme verwendet im Original in der Regel den Schlüssel der Stimme, der sie folgt, beginnend mit Takt 17. Vgl. die Originalschlüssel für Gamben.

It is principally through his instrumental compositions that Giovanni Legrenzi (1626—1690) has recently regained popularity. After some years in Bergamo and Ferrara, Legrenzi worked for but a few years at St. Mark's in Venice, but nevertheless he became one of the greatest directors of music St. Mark's ever had. Legrenzi's contemporaries esteemed him highly as a successful composer of operas, continuing the great Venetian tradition of Monteverdi and Cavalli. In the history of the Italian church sonata his mature compositions, among which are some works with a thoroughly classical character, are an important step in the development from Cazzati to Corelli.

Several of his publications contain partly or entirely instrumental music for the church. The 4th sonata book with the title "La Cetra" is of special interest, containing 18 works in three groups of 6 sonatas, in different instrumentation and in a varying number of parts. It was published for the first time at Magni in Venice in 1673 and a second edition was made by Gardano in 1682. This edition was dedicated to the Emperor Leopold I of Austria, who was also a creative musician and who had brought the musical life in Vienna to its highest level despite the uncertain political situation at the time, Legrenzi had always pursued the aim of getting the respected and well-paid position of maestro di capella at the court of Leopold I, but without success.

The last sonatas of the third group are interesting because of their unusual clefing. The instruction about the instrumentation "à quatro viole da gamba ò come piace", given in the table of contents, indicates, that the double arrangement of the clefs (see the original clefs) require these sonatas to be played by strings in a higher key, and by a gamba quartet in a lower register. Misunderstanding may occur with regard to the accidentals within the lines, as they only correspond to one key.


In the arrangement of our score Legrenzi's collection contains 5 part books, Violino Primo, Violino Secondo, Terza Parte, Viola, Basso Continuo. The accidentals in our sonata ("Sonata Quinta") relate to the key G minor. In the Basso Continuo part incorrect figures have been put in their correct place. Some printing errors have been corrected.


A separate edition of the parts for this sonata in the key of E minor for gambas appeared in the same series (MSI 5 a).

Differences in relation to the original

(Numbers in brackets refer to the lines of the score)

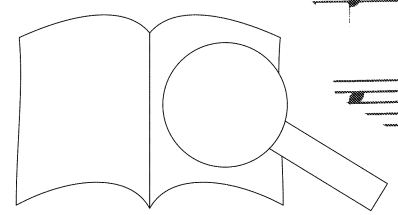
	28 (1)
⋮	28/29 (1—5)
<i>allegro</i>	45 (5)
<i>p</i> and <i>f</i> only in (1)	47/48
<i>p</i> and <i>f</i> only in (1)	58/59
⋮	100 (1—5)
figuring \sharp on the first note	102 (5)
<i>presto</i> and time signature are missing; instead of the first note ♦ ♦ , in the copy used for the edition corrected by hand to $\uparrow \uparrow$.	111 (5)

The marks * in the score indicate that the rhythm  is printed in the individual parts. The continuo player using the score has to perform this rhythm correspondingly. As a rule, the continuo part uses the clef of that part which went before, starting with bar 17. Cf. the original clefs for gambas.

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Sonata in g

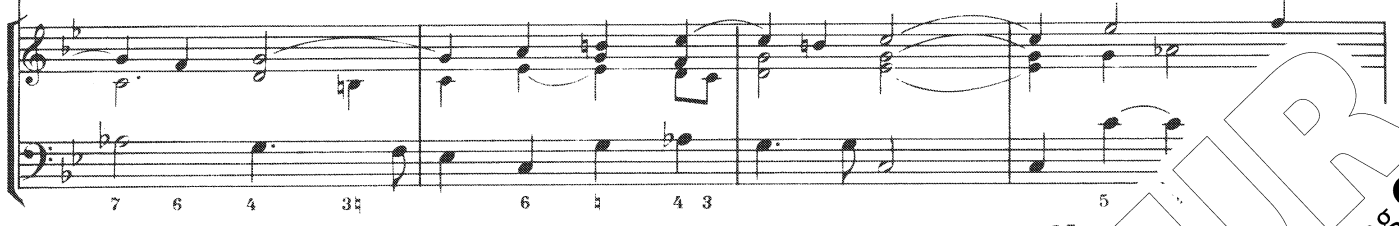
Giovanni Legrenzi
1626–1690



10



Musical score system 1, measures 10-13. Treble and bass staves with notes and rests.



Musical score system 2, measures 14-16. Treble and bass staves with notes and rests. Fingering numbers 7, 6, 4, 3, 6, 4, 4, 3, 5 are written below the bass staff.

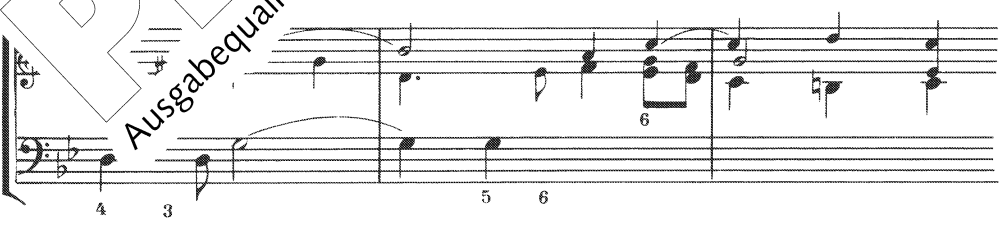
15



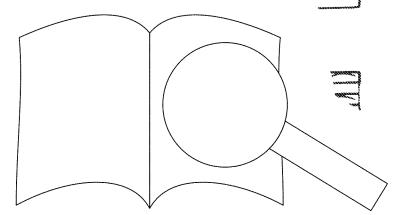
Musical score system 3, measures 17-20. Treble and bass staves with notes and rests. A '2' is written below the bass staff.



Musical score system 4, measures 21-23. Treble and bass staves with notes and rests.



Musical score system 5, measures 24-26. Treble and bass staves with notes and rests. Fingering numbers 4, 3, 5, 6 are written below the bass staff.



First system of musical notation, measures 20-24. It consists of four staves: two treble clefs and two bass clefs. The music is in a key with one flat (B-flat). Measure 21 has a flower-like symbol in the second treble staff. Measure 22 has a sharp sign in the second bass staff.

Second system of musical notation, measures 20-24. It consists of two staves: a treble clef and a bass clef. Fingerings are indicated by numbers 7, 5, 6, 4, 6, 3# in the treble staff and 7, 6, 4 in the bass staff.

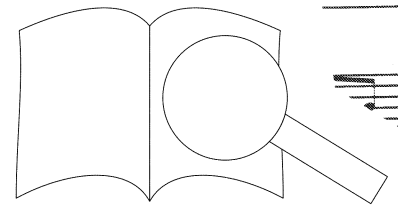
First system of musical notation, measures 25-29. It consists of four staves: two treble clefs and two bass clefs. Measure 26 has a flower-like symbol in the second treble staff. Measure 27 has a flower-like symbol in the second bass staff.

Second system of musical notation, measures 25-29. It consists of two staves: a treble clef and a bass clef. Fingerings are indicated by numbers 6, 5, 6, 5 in the treble staff and 6, 5 in the bass staff.

adagio

First system of musical notation, measures 30-34. It consists of four staves: two treble clefs and two bass clefs. Measure 31 has a '3' above the first treble staff. Measure 32 has a flower-like symbol in the second treble staff. Measure 33 has a flower-like symbol in the second bass staff.

Second system of musical notation, measures 30-34. It consists of two staves: a treble clef and a bass clef. Fingerings are indicated by numbers 6, 6, 7, 6 in the treble staff and 6 in the bass staff.



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First system of musical notation, consisting of four staves (two treble clefs and two bass clefs) with various notes and rests.

Second system of musical notation, including fingerings '5', '6', '6', and '6' written below the bass clef staves.

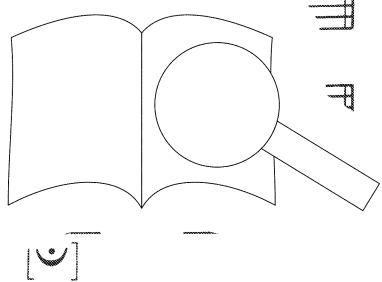
Third system of musical notation, continuing the piece with four staves.

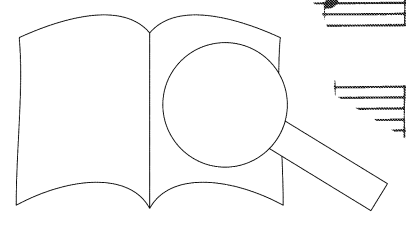
Fourth system of musical notation, including fingerings '7', '4', '3', and '6' written below the bass clef staves.

Fifth system of musical notation, including a repeat sign at the end of the system.

Sixth system of musical notation, including fingerings '5', '6', '7', '6', and '5' written below the bass clef staves.

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60

System 1: Measures 60-64. This system contains five staves. The top three staves are for vocal parts (Soprano, Alto, Tenor/Bass), and the bottom two are for piano accompaniment. The music is in a minor key and features a steady melodic line in the vocal parts and a rhythmic accompaniment in the piano.

System 2: Continuation of measures 60-64. This system contains two staves for piano accompaniment. It shows the harmonic structure and bass line for the piano part.

65

System 1: Measures 65-69. This system contains five staves for vocal and piano parts, continuing the musical material from the previous system.

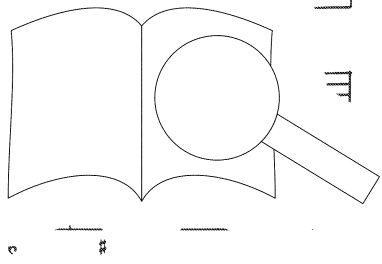
System 2: Continuation of measures 65-69. This system contains two staves for piano accompaniment.

70

System 1: Measures 70-74. This system contains five staves for vocal and piano parts.

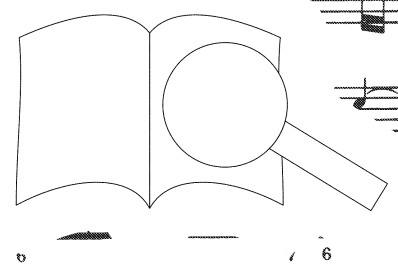
System 2: Continuation of measures 70-74. This system contains two staves for piano accompaniment.

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presto 80

85



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System 1: Treble and Bass clefs. Treble clef contains a melodic line with eighth and sixteenth notes. Bass clef contains a bass line with eighth notes and rests.

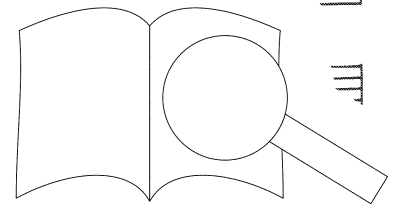
System 2: Treble and Bass clefs. Treble clef contains a melodic line with eighth notes and rests. Bass clef contains a bass line with eighth notes and rests. Fingerings: 7, 4, 3, 6, 5.

System 3: Treble and Bass clefs. Treble clef contains a melodic line with eighth notes and rests. Bass clef contains a bass line with eighth notes and rests. Fingering: 9, 5.

System 4: Treble and Bass clefs. Treble clef contains a melodic line with eighth notes and rests. Bass clef contains a bass line with eighth notes and rests. Fingerings: 6, 4, 6, 5.

System 5: Treble and Bass clefs. Treble clef contains a melodic line with eighth notes and rests. Bass clef contains a bass line with eighth notes and rests. Fingering: 6, 6, 6, 7, 6. Tempo marking: *adagio*. Measure number: 10.

System 6: Treble and Bass clefs. Treble clef contains a melodic line with eighth notes and rests. Bass clef contains a bass line with eighth notes and rests. Fingerings: 4, 3.



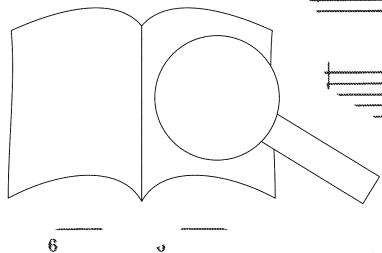
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Musical score for measures 105-109. The score is written for two systems, each with a treble and bass clef. Measure numbers 6, 5, 6, 6b, 6, 4, and 3 are indicated below the bass line of the second system.

presto

Musical score for measures 110-114. The score is written for two systems, each with a treble and bass clef. Measure numbers 4, 3, 2, and 6 are indicated below the bass line of the second system.

Musical score for measures 115-119. The score is written for two systems, each with a treble and bass clef. Measure numbers 6 and 2 are indicated below the bass line of the second system.



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First system of musical notation, measures 120-124. It consists of four staves: two treble clefs and two bass clefs. The music is in a key with one flat (B-flat major or D minor). The notation includes various note values, rests, and dynamic markings.

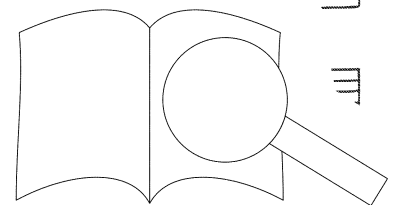
Second system of musical notation, measures 125-129. It consists of two staves: a treble clef and a bass clef. The notation includes various note values, rests, and dynamic markings. Fingering numbers '2' and '6' are visible below the notes.

Third system of musical notation, measures 130-134. It consists of four staves: two treble clefs and two bass clefs. The music is in a key with one flat. The notation includes various note values, rests, and dynamic markings.

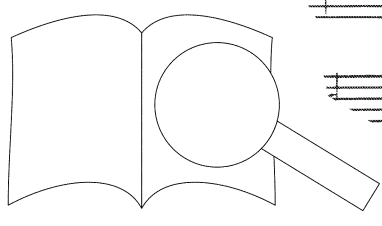
Fourth system of musical notation, measures 135-139. It consists of two staves: a treble clef and a bass clef. The notation includes various note values, rests, and dynamic markings. Fingering numbers '7', '6', '6', and '6' are visible below the notes.

Fifth system of musical notation, measures 140-144. It consists of four staves: two treble clefs and two bass clefs. The music is in a key with one flat. The notation includes various note values, rests, and dynamic markings.

Sixth system of musical notation, measures 145-149. It consists of two staves: a treble clef and a bass clef. The notation includes various note values, rests, and dynamic markings. Fingering numbers '4', '3', '2', and '6' are visible below the notes.



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150

Musical score system 1, measures 150-154. It consists of four staves: two treble clefs and two bass clefs. The music features various note values and rests.

Musical score system 2, measures 150-154. It consists of two staves: one treble and one bass clef. Fingerings are indicated by numbers 2, 6, #, 2, #, 6, 6: below the notes.

155

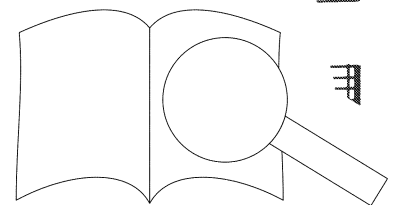
Musical score system 3, measures 155-159. It consists of four staves: two treble clefs and two bass clefs. The music includes long horizontal lines indicating sustained notes or glissandos.

Musical score system 4, measures 155-159. It consists of two staves: one treble and one bass clef. Fingerings are indicated by numbers 5, 6, #, 6 below the notes.

160

Musical score system 5, measures 160-164. It consists of four staves: two treble clefs and two bass clefs. The music continues with various rhythmic patterns.

Musical score system 6, measures 160-164. It consists of two staves: one treble and one bass clef. Fingerings are indicated by numbers 6, #, 6, 4, 3 below the notes.



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- Habe keine Lust an dem Herrn. Motetten II		
- sirventes berlin, S. Schuck	83.266	
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- Litaniae (Carus Classics)		
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- Herr, auf dich traue ich. Psalmen		
- Kammerchor Stuttgart, F. Bernius		
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Rheinberger, Josef Gabriel		
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- Vokalensemble Rastatt, Les Favorites, H. Speck		
- Musica sacra VI: Cantata	83.158	
- Vokalensemble Rastatt, Les Favorites, H. Speck		
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- G. Grün		
- Motetti	83.410	
- G. Grün		
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- Messe in e	83.376	
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